

PREJUDICE CHARGED

The Defence in the Mullins' Case Takes This Line

That Peter C. Delorey and James Mantir were accused of murder upon the strength of an invented story is the unusual allegation to be advanced by counsel for the defence, as revealed by yesterday's developments at the Annie Mullins murder trial in East Cambridge.

An attempt on the part of Atty. Winslow to show, during his cross examination of Mrs. Elizabeth K. Delorey of South Billerica, that she had a grudge against her nephew and Mantir, and that her disclosures to the police which resulted in their arrest closely followed a suit which Mantir brought against her for unpaid wages, met with opposition on the part of the prosecution and caused a debate on law points.

"It was obvious," argued Dist. Atty. Higgins, "that the letters introduced by counsel for the defence and Mr. Winslow's line of cross examination of Mrs. Delorey aimed to give the impression by insinuation and otherwise, that the witness was actuated by malice."

"We wish to show in return that Mrs. Delorey did not suspect either of the defendants or connect them in any way with the murder of Annie Mullins until nearly four months after the tragedy, when she had a conversation with a Mrs. Johnson (who lives in Mrs. Delorey's house, 15 Cameron avenue, Arlington).

"During that conversation Mrs. Johnson asked Mrs. Delorey how it was that her nephew and James Mantir had learned of the crime by 6:30 on the morning of April 24, when Peter told her about it, although the body was not discovered until nearly three hours later."

Question Arouses Suspicion

"We wish to show that it was not until Mrs. Johnson called this point to the attention of Mrs. Delorey that the latter was led to suspect that her nephew and Mantir might know something of the crime. We wish to show that she was led into her belief by her talk with another person, and that this suspicion, aroused by Mrs. Johnson's deductions, came many weeks before Mantir brought suit against Mrs. Delorey."

Judge Fox thought evidence tending to show that Mrs. Delorey entertained

A Mother Writes:

"You Don't Know"

"How grateful I am for the bottle of An-Sen, baby's own medicine. I had been using syrups. I am sorry I did not know about An-Sen before. It will never be without it again. It has done my baby a world of good. It has saved me many a dollar and has been a God-send to me. This mother is Mrs. M. H. Regan, 247 Union St., Manchester, N. H."

An-Sen is a safe and pleasant remedy for stomach, liver and bowels. 25c.

er to Patrolman Fresno of Cambridge, who called on me."

At this point the sweater, bearing stains which Prof. Whitney testified were human blood, was shown to Mrs. Delorey, and she identified it as the garment she found in the barn.

"I never saw James Mantir wash any clothing before or after March 28, 1908, while at my farm," said Mrs. Delorey. "I always did his washing."

Signed Statement to Defence

In his cross-examination of Mrs. Delorey, Mr. McDermott brought out that during a visit which counsel for the defence made to her home she signed a statement which read, in part:

"Peter went down the second Friday evening after he was killed. He told me he expected to get work. I am positive it was the second Friday. He was down the first Friday, and that was the date of the murder. Before the third Saturday he was gone, either Thursday or Friday. This is as near as I can get it."

Emphasis was placed by Atty. McDermott on the sentence "This is as near as I can get it" to bear out the contention of the defence that Mrs. Delorey was confused in the date.

Mr. McDermott produced another letter which Mrs. Delorey acknowledged. It read, in part:

"I have thought carefully about Friday. Yes, it was April 4. The day we got the furniture was April 11. Palm Sunday was April 12. Peter and his sister were here that day. Ruth is pretty sure of it. It must have been the last of that Peter left."

"If I can help you I will do so. Peter should be allowed to tell his story as he told it to Gordon that day. It is hard enough to have one guilty. If I could do anything for Jim (Mantir) I would do so, but I fear it is too late."

"I have done April 4 in that letter meant," asked Mr. McDermott.

"Simply that you told me about those dates and asked questions about them, and I asked the children about the dates because you wanted to find out. You told me you had been unable to get any help from the information from Peter Delorey's family."

Letter Regarding Mantir's Suit

The following letter was introduced: August 27, 1908.

Walter J. Cusick:—Dear Sir: Your letter of the 24th inst. at hand and contents noted.

I am rather surprised to hear from you in reference to this man Frank Mantir, alias James Mantir, but I believe his right name is Springfield, last week Mr. Brooks, 50 State street, had the case, and then it called for \$100, but I see it has come down to \$85.33. The fact is, I don't owe this Frank Mantir, or whatever is his name, a cent. I call it blackmailing or obtaining money under false pretence.

"I have not got Mantir's advertisement, but if you can conveniently get the last week of last December of the Boston American you will find the 'su' reads something like this: 'That he was to work free for his board and a chance to learn the English language.'

"That is all the agreement made with this man of many aliases."

Already I have written Mr. Brooks a long letter, but as I have not heard from him he must have thrown it up."

"I answered this young man's advertisement; this was about the last of December, and I distinctly told him I paid him no wages. Let him show me the letter. I gave him a home and did the best I could toward teaching him the English language, as we are English speaking people."

"He was at liberty to go when he wished. I used him the same as I used my son, as I believe in the 'golden rule.'"

CHURCH ROBBER

Entered Two Catholic Churches Here This Morning

Caught by Sextons in One but Escaped — Officer Lamoureux Also Had Hold of Him but Let Him Escape

The churches of the Immaculate Conception in Belvidere and St. Jean Baptiste in upper Merrimack street were broken into early this morning and in the former place about \$2 in small coins were taken from the poor box, while in the latter the poor box in the basement was removed from its fastenings and was being carried out when the robber was captured by the two sextons of the church. While the sextons were taking the man to a police officer the man broke away, but they managed to secure his hat. Later in the morning the man was captured by Patrolman Joseph L. Lamoureux in Ford street, but once more the man got away and at the time of writing the man is still at large.

Sometime between midnight and 5 o'clock this morning the man in question gained an entrance to the basement of the Immaculate Conception church by means of a window and after removing two of the poor boxes from their fastenings secured about \$2. He then went to the St. Jean Baptiste church and after tearing away a screen on a window in the basement on the Allen street side of the church got into the building. He made his way to one of the poor boxes, which is in the shape of a large pipe, covered at both ends and fastened to the wall, and after removing it tore a drawer from one of the confessionals, and wrapped it around the box.

He was about to pass through the library when he was surprised by Paul and Epiphane Labrie, who are the sextons of the church. The sextons grabbed the intruder and started him towards the nearest patrol box in order to turn him over to a police officer. While passing through Cabot street the man broke away from his captors, but the latter secured his hat.

They later met Patrolman Lamoureux and gave him the hat, and he started on a search for the man. While passing through Ford street the officer saw a man without a hat and running up behind him pushed the hat over the man's head and said, "Is this your hat?"

The man, who was undoubtedly the burglar, though taken wholly by surprise, answered in the negative and said that his hat was in the house and would prove such to be the fact if the officer would accompany him.

The officer with the man entered a building in the street. The man led the way and after entering a tenement on the second story jumped from the window and made good his escape.

The police have been given a description of the man and are now on the lookout for him.

Man Fined for Taking Piece of Cloth From Mill

Manuel Ferreira, charged with the larceny of a piece of cloth valued at 15 cents and the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills, was brought before Judge Hadley in police court this morning, found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$5. William A. Hogan appeared for the defendant while the case for the prosecution was conducted by Major Edward J. Noyes.

The first witness called for the government was Manuel Peter with whom Ferreira boarded. Peter testified that Ferreira gave him a piece of cloth about three weeks ago which he said he took from the mill where he was working. He told Peter to make a dress out of it for his little girl. Later Ferreira left Peter's house and Peter brought the cloth to the office of the Tremont & Suffolk. Then Major Noyes was notified and the latter arrested Ferreira.

Patrolman Noyes, who was at work on the case, testified that Ferreira said he took the cloth from a waste can in the mill and took it home to show the people at the house the kind of material he was working on.

Major Noyes testified that the piece in question was of the same pattern that is woven in the room where the defendant was employed. He also added that the pieces similar to the

one offered in evidence were afterwards sent to the finishing room and being napped were sold as remnants.

Ferreira admitted that he took the piece of cloth, but said that it had been thrown into a receptacle where odds and ends were thrown. He said that the contents of the receptacle was used for cleaning the machines, and in case the cloth was large enough it was made into aprons to be used about the mill. He said that he took the piece of cloth to his boarding house and asked Mrs. Peter to make an apron for him, but that instead of doing so she kept it.

On cross examination he said that when he took the cloth from the room he did so for the purpose of having an apron made which he could wear while at work.

The court, after considering the testimony in the case, found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$5.

Placed on Probation

Ovide Ouellette pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, Malvina. Mrs. Ouellette told a story of how her husband had left her on various occasions, but she admitted that before he went away on the last occasion he had given her \$45 and that yesterday he had given her \$25. The court placed the man in the custody of the probation officer.

Drunken Offenders

There were three first offenders, who were fined \$2 each.

POLICE PROBING

The Death of Miss Margaret Perry at Hospital

Fail to Find Proof That She Died as Result of Criminal Operation — Her Own Story That She was Injured by Fall Down Stairs Accepted as Probable

The report of the autopsy on the body of Margaret Perry, who died Friday night at the Lowell hospital, has been submitted by the medical examiner to the proper authorities, and while the report has not been made public as yet it is understood that the findings of the examiners is consistent with the story told by the young woman, that she injured herself by falling down stairs in the place where she was employed.

The police, after making a careful investigation into the case, find no proof of any criminal act in connection with the case. Supt. Welch, however, is determined to probe deeper into the matter in order that any doubt may be dispelled.

Miss Perry came to this city from Prince Edward Island about four years ago and since the early part of September had been living with a Mrs. James Whelan at 45 Marshall street. She had been employed at the Massachusetts Mohair Plush company in Western avenue up to the time that she was taken ill.

Mrs. Whelan, at whose house Miss Perry lived, in speaking with a reporter stated that she knew nothing of the condition of the girl other than that she complained of being ill.

She knew the young woman as a bright, light-hearted girl, who appeared to have but few cares. "I knew that she was not feeling in the best of health more than a week ago," said the woman, "but I didn't know what the real cause was until after she had left for the hospital."

She said that a young man employed in a store called at her house to see Miss Perry after the latter had gone to the hospital and he was informed of the whereabouts of the girl. The police, however, say that there is nothing to show that the young man who ran after Mrs. Whelan is in any way connected with the case.

A young man accompanied Sgt. Hugh Maguire to the police station yesterday afternoon and was questioned as to what he might know about the case, but after being in conference with the police officials for a short time was allowed to go free.

Dr. Simpson, of the Lowell hospital, said:

"The girl was sent here by direction of Dr. E. G. Livingston, and when we made an examination we found her to be in a critical condition. She offered no information, except to say that she had fallen down stairs. She mentioned the name of no doctor. She did not offer any information as to her personal friends. Everything that medical skill could suggest was done to save her life, but there was little hope from the time she came to the hospital. About the only definite information as to her friends was that she came with a family named Whelan, and the Whelan family lived in Marshall street."

A week ago Saturday Dr. E. G. Livingston was called to the house in Marshall street and it is alleged that he found the girl in a serious condition and advised her to receive surgical attention immediately as blood poisoning had set in. It is said that he told her that if she delayed being attended to the result would be fatal. The woman at the time remarked that she had no money to go to a hospital and feared the publicity of it. Dr. Livingston tried to impress her with the absolute necessity of immediate treatment, but it was not until Nov. 2 when the doctor again called at the house, that she decided to go to the Lowell hospital.

It was noted that her condition was critical by the hospital staff and everything was done to effect her recovery, but she failed to respond to the treatment and died Friday night. She had fallen down stairs and being in a delicate condition at the time, the shock brought on more serious consequences.

The death return was signed "septicæmia," and Saturday night the body was taken to the funeral parlors of Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons in Market street, where it was prepared for burial.

In the meantime the police were notified of the case, and the undertakers were notified not to bury the body until an autopsy was held.

Yesterday afternoon Medical Examiner J. V. Meigs, assisted by Dr. Berden H. Pillsbury, performed an autopsy and the report of the finding will be submitted to Judge Hadley.

AN OLD RESIDENT

Mrs. Mary A. Morris Died Last Evening

Mrs. Mary A. Morris, aged 81 years, the oldest resident of St. Patrick's parish and probably the oldest Catholic resident of Lowell, died last evening at her home, 203 Broadway. Mrs. Morris was born in Pawtucket, R. I., and when she was one year old her parents moved to Lowell and she has been a resident here ever since. She first lived in North street and later moved to the present family home in Broadway. She was a devout Catholic and a constant attendant at St. Patrick's church up to the time of her last illness. She was considered an authority on the early history of Lowell, especially on matters pertaining to the different Catholic parishes, and even up to the time of her illness she would relate most interesting incidents and stories of the early days in this city. She possessed a most charitable disposition and many who were benefited by her generosity will regret her departure from this life. She was a sister of the late Rev. John Bernard Smith, who was rector of the cathedral of the Holy Cross in Boston, and who was regarded as one of the leading preachers of the diocese. She is survived by two daughters, Miss Hannah Morris and Mrs. Michael J. Garvey, one sister, Sarah Smith, six grandchildren, James, who is employed as stenographer in a leading furniture house in Boston; Julia, who is clerk in the Lowell Water Works dept. office; John, a drug clerk; Lillian, George and Mary. The funeral will take place at 3:30 Thursday morning from the family residence, 203 Broadway, and solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Friends are requested to send flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

Gilmore's orch., Runnels hall, tonight.

MERRIMACK AND CENTRAL STS.

Were Full Last Saturday Night

With the characteristic crowd of Lowell people—neatly dressed, well-behaved, thrifty-looking—and nearly everyone in passing stopped for a few moments to look at the fine exhibit of A. C. Hood & Co.'s preparations in W. C. Dows & Co.'s window. Many favorable words were spoken—now for Hood's Sarsaparilla, then for Hood's Pills and Hood's Tooth Powder and Hood's Lotion and the other Hood articles. Certainly the products of the Hood Company have a good name at home," as well as a big sale abroad.

A CLEAR HEAD FOR 10 CENTS

A tube of Dows' Mental Cream costs you 10 or 25 cents. A 10c tube placed in the nostrils and your head is clear. At All Druggists. Insist on Dows'.

Crowley CLUBS

OF WARDS 1, 3, AND 8 will meet at Crowley headquarters, 210 Central St., At 8 O'Clock Tonight

JOHN T. O'HARE, 267 Warren Court.

NOTICE

TO HALLET & DAVIS

CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

Owing to the numerous requests made we wish to state that all persons desirous of buying a PIANO and using their certificate at our store are not in a position, at present, to purchase, we, the

RING PIANO CO.

Will Extend the Time

On their certificate if presented at our store any time before

Saturday, Nov. 13



Upright Pianos

\$125

Upwards

We require no cash payment down, but accept your certificate as first payment and deliver the Piano to your home AT ONCE.

The balance to be paid in small monthly payments to suit your convenience.

RING'S Pianos Are Best

110 Merrimack St

AT THE "BIG CLOCK"

LIVELY MEETINGS

Mayoralty Candidates Are Hustling

The candidates for mayor are getting busy and will keep on until the caucuses. The candidates for other offices are also getting in their work particularly those for councilmen and aldermen so that lively times may be expected. It is gratifying that as yet there has been no sign of any knocking among the candidates for mayor.

Mr. Daly Addressed Meeting

John W. Daly addressed a large gathering in the High street engine house last evening and during his remarks he took up the matters of a new charter for Lowell and the Interurban railroad between Boston and Lowell explaining the necessity of the former and the benefits to be derived from the latter. Mr. Daly spoke at length and was attentively listened to throughout.

Crowley Club Rally

At the Crowley headquarters last night a very enthusiastic meeting of the ward four supporters of Mayor Crowley was held. The hall was crowded to the doors, nearly four hundred men being present. Michael McMillen, president and Mayor Crowley spoke at considerable length explaining his position on municipal questions and urged the men to keep up their interest in his behalf until the polls close. Other speakers were Mr. McMillen, John Gilbreath and John J. Watson.

O'Donnell Meeting

The ward four friends of James E. O'Donnell assembled in large numbers at the O'Donnell headquarters last evening and an enthusiastic meeting was held. Mr. O'Donnell addressed the gathering on local issues and rallying committees to canvass the ward were appointed. Mr. O'Donnell expressed himself as highly pleased at the success of the ward four meeting, stating that it was the best evidence of party feeling toward him to find large meetings in his behalf by residents of the democratic wards. He urged all to rally their friends to his support as it would be impossible for him to meet each voter personally in the short time before the caucuses.

Gilmore's orch., Runnels hall, tonight.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

KERNAN.—The funeral of the late James Kernan will take place from his late home, 4 Rogers street, Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. A high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Higgins Bros., undertakers, in charge.

Make a Searchlight

That will shine out every night until 12 o'clock looking for business. The customer can't escape the attractiveness.

Of Your Windows

lighted with electric light. They stand out every night and tell the public you conduct a modern, clean, healthful, up-to-the minute store.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

WE LIKE THE HARD JOBS

Eyes examined. Glasses furnished. Prescriptions filled. Glasses repaired. Best in Lowell.

Cassell Optical Co., 11 Bridge st.

NOVEMBER QUARTER MONTH

AT THE

WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION

267 CENTRAL STREET

FUNERALS

BANKER.—The funeral of Percy W. Barker took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 95 Midland street, Rev. George F. Kennett and Rev. J. C. Wilson officiating. The bearers were L. E. Durrell, John Pendergrass, Carl Peterson and Charles Peterson. Burial was in the Edison cemetery under direction of C. M. Young.

DUGGAN.—The funeral of Thomas W. Duggan took place Monday afternoon from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons. Funeral services were held at St. Peter's church, Rev. Daniel Hoffmann officiating. The bearers were Terrence McNulty, Joseph Duggan and Joseph and Charles Glenison. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

NATIONAL SANITATION

Was the Keynote of Pres. Taft's Speech in Augusta

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—President Taft played at golf yesterday with his host in Augusta, Major Joseph B. Cumming, defeating him, 2 up and 4 to go; opened the Georgia-Carolina Interstate Fair, rode over the streets of Augusta amid the cheers of his "fellow citizens," and left the city at 3 p. m. for Florence, S. C.

The call upon him at the golf links, on his invitation, of "Ty" Cobb, the baseball player, the extreme cordiality of the reception of the president in his "winter capital," and the good fellowship shown to his entourage were the features of the day.

In his address at the fair grounds the president touched upon a number of matters of national importance. The keynote of his address was national sanitation, that a national board of health should be organized for the nation's welfare, that the nation should be kept clean, that the nation should be kept healthy, that the nation should be kept strong.

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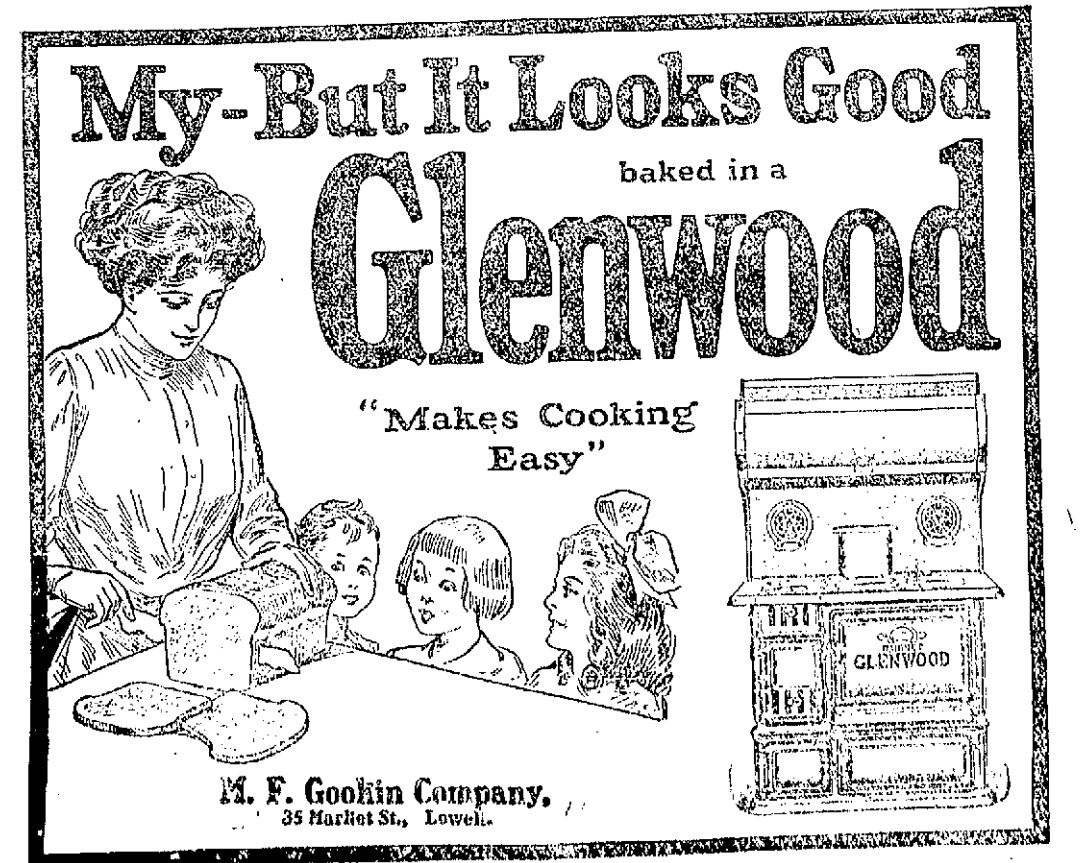
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My-But It Looks Good

baked in a

Glenwood

"Makes Cooking Easy"



M. F. Gookin Company,
35 Market St., Lowell.

But there came a time when Theodore Roosevelt and men like him, who say that the tendency, which came from that prosperity, to an accumulation of wealth in individual hands by means of monopoly, could not be met by a simple call for a halt and called for an investigation of our prosperity and called for the enactment of legislation that should restrict our growth in order that it might be along lines of legality and along lines of business integrity and morality.

But I am no pessimist. I believe we are growing steadily better and better, and that the way we responded to the call when Roosevelt uttered it showed that we would not be bribed by material comforts and luxury into sloppiness and inaction in matters of business integrity.

WAGE INCREASE

Sought by Conductors and Trainmen

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Demands for a 12 per cent. wage increase and uniform schedules are to be made by conductors and trainmen on every railroad system east of Chicago, it was reported yesterday.

The wage increase, it is said, involves 125,000 men employed on railroads east of the Illinois Central's main southern line and north of the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad.

Incident to prospective demands of the eastern railroad employees came the announcement that switchmen and yardmen in Chicago, controlled by the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen have already served notice on 15 railroads terminating in Chicago, demanding a wage advance of five cents an hour.

Locomotive firemen on railroads west of Chicago are making steps to have existing schedules considered and will ask a wage increase.

Wages of conductors and trainmen on railroads east of Chicago are about 12 per cent. lower than those of operatives in the west.

NO FOUL PLAY

Connolly's Death Was Caused by Exposure

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 9.—The Grand county authorities have been further investigating the finding of the body of T. J. Connolly of Lowell in the waters of the Pemigewasset river at North Woodstock.

No one has been found who saw the man until his body was found by two children at play on Sunday afternoon.

A man answering very closely to the description of Connolly has been at work for the Woodstock authorities upon the highways of that town for the past three weeks. This party boarded at Joseph Labrecque's, a mile north of the village of North Woodstock, and had not been seen since Friday of last week. At that time he had from \$20 to \$25 in his pocket and left Mr. Labrecque's with his dinner pail for work.

Due to the resemblance of the two it was thought for a time that they might be one and the same, but this theory was exploded when it was ascertained that the workman left town on one of the trains on Friday.

That Connolly came to his death through drinking there is little doubt. The authorities state that he undoubtedly became confused owing to drink, and wandered down to the river, where he partially undressed and during his ravings died as a result of drink and exposure. The body was so thoroughly frozen that it took a week yesterday afternoon the undertakers had been unable to prepare it for burial.

The only known relative of Connolly, an aged aunt at Lowell, communicated last evening through the Lowell chief of police with the North Woodstock authorities, and advised that burial be made at the latter place, in accordance with this request the selection at North Woodstock will bury the body this afternoon in the village cemetery. A local clergyman will say prayers at the grave.

Deputy Medical Referee Ernest L. Bell of Plymouth stated in his report that the man must have been dead from 12 to 15 hours when found, which would place the time at midnight on Saturday.

The gravel along the banks of the river where the body was found, had the appearance of having been thrown about, and the general belief here is that Connolly wandered down to the river and died while in an unconscious condition.

MISS ELKINS AND ITALIAN DUKE ARE AGAIN REPORTED ENGAGED



NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—European correspondents for American newspapers continue to revive the story of the engagement of Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator Elkins of West Virginia, and the Duke of the Abruzzi. One of the latest reports is to the effect that the duke has obtained a dispensation permitting him to wed a Protestant and that his engagement to Miss Elkins will soon be announced. From the source of this story comes the statement that all the duke's royal relatives have become reconciled to the marriage. Still another report quotes a high dignitary in Italy as saying that the king and queen of Italy and the dowager queen are still bitter toward the fair American girl and that they resent the fact that she was in Europe last summer. It was reported when Miss Elkins was in Switzerland that she met the duke and that the engagement was renewed there. She and members of her family were strangely reticent on the subject when they returned from abroad. The Duke of the Abruzzi is soon to be promoted to the rank of rear-admiral in the Italian navy.

JURORS DRAWN THE HORSE SHOW

By Board of Aldermen Judge Moore Carried off Blue Ribbons

The following traverse jurors were drawn by the board of aldermen in special session last night:

James B. Arthur, 21 Myrtle street, grocer.

Charles T. Freeman, 643 Broadway, salesman.

Alfred E. Lyford, 225 Central street, civil engineer.

Henry J. Johnson, 325 Suffolk street, meat clerk.

Frank B. Bigham, 27 Grace street, bookkeeper.

Patrick H. Collins, 115 Allen avenue, plumber.

The names were drawn by Alderman Adams.

The formal order declaring the results of the state, county and municipal elections was adopted.

The board voted to locate fights at 124 Church street, at the corner of Perry and Blumhau streets and at 188 South street.

A communication from the board of assessors indicating the need of more money was read. The board, on recommendation of the committee on appropriations, voted the sum of \$387.75.

A claim of personal injury submitted by Patrick L. Barry was referred to the committee on claims.

The petition of J. C. Luce for a sidewalk in Gates street was referred to the committee on streets.

Attention centered for the day on the British and Canadian army officers who appeared here for the first time in the history of the association. Their showing in the jumping class was far behind the general run of entries and they failed to take a prize of any sort. Touché obstacles, balks, and falls were frequent.

The only mishap of the day occurred late yesterday. Judge Wm. H. Moore, of New York, a well known exhibitor, was just pluming the blue ribbon for horses shown in harness to his bay gelding "Houdou" when the animal reared and driving his forefeet into the judges' stand, upset chairs, broke a table and howled over a gorgeous flurkey. Judge Moore remained control without leaving his seat and drove "Houdou" out unharmed.

Judge Moore was again a winner of the blue ribbons in the class for heavy harness horses with his Lady Seaton.

The classes were so large that they had to be shown in separate squads and judging was much delayed. Geo. Watson with Indian Flower, a magnificent chestnut mare, won a blue in the class for novice saddle horses. The red went to Artist's Model of the Elmhurst farm, L. I.

Judge Moore was again to the front with his winning four-in-hand Phyllis, Amethyst, Chiquito and Lonsdale. Among the blue ribbon winners in the judging of filly classes were Jacob H. Perkins of Cleveland, and the Williams farms, of New Centerville, Pa. The Williams farms, two year old hackney "Gallon Thicker Bell" took first prize in the hackney class.

CRIMINAL COURT

LOWELL CASES BEFORE JUDGE MORTON

Three of the Lowell cases were disposed of before Judge Morton at the criminal session of superior court yesterday. Owen (Timmy) charged with breaking and entering and larceny, was placed on probation and Alexander Gaudreau, same offense, was also placed on probation. Francis Arsenault, adultery was also placed on probation.

NEW BEDFORD, Nov. 9.—Thomas J. Dowd has signed a contract to manage the New Bedford baseball team for the season of 1910. This statement, made by Secretary Walter J. McPhail at the close of a meeting held at the Parker House, after Manager Dowd had conferred with the executive board, set at rest the many rumors that have been prevalent the last few weeks.

Manager Dowd arrived in New Bedford Saturday and at once got in touch with the New Bedford club officials. Dowd came down from Hopedale, where the expectation of having the manager question settled, and it was with this idea in view that a meeting of the executive board was called for last evening.

Although the meeting was held in secret session, it is known that the deliberations were business-like and cordial. The terms of the contract were satisfactory to the board, and after a heart-to-heart talk on the subject of next season's plans the necessary papers were signed.

Cleveland's

Baking Powder

Makes the finest grained and lightest breads and cake.

Adds wholesomeness to the food.

DAN O'LEARY

CHALLENGES WESTON TO A 500 MILE WALK

Dan O'Leary has been heard from in Cincinnati, O., where he recently issued the following challenge to Edward Payson Weston of Portland, Me.: "Sporting Editor Plain Dealer: Believing that I can today accomplish a greater performance at long distance walking than I did 20 or more years ago, I respectfully submit to you for publication the following proposition: I will walk Edward Payson Weston a distance of 500 miles in New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati, or any city in the United States for \$500 a side, and with his permission I am prepared to have the race open to any of the long distance walkers in Europe or this country, each contestant entering to deposit the sum of \$500 and the man covering the 500 miles in the shortest time to take the entire sweepstakes, along with three-quarters of the net proceeds of admission to the beyond question who is the greatest long distance walker in the world. I enclose a check for \$100 as a forfeit to show that only business is meant and to make the match an assured fact. Weston or any other man in the world has only to cover my money and appoint a time and place of meeting to sign articles of agreement. I shall leave my money up for 60 days, that any foreigner may have the opportunity of covering the same. I am under the impression that I am still the long distance champion, so if anybody corrects my mind of that impression let him come forward and show his money. Respectfully, "Dan O'Leary."

Chas. Rogers, Runels Hall, tonight.

ANNUAL BANQUET

Of the Spanish War Veterans

The annual inspection and banquet of the Grand Adolphus Ames camp, No. 1, United Spanish War Veterans, was held last night at the headquarters. There was a large attendance of members and invited guests and members of the Ladies' auxiliary.

The banquet was furnished by the auxiliary and proved to be one of the features of the occasion.

The inspecting officer was Col. E. J. Gibson, commander in chief of the U. S. W. V., and he found that the camp is in excellent condition.

Following the banquet, post prandial exercises were held and a musical program carried out. Capt. Colby T. Kibbe had general charge of the affair. Capt. Kibbe, after calling to order, introduced Commander George J. Sutherland as the toastmaster of the evening. The program opened with a piano and violin selection by Thomas and George Campbell, followed by a toast to "The Commonwealth of Massachusetts" by Hon. Joseph H. Hill. The program was followed by William Keegan, who sang "There Never Was a Girl Like You," and responded to an encore. Gen. E. J. Powers spoke on the U. S. War Vets, and was followed by the mayor, who responded to the toast, "The City of Lowell."

Mrs. Henry St. Lawrence of the Ladies' auxiliary sang "Silver Threads Among the Gold," and was followed by Maj. Gen. Philip Reade, U. S. A. (retired), who spoke in a reminiscent vein upon this city's part in history.

The remainder of the program was as follows: Songs, "Daisies Won't Tell," St. J. Carroll; address, "Vote of 1823," by Mr. Salmon; song, "Fred Hanahan," address, "The Civil Service," Captain Gardner W. Pearson; song, "When I Get Back Again to Bonnie Scotland," George O'Brien; remarks, Major Robert J. Crowley; song, Captain Walter Jones.

The program closed with the singing of "America."

NEGLECT IN EARLY LIFE

Means artificial teeth in middle life. Take care of your teeth now. Take care of your children's teeth. No mother relishes such a prospect for her little ones. We make it so pleasant and PAINLESS for children with our OB-TONDINE system that their "Horror" of dentistry fades away. Dr. A. J. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

DR. EDWARDS' DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS
A Milder as a Blood Purifier
Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Pimples. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free sample on request to SCIENTIFIC CHEMICAL CO., 51 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at
HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

Bay State Dye Works

ARE BUSY
You will need your Overcoat, evening gown, hat, and it may need to be cleaned and pressed. We can make it look almost as good as new, and can do the same with your suit. Either ladies' or gents' wearing apparel cleaned. In fact we can do dyeing, cleaning and pressing in all its branches.
54 PRESCOTT ST.
P. S.—Bring in your work at once.

McGauvran Bros.

LOWELL'S LEADING
Piano and Furniture Movers
Furniture and Crockery Packed by Experience Men
STORAGE
Office, 5 BRIDGE STREET
Opp. Transfer Station
Office Tel. 49 Residence Tel. 1035-1

LANTERNS

50c up

W. T. S. Bartlett
653-655 MERRIMACK ST.
The Uptown Hardware Store

SENORA CALDERON

Wife of Bolivian Minister Died in Washington

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Senora Aracelia Yarnall Calderon, wife of the Bolivian minister to this country, died at the legation here Sunday. She was 55 years old.

The wife of Senor don Ignacio Calderon was the daughter of the late John B. Yarnall of Philadelphia, and belonged to two well-known families of the south, the Yarnalls, who were territorial magnates in Maryland, and the Lees and Croppers, who were equally prominent in Virginia. She was born here her marriage Miss Aracelia Yarnall.

Her father was a prominent business and professional man of Philadelphia, where he went soon after the Civil war had crippled his resources in Maryland.

The senora was educated in Baltimore, and her love for her alma mater led her to educate her three daughters in the same institution. She met Senor Calderon during the centennial. He was then attached to the Bolivian legation in Peru, and got leave of absence to attend the exhibition in Philadelphia.

In April last Senora Calderon telegraphed interestingly to a correspondent as follows:

"When I married unions between North and South Americans were not so frequent, nor was the journey to the lower hemisphere undertaken so easily. We remained in this country for eight years before we began the adventurous journey to La Paz, and all of my three daughters were born in the United States."

"Then another thing which strikes me with amazement is how little people nowadays prize their household treasures. When I went to La Paz I took all my furniture and wedding gifts with me, and when one thinks what it meant to take such articles muleback over the Andes, something of the pride I had in them will be understood."

"After leaving Philadelphia in 1882 my husband was first stationed in Lima, but getting my house goods to the Peruvian capital was nothing to getting my treasures in safety from Peru to La Paz. My piano I prized especially, and though it was represented that I could get as fine an instrument in La Paz I insisted on moving my own. The keys were all taken out, and, indeed, the entire fabric was unscrewed before it could be packed on mules, yet so skillfully was it done that not a scratch marred the surface, nor did the tone of the instrument suffer from the heroic expedition."

"When I went to La Paz first, we made the journey in stage coaches. Now, of course, the train brings the

traveler through the grand Andean range down into the valley of La Paz. I say down, though the city lies on a plateau 12,500 feet in height, an altitude which some ambitious peaks cannot equal. In the stage coach days getting to La Paz was quite a family ceremonial. It required almost a day to get down the mountains from the frontier, and when the plateau was reached, it was customary for the friends or relatives of the travelers to meet them with private carriages for the remaining 12 miles.

"It seemed like another version of taking a private craft to welcome the ocean liners a few miles out at sea. Scenes of gaiety would take place as the coaches unloaded, and invariably the carriages would bring hampers full of good things to eat and drink and a picnic would be in order. Toasts would be drunk, and then a regular procession would be formed of the carriages taking the travelers home. It was quite picturesque, and the happiness of the welcome drove away all memory of the hardship endured en route."

"One of the interesting features of life in Bolivia is a study of the Indians. We have still surviving the changing conditions which follow modern progress and its innovations on an Indian market held invariably on Jan. 24, when gold and silver are sold in the bulk and later small articles wrought in the precious metals by the dusky children of the forest. I do not think that even the Chinese themselves surpass some of the Bolivian Indians in the skill with which they work in gold and silver and even the baser metals."

The Bolivian legation is a spacious mansion on the corner of 16th and R streets, the property of Senor Calderon, and not of his government. He purchased his home about three years ago and has equipped it in the most luxurious style, wherein the exquisite products of his own country may be seen side by side with art treasures of Europe and the utilitarian ideas of this country."

The minister is a man of large means and he has given all his life and best endeavor to the service and development of his country. He was for years secretary of finance, and is regarded as one of the most powerful and convincing writers on financial questions which his country or any South American nation has produced. He is a man of the most refined tastes, and his home is a masterpiece of art and comfort. He is a man of the most refined tastes, and his home is a masterpiece of art and comfort. He is a man of the most refined tastes, and his home is a masterpiece of art and comfort.

INCREASE IN DEER

Report of the Fisheries and Game Commission

The report of the commissioners of fisheries and game for the year ending Dec. 31, 1908, has just been issued at the state house as public document No. 25. It contains interesting data regarding mollusk fisheries, marine fisheries, inland fisheries, game birds, etc., etc.

Regarding the biological surveys of the coastal areas below high water mark, in order to ascertain the present and past conditions of the mollusk fisheries, which was ordered by the legislature of 1905, it says:

"Of upward of 60,000 acres of shellfish ground only about 3552 acres are

today yielding anything approximating the natural yield, i. e., from \$100 to \$500 profit per annum; while upward of 40,000 are producing at least 90 per cent. less than normal production, and about 15,000 acres at present unsuitable could at an expense of \$50 to \$200 per acre be made to yield from \$100 to \$500 profit annually."

"Under such development and utilization employment would be furnished to about 20,000 skilled and unskilled laborers, as compared with 2154 in 1907, and a total production valued in the hands of the producers at \$8,000,000 annually, instead of \$7502, as in 1907."

"The results from more than 200 experimental plots proved conclusively that claims and quahogs can, by appropriate methods be as successfully cultivated as are oysters today, or as any farm crop; that the value of the quahog crop upon arrival at a marketable size often exceeds \$1800 per acre, and that the annual profit should average not less than \$200 per acre."

Dogfish Eats Five Pounds Daily

Regarding the damage done by dogfish to Massachusetts sea fishing interests, the report says that it amounts to about \$5,000,000 annually.

Every dogfish living today is being maintained at public expense as a boarder at nature's table, eating and destroying on an average of not less than one to five pounds daily of commercially valuable food fish, worth at least at a very conservative figure one cent per pound. Thus it may be fairly inferred that the dogfish destroy more fish than the combined fishing fleets of the world."

On the inland fisheries the commission reports that as a result of drought directly traceable in considerable measure to unwise methods of deforestation of our hills, many of the smaller streams and the upper reaches of the larger brooks, which are the nurseries of brook trout, have been entirely depleted and it again repeats the statements given in previous reports that we should not be longer compelled to maintain unwise, inadequate and unbusinesslike methods of stocking public waters.

An present system of propagating, rearing and distributing fish is antiquated.

In the pioneering work of devising methods of rearing game birds, in captivity much progress has been made. The area available for rearing the birds has been so circumscribed and so subject to infectious diseases, from long occupation that many untoward losses have been experienced, which would not have occurred in a location suitable for breeding quail and turkeys.

HOME CURE FOR ECZEMA.

Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and Glycerine Combined, Used as a Simple Wash.

Does it not seem strange that so many people suffer year in and year out with eczema?

A 25c bottle of a simple wash stops the itch and will quickly convince any patient.

This wash is composed of mild and soothing oil of wintergreen mixed with thymol and glycerine, etc., and known as D. D. D. Prescription. It has now been used for so many years and has proved so highly successful, that we do not hesitate to express our confidence in the remedy. And we surely feel that every reader of this paper who suffers from any skin disease, knows of any sufferer, will not hesitate to get a 25c bottle on the present special offer. We do not know how long the D. D. D. Laboratories will continue this special 25c offer, as the remedy is regularly sold only in \$1.00 bottles and has never before been put on the market for any special offer. If you will get a bottle tonight for that on our recommendation.

Carter & Sherburne, Falls & Burkinshaw, and Hall & Lyon Co.

increase in deer. A movement to establish "sanctuaries" where native birds may breed in safety is under way. The state reservations should be increased and utilized, particularly for breeding and feeding refuges for native birds.

With reference to deer, the commissioners say: "While it is certain that the wild lands of the state are well adapted for producing an annual crop of wild deer, an undue increase will without doubt entail hardship upon farmers and property owners. Every possible safeguard should be adopted to protect property and the rights of property owners."

"In the near future it may be necessary to control the increase of deer. A general open season, even for a very few days, would bring out an indiscriminate rush of inexperienced and irresponsible hunters. To prevent untoward results it may be necessary to issue a special license for deer hunting with a fee sufficient to limit it to persons of responsibility and to insure to the state a permanent fund for money paid to land owners for damage to crops by deer."

LILLIAN GROVER

Told Police That She Drank Poison

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The police and hospital authorities would like to learn the identity of the young woman who was found at the corner of Cross and Fulton streets about 7:30 p. m. yesterday by Patrolman Hamilton of the Hanover street station, and who said that she had taken a dose of laudanum. She gave the name of Miss Lillian Grover, aged 25, and claimed to live at 25 Westley street, East Boston. She said that she was discouraged and depressed, and when met by the officer, who saw her acting strangely, she said she had nothing to live for any more. She was taken to the Relief hospital in Haymarket square. As she said that she had taken laudanum the doctor treated her accordingly. After an examination no trace of laudanum could be found. The young woman slept peacefully and this morning she was discharged from the hospital. The doctors are in a quandary as to what was the matter with her; in their opinion she was not shamming, as she was very nervous and extremely weak.

FORBIDDEN CITY

Body of Empress Taken From It

PEKING, Nov. 9.—The cortege accompanying the body of the late dowager empress of China on its eighty mile journey to the eastern tombs, left the forbidden city at an early hour this morning and passed outside of Peking. The route along which the procession will travel is thronged with people.

A holiday in memory of the dowager empress is being observed but the capital bears a sombre aspect on account of the funeral dirges and prayers as a result of the heavy wind prevailing.

The imperial guards escorted the foreign diplomats who participated in the procession for a distance of 500 yards. The members of the diplomatic corps signified the exit of the late ruler by a division in the vote taken with regard to the time that the corps should attend the funeral rites, some of the diplomats declining to be present at 5 a. m., but agreeing on 7 o'clock.

DOG FISH EATS FIVE POUNDS DAILY

Regarding the damage done by dogfish to Massachusetts sea fishing interests, the report says that it amounts to about \$5,000,000 annually.

Every dogfish living today is being maintained at public expense as a boarder at nature's table, eating and destroying on an average of not less than one to five pounds daily of commercially valuable food fish, worth at least at a very conservative figure one cent per pound. Thus it may be fairly inferred that the dogfish destroy more fish than the combined fishing fleets of the world."

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INDIAN FIGHTER

Is In Serious Trouble Once More

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 9.—Old "Bill" Walker, a Quaintrell guerilla, an Oregon pioneer with a long record as Indian fighter and desperado, who stole his wife from the Indians, killed his brother-in-law, fought and killed a bear single handed in a hand-to-hand encounter in the bear's den, and who is the hero of a hundred adventures on the frontier, is in trouble again. This time, he is charged with having burned the barn of his son-in-law. This is a tame escapade compared with other charges made against "Bill" Walker and the matter sits lightly on his shoulders.

"I am innocent, but if they can prove me guilty, I will take my medicine," is the defiance of this frontier character, now nearly 70 years old, but as full of fight as ever. Walker was born in Kentucky. He went to Missouri before the war and it was there that he served as a Confederate guerilla under the celebrated Quantrell. At the close of the war it was not considered healthy for Quantrell's men in Missouri and Walker came to Oregon. He settled in Morrow county, where he became a stockman. Thirty years ago he moved to the Upper John Day river, in Southern Umatilla county. He is known throughout the state as one of the most unique frontiersmen the west has ever boasted.

Walker seized the half-breed daughter of John Barker, a squawman, during the Indian uprising of 1875, and carried her off to his home on horseback. John Barker was later killed in a saloon brawl in Hesperia, Ore. The mother of Walker's wife was a full blooded Pitt River Indian and his eight daughters are quarter breeds.

Desires capturing a wife in the Indian uprising, Walker rendered signal service as scout for the white settlers. Later he captured the first murderer to be legally executed in Umatilla county.

Walker's claims to fame are not all the result of his own exploits, story as his career has been. Two of his girls have been known for years as the best horsewomen in the John Day country. They are Marcialette, better known as "Babe," and Susie. Acting as their father's cowboys, they rode the range for years, wearing the regulation costume of the buckeroo, trousers, flannel shirts, spurs, six-shooters and all the trimmings. For a long time they had a standing bet of \$100 that there was no cowboy who could perform any feat of horsemanship they could not equal or surpass. There were no takers.

Although Walker captured his own wife and carried her off bodily, he objected when his daughter "Babe" ran away and married William Anderson against the father's wishes. Walker and his Indian wife have never forgiven Anderson and the recent burning of the latter's barn has been laid to the door of the old Confederate guerilla.

"Let them prove me guilty," is the gruff defiance he hurled at his accusers.

Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES
\$1 BOX FREE

A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried, blue or despondent, you are in need of Elvita Pills. They will immediately brace you up, increase your energy, nerve force, brain power and mental activity; they will restore vitality, clear your vision, steady your nerves or confused. A single package proves their great invigorating qualities. Makes men powerful, giving strength, courage and reserve nerve power. Sold at drug stores at \$1 per box. A regular \$1 box sent free for trial by mail only, on receipt of 10 cents to pay postage.

Free expert advice on all men's complaints.

DR. HALLOCK CO.
114 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Established 1848.

For sale by CARLIS & BURKINSHAW, Cor. Middlesex and Thorne Streets, Lowell.

BULBS

If you wish to have your garden the envy of your neighbors, now is the time to plant bulbs that will give you such an effect. We are direct importers and our prices are the lowest for the best quality of bulbs as there is as much difference in quality of bulbs as in anything else. Call at McLENNAN'S, 11 Prescott st., and be convinced.

The Peoples' Safety LANTERN

Can be used about a barn with absolute safety. The oil reservoir is so constructed that oil cannot run out if lantern is upset.

Tubular Lanterns
Two sizes of burners.

Carriage Lanterns
With bullseye and reflector.

Bartlett & Dow
216 Central Street.

TO STOP A COUGH

You must help the system throw off the cold. Petra-Hela Cough Syrup, containing White Pine Compound and Tar with Wild Cherry, gives that help to the system and cures your cold. At all druggists. 25c a bottle.

Petra-Hela Co.
LOWELL, MASS.

A.G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Greatest of the Fall Bargain Events Held in This Section

Our Annual Sale of Velvets

BEGINS THURSDAY MORNING NEXT

25,000 Yards of Fine Silk Velvet—Qualities Varying From \$1.50 to \$2.50 a Yard Are Offered at

ONLY **59c** A YARD

Including all the newest and most popular colors in plain, panne, paen, chiffon and mirror finishes. Each piece separately ticketed, lengths up to ten yards. This is by far the finest offering we have ever made, on account of the unusually high quality of the fabrics, the longer lengths and the great variety of the shadings.

See Merrimack Street Window Display—On Sale Thursday, November 11, 1909

Palmer Street

Right Aisle

50,000 Yards

NEW REMNANTS

Cretonne, Sateens, Printed Burlaps, Fine Dimity Cretonnes, Heavy Printed Tickings, in lengths from 1 to 10 yard. Just the thing for draperies, pillows, box coverings, comforters, etc. Goods worth 15c to 25c yard, for sale

At **12½c** Yard

In the Rug and Drapery Department.

500 yards of Linen Taffeta, printed with all new designs, worth 50c a yard in regular goods.

Remnants **25c** Yard

East Section

Second Floor

Men!!!

\$5.00 Raincoats **\$3.75**

We offer today, right from the work shop, 200 of the new, up-to-the-minute tan raincoats, with all the wrinkles which make them the most popular garment of the day. High choker collar, made full size, of a light weight fabric thoroughly rubberized. The sort sold everywhere at \$5.00.

Only **\$3.75** Each

SEE PALMER ST. WINDOW—ON SALE IN THE UNDERPRICE BASEMENT, MEN'S WEAR SECTION

The Sale of Thanksgiving Linens

Bargains of remarkable merit are found here in Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Crashes, Dollies, Tray Cloths, Etc., Etc. In fact, all household linens are cheaper by a full third or more, at this sale.

Palmer Street

Left Aisle

SEARCH FOR HEAD

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—The police today to begin a search of that stream with the idea that the head might belong to the dismembered body of a woman which was found last month in Tiverton some 20 miles down the bay.

The head is said to have been seen by two girls who were walking by on the river bank but the sight so startled them that they ran home and did not tell of the incident until nightfall. Then it was too dark to begin a search.

This morning, however, the police went out with grapplings and began to drag the river.

Various portions of a woman's body which was fairly well identified as that of Amelia St. Jean of Woonsocket were found in the woods in Tiverton four weeks ago and after some investigation the police arrested "Professor" Frank A. Hill, a local doctor, on a charge of

being concerned in the girl's death. All parts of the body were found with the exception of the head, although the vicinity was carefully searched for several weeks.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Piles, Blind, Bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

TO STOP A COUGH

You must help the system throw off the cold. Petra-Hela Cough Syrup, containing White Pine Compound and Tar with Wild Cherry, gives that help to the system and cures your cold. At all druggists. 25c a bottle.

Petra-Hela Co.
LOWELL, MASS.

Hay's Hair Health



ACTUALLY, POSITIVELY, INVARIABLY RESTORES, GRAY HAIR TO THE COLOR AND VIGOR OF YOUTH

You can't look young if your hair is gray, faded and lifeless. Hay's Hair Health will bring back the natural color, just as it was when you were young. Stops dandruff and falling out. Makes the hair bright, silky and full of life and beauty—**not a dye**—won't color or soil your skin.

\$1 and 50c. BOTTLES, AT DRUGGISTS.
Send for free book "The Care of the Hair."
Philo Hay Spr. Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

A. W. DOWS & CO., F. P. MOODY, F. J. CAMPBELL, CARLETON & HOVEY, A. E. SCOTT

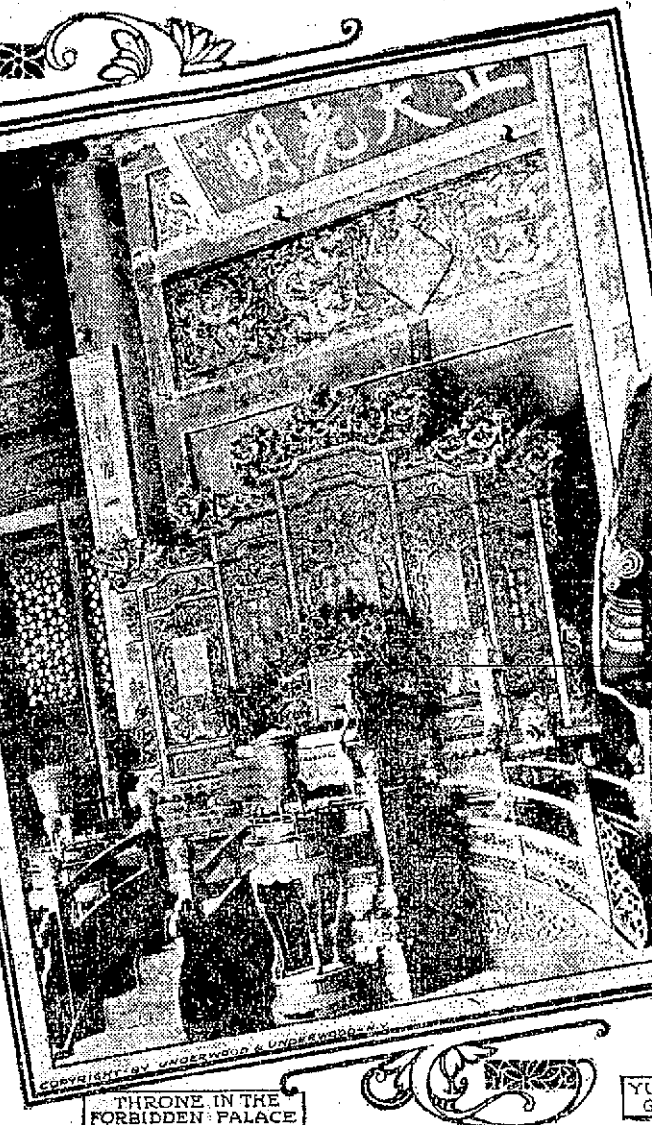
MI-ONA Cures Indigestion

It relieves stomach misery, sour stomach, belching, and cures all stomach disease or money back. Large box of tablets 50 cents. Druggists in all towns

Questions Between Uncle Sam and China and Japan



PRINCE CHUN, THE YOUNG EMPEROR OF CHINA, AND HIS BROTHER.



THRONE IN THE FORBIDDEN PALACE



YUAN SHIH KAI, CHINA'S GREATEST STATESMAN

THE FORBIDDEN PALACE, PEKING

It is an interesting fact that the present diplomatic questions which affect the relations of the United States with China and Japan directly and some of the European powers indirectly came to the front while the president of the United States was on a pleasure trip in the west and southwest and the head of the department of state was enjoying his vacation at his country home at Valley Forge, Pa.

The publicity resulted, as everybody knows, in the recall of Charles R. Crane just as he was ready to sail from San Francisco to his newly appointed post at Peking as the accredited minister from this country to China. His return to Washington was followed by his resignation in cipher to President Taft.

Following the dispatch of President Taft to Secretary Knox touching the resignation of Mr. Crane the secretary of state announced that the incident was closed. Following this announcement the press of the country opened the case, or, rather, it denied that the

incident was closed, and the transparent situation was declared to be acute. In other quarters it was asserted by Mr. Crane's friends and some others that the resignation of Mr. Crane was the result of a political intrigue.

The curtain raiser of the trouble was the construction of a railroad in Manchuria, and mining interests in which China and Japan were concerned were also potent mischief breeders. The United States instituted a special investigation as a preparatory measure to determine what should be the attitude of this government in several diplomatic questions that will become the subject of official adjustment in the next few months. The United States prepared quickly to protest earnestly against anything that threatened gravely what in diplomacy is termed "the principle of equal opportunity."

Reduced to a commonplace term, this meant protecting "the open door" policy of this government.

One of the questions in the situation arises out of the efforts of a syndicate of American and British capitalists to build a railroad in western Manchuria

from Chinchowfu to Taitshar. Another question is to determine whether certain exclusive mining concessions recently obtained from China by Japan are in violation of this country's "open door" policy. Before Mr. Taft became president it was known that he was greatly interested in oriental policies. He realized that China was on the eve of important commercial developments. He knew that within the next ten years the old empire would build many miles of railroad. The president and his secretary of state were in accord on the question of oriental expansion.

Secretary Knox has been anxious that American merchants and capitalists should have a full share in the industrial and commercial awakening in China. The earnestness of Secretary Knox was shown in the manner in which he insisted that the United States should have an original share in the Hankow-Szechuen railway loan that was negotiated not long ago for the benefit of capitalists in Great Britain, Germany and France.

Several months ago Japan obstructed the efforts of British capitalists to construct a railroad from Hsianmuntun to Fukuin, in Manchuria. Last September an agreement was signed at Dalny by which China promised, in the event of undertaking to construct a railway between these two points, to

arrange matters previously with Japan. British capitalists, finding themselves thwarted by this move, allied themselves with an American syndicate and proposed the construction of a railroad from Chinchowfu to Taitshar, with an extension to Aigun. China manifested no opposition to this at the time and has not since shown any disposition to oppose it. On the other hand, news dispatches from Peking are to the effect that Japan has served notice on China that the Japanese government reserves the right to be consulted with respect to the proposed railway project.

The line of the proposed road is in the extreme western part of Manchuria, outside of what is regarded as

the Japanese zone of influence. Both terminals will be in Manchuria, but a considerable portion of the line will run through Mongolia, the province to the west of Manchuria. The importance of the proposed line lies in the fact that it will connect at Taitshar with the Transsiberian railway. It was intimated that Japan feared that the road would divert traffic coming from Europe over the Transsiberian railway from the South Manchurian railway, which road is owned by Japan. So much for the feature in the railroad situation.

China and Japan's Manchuria Mines.

In the treaty between China and Japan regarding the development of mines in Manchuria Secretary Knox is or has been much more interested. Copies of the agreement between China and Japan on this matter have been studied by the American secretary of state. The article in the agreement which it is believed the secretary has been chiefly interested in is as follows:

"All mines along the Antung-Mukden railway and the main line of the South Manchuria line, excepting those at Peking and Yuenai, shall be exploited as joint enterprises of Japanese and Chinese subjects on the general principles which the viceroy of the eastern three provinces and the governor of Shingking province agreed upon with the Japanese consul general in 1907."

It was charged that Minister Crane's

publicity of the fact that Secretary Knox was preparing a protest to this resulted in Mr. Crane's recall. Undoubtedly Mr. Crane's utterances had much to do with the canceling of his exequatur. Nevertheless, other reasons have been hinted at. One of these is that he had selected as his counselor and adviser the former vice consul at Mukden, who was persona non grata to the department of state.

It is the opinion in some quarters that China is looking to the United States for assistance, and that this administration is inclined to help China in the opinion in other quarters, and this opinion is based upon the utterances of President Taft upon Chinese matters and that China has already shown its appreciation of this fact by admitting the United States to equal participation in its recent railway loan.

The interests of the old empire that is awakening to the importance of linking its destiny with the commerce of the age are largely in the care of Yuan Shih Kai, "the grand old man of China," who is in line with his distinguished predecessor, Li Hung Chang, who long before he closed his career had foreseen the needs of his country.

In this work Yuan Shih Kai has the confidence and aid of Prince Chun, regent of the realm during the coming to the throne of Fu Yi some time remote from the age in which he will take up the burden that awaits him.

GILFORD GLENN.

Mount McKinley Is a Wonder

MOUNT MCKINLEY is looming up on the map just now as it must have loomed up on the vision of W. A. Dickey, the prospector, in 1895, after he had rafted his way from Cook inlet to the foothills of the snow capped altitude which he named Mount McKinley.

Interest in the culminating point of the North American continent has been intensified since the return of Dr. Frederick A. Cook from his latest dash into the arctic. Dr. Cook had previous to his recent north pole venture proclaimed that he had been the first to ascend to the pinnacle of Mount McKinley. This claim has recently been denied by one who accompanied Dr. Cook in the latter's expedition to the peak which Dickey named: This is what has revived interest in Mount McKinley.

Professor H. C. Parker of Columbia university announces that he will make another trip to Mount McKinley next year with the object of reaching the goal of mountain explorers. Belmont H. Browne of Tacoma, Wash., who was with Cook and Parker in 1906, promises that he will accompany Professor Parker.

The first who attempted to reach the mountain was Robert Muldrow in 1898. Lieutenant Heron tried it the year after. Alfred H. Brooks and D. L. Resburn of the United States geological survey made a reconnaissance in 1902. Judge Wickersham of the United States district court in Seattle and Dr. Cook went there in 1903, and Dr. Cook made his second expedition in 1906. That was the year in which he claims to have succeeded in reaching the summit.

There is a disagreement as to the height of the mountain by those who made measurements. Muldrow made it 20,464 feet. Brooks and Resburn fixed it at 20,200; Dr. Cook made it 22,800. Either altitude would still leave Mount McKinley the highest point of land on the American continent. Mount Logan, also in Alaska, is 19,500, and St. Elias is 18,024 feet. The other towering mountains of the continent are Orizaba, 18,165; Popocatepetl, 17,576; Mount Foraker, 17,000. Mount Logan is the highest peak in the world above perpetual ice. It has from 5,000 to 6,000 feet more of perpetual snow than Mount McKinley. On the latter horses can go up for 5,000 feet, but on Mount Logan baggage, instruments and everything needed must be carried on the backs of men.

The highest mountain in the world so far as known is Mount Everest, of the Himalayas. It is 29,002 feet above the level of the sea. Aconcagua, in the Andes, is 22,900 feet. Humboldt and Whymper climbed Chimborazo, estimated to be from 19,000 to 20,000 feet above sea level. Sir Martin Conway reached an altitude of 22,600 feet in India.

Mount McKinley lies 200 miles from Cook inlet, on the edge of America's greatest wilderness. The plateau on which it stands feeds four of Alaska's largest rivers, Sushitna and Copper being the principal ones. The nearest mountains to the Alaska range are the

Chugach. Between the two ranges is a valley 150 miles broad, and this wilderness is drained by the Sushitna river and its tributaries. Mount McKinley is situated in the heart of the Alaskan range. It is dome shaped and has two summits, two miles apart, differing about 1,000 feet in altitude, the southern being the highest. Its northwestern slope is drained by a large glacier, which discharges into a river tributary to the Toklat. About its base is an abundant growth of spruce, which flourishes to an altitude of 2,500 feet, and above that is willow to a limit of 4,000 feet. The route taken

by most of those who went to the vicinity is from Cook inlet, up the Sushitna river. Cook inlet is reached by ocean steamer from Seattle. Of course it can be reached by other routes, but the quickest and most comfortable journey is from Seattle, as described. From Seattle to the foothills of Mount McKinley requires from six to eight weeks. If the atmosphere is clear the peak of Mount McKinley can be seen dazzling in the sunlight at a distance of 126 miles.

The lofty pinnacle was probably first seen by the Indians, but the first mention of its sight was made by a Russian settlement at Cook inlet. They called it Bulshain, the translation of which is "big."

Inaccessibility and remote as the mountain is, the country about it is beautiful and singular in its desolation. Still, in season, wild flowers grow there in wonderful profusion below the snow line, and those who have reached that distance, which lends enchantment, found in the vicinity an abundance of game, grouse, caribou and bear predominating.

Prior to the time when Dickey saw the glittering peak there was nothing on the government maps to indicate its existence. After he beheld it and named it he notified President McKinley of the honor he had conferred on him, and the president and his secretary, John Addison Porter, replied with congratulations and suggested that Dickey get as good a map of the district as was possible for the National Geographical Magazine. This Dickey did, and it was printed, with an article describing the country and the mountain, in 1897. Dickey returned to the country the same year.

Probably the most scientific measurement of the mountain yet made was that by Alfred Brooks, who went there for the United States geological survey at an expense of more than \$20,000. He was fully equipped for the expedition. It left Seattle in May, 1902. His method for measuring distances has proved the most satisfactory yet attempted by the government expeditions into Alaska. On the expedition in 1902 movable cross hairs in the eyepiece of a telescope were used, the amount of motion of which or the angle subtended was measured by a micrometer screw, and by this means it was possible to observe directly distances far in excess of anything possible with the stadia, heretofore employed, and much more accurately for the distance.

Muldrow measured the height while he was exploring the Sushitna river in company with members of the United States geological survey. His method was running a stadia line up the river and measuring elevations and directions with the transit instruments reading to minutes. Six angles for location and elevation were obtained upon the mountain from points on this line, and in this way Muldrow arrived at the position and height of the mountain.

The conclusion of the Brooks-Resburn report shows that the entire slope of the great mountain mass at all points above the snow line of 4,000 feet is under a mass of snow which has been consolidated into a permanent glacier, so that the whole range may be said to be capped almost as the interior of Greenland.

It is also the opinion of these two government officials that the country about the mountain will in the course of time be the paradise of the continent for hunters.

LOGAN DAMERON.

Petroleum in Asia.

Petroleum has been found in Kolan and other parts of the Malay peninsula. In the north of Siam small quantities of the oil have come to the surface in Muangfuang and other places, but so far no attempt has been made to ascertain its commercial value.

Rescue of the American Bison

WHEN a recent congress passed a bill setting aside a great tract of land in Montana for a buffalo range for the purpose of aiding in the preservation of "our national animal" it did something that appeared mightily to the hearts of Americans. The experiment is bearing fruit. Acquisitions are coming in from many quarters. Recently thirty-four animals were turned in on the reservation. They were purchased from the Conrad herd by the American Bison society for \$25 per head, crated separately at the place where they were purchased, shipped down Flathead lake by boat to the place where they were disembarked and then hauled on wagons to the range, a distance of twenty miles.

Less than fifty years ago a herd of thirty-four buffaloes would not have

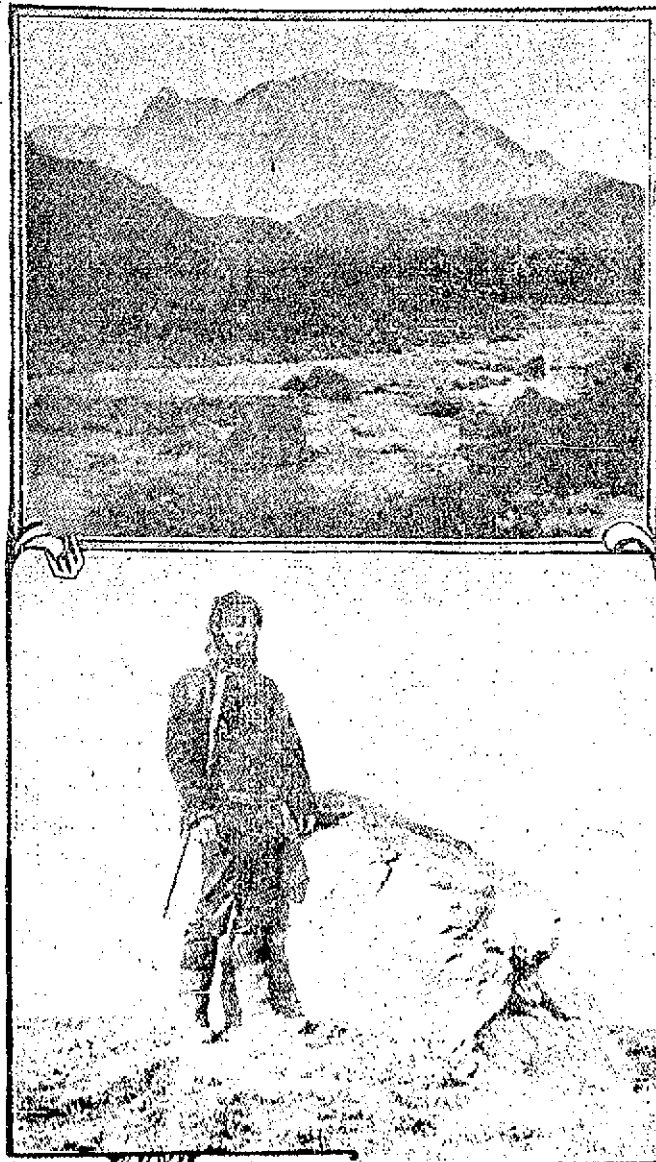
million. In 1908 they had dwindled to 1,502 in the United States. The same year there were 470 in Canada and 150 in Europe.

The Montana national bison ranch is an accomplished fact. In addition to the herd on the range, more animals have been promised and will be delivered by next spring. The government's construction party finished the erection of the fence about the range several weeks ago. The range and work were inspected by the purchasing committee of the American Bison society, consisting of Dr. W. T. Hornaday, president of the society, and F. H. Kennard of Boston. They reported that the range is as nearly perfect as can be conceived for its purpose, and will support 1,500 animals. With this start the American Bison society hopes to restore the nation's animal to some-

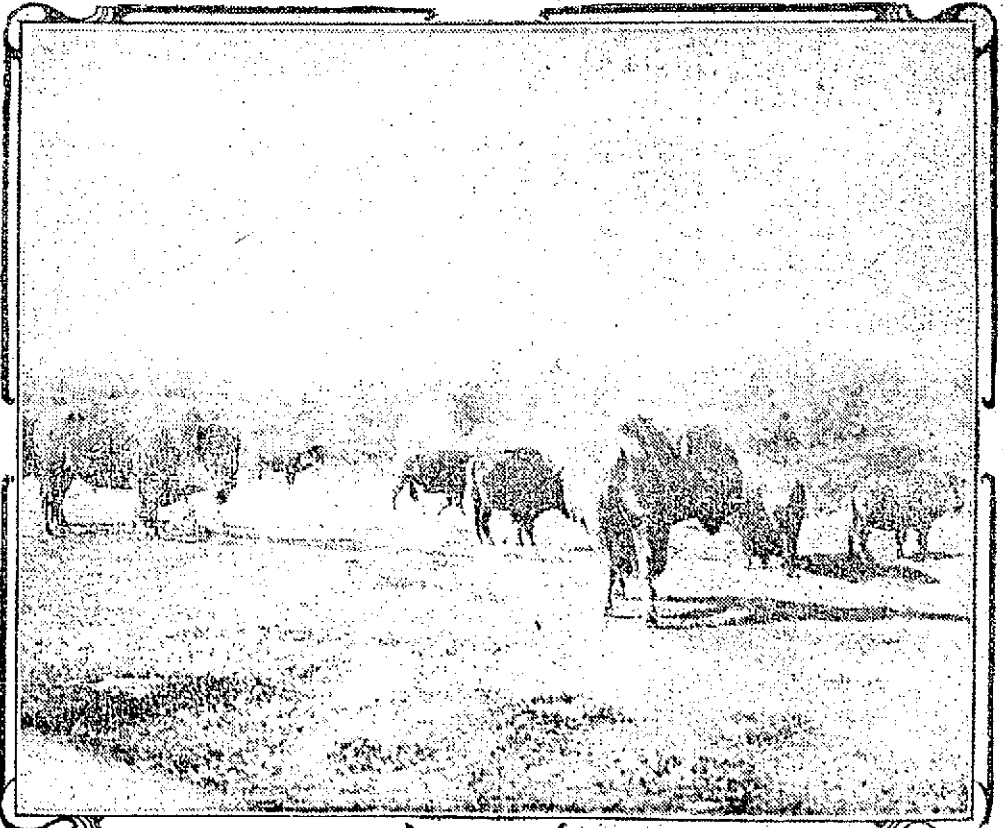
rest of the land was about \$20,000, and the fence was built for \$10,000. The organization which brought about the passage of the bill by congress was the result of a national movement begun in 1894 for the express purpose of devising ways and means for the preservation of the buffalo. The society was organized in New York city in December, 1895. Many distinguished and patriotic citizens responded to the movement, and when the society was formed President Roosevelt was elected honorary president, and Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, was elected honorary vice president.

That the plan to restore the bison is succeeding is attested by the fact that in 1908 there were only, by actual census, 643 in the country. In 1905 there were 1,502, all pure blooded.

The last great slaughter took place



MOUNT MCKINLEY AND DR. F. A. COOK AS A MOUNTAIN CLIMBER



J. J. HILL'S BUFFALO HERD AT NORTH OAKS FARM.

excited remark if seen at any point on the Great American desert. If any one had predicted then that a bison would ever be crated and shipped as freight such a statement would have been laughed down. That was when the huge beasts were numbered by the hundreds of thousands. Half a century ago they were estimated by the

thing like its former glory, although conditions are such that no living man or any that is to come will ever see what has been seen.

The range is on the Flathead reservation. It is in the county of Missoula, Mont., eighty miles west of the town of the same name, six miles from Tlevall, a station on the Northern Pacific. The

in the Indian Territory in 1878. A band of Cheyennes and Arapahoes was permitted by the government to go out to this extermination. In the course of a few hours more than 1,000 buffaloes were killed mercilessly and their bodies torn to pieces after the fashion of the Indian after he had killed his game.

KENESAW DAVIS.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1908 was

15,956

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1909. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

PHYSICAL DEFECTS OF CHILDREN.

The Russell Sage Foundation has been conducting investigations in New York schools, bearing upon the progress of school children and the extent to which they are retarded by physical defects and by sickness. The report is of interest to parents as showing what physical evils are to be mainly guarded against. This report cites them, namely, measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, adenoids, difficulty in breathing and inflamed glands. Medical inspection will afford protection against most of these but can never prove thoroughly effective without the cooperation of the parents.

AS TO THE STAGE.

The theatre is now, as it ever was and ever will be, an instrument that may be made a power for good or a power for evil, according as it is used. Whether it is one or the other does not depend upon the effect of a particular play. Were it not for the criticism of the press there would be theatres engaged in dealing out moral poison daily to those who are willing to patronize such places, and the number of those who will attend bad shows is quite as great as the number that will read bad newspapers in search of the sensational and salacious.

It is plain, therefore, that there are good and bad theatres just as there are good and bad shows, and it is only by free criticism and strict supervision that they can be made to subserve the cause of public morals and thereby do good instead of harm.

STATE DEPARTMENT ON ALCOHOLISM.

The report of the American delegates to the International congress on alcoholism, held in London last July, is given out by the state department and is thus given the weight of government endorsement. The report points out the evil effects of alcoholism and intemperance and condemns even moderate drinking as not only injurious but dangerous. It advocates the instruction of the younger generation in the evils and the injury resulting from the use of alcoholic beverages. The report says that increased teaching as to evils of alcoholism should be provided to conserve industrial efficiency in the commercial competition of nations as well as to promote two of the chief objects of government, to wit, public health and morals. It was proposed to have normal schools and universities include such education in their curricula and to urge upon public officials the necessity of restricting the liquor traffic in order to prevent as far as possible its evil effect upon the human race. There is nothing new in the report. It simply states in a mild way what temperance orators have been giving to the public for the past generation.

THE FOOTBALL FATALITIES.

The recent accidents, fatal and otherwise, that have attended the football games at Annapolis, Philadelphia, Utica and elsewhere indicate that the game as at present played between rival teams who are willing to kill each other in their struggle for victory, should be discouraged. It is dangerous in the extreme as appears where the man who happens to be underneath in the pile is liable to have his bones broken or to get a fatal blow on the head.

The death of young Byrne in the Annapolis game, young Burke at Philadelphia and the injury to Earl D. Wilson in which his spine was fractured, together with a similar accident at Utica in which a seventeen-year-old member had his spine fractured, furnish the strongest arguments against the continuance of the game as at present played. The rules of the game should be modified so as to lessen the danger of accidents and prevent the wilful injury of one team by another.

There is a great deal of talk about automobile accidents and the consequences, but these football matches in which the players go in for blood are more dangerous than most of the auto accidents. It is high time that educational institutions should prevent the students from engaging in a game that has developed so many traits of barbarism.

KING EDWARD'S PREDICAMENT.

King Edward of England is alarmed at the prospect of having the House of Lords as at present constituted overthrown. He has endeavored to reach Chancellor Lloyd George, but that official purposely left the country for a time in order not to confer with the king on the matter of a compromise. He also declined to comply with the king's wishes that he should not deliver his Newcastle speech which had the effect of making the situation more acute. The king at the present time has lost hope of effecting a compromise that would save the lords.

While he is not particularly in favor of the House of Lords he does dread any revolutionary change that might wind up by entailing his own privileges. He frankly states that should the House of Lords be abolished he himself would be about the only hereditary institution remaining.

The lords have determined to reject the budget and let it go to the country for decision. If the people vote to return the liberals to power that fact will be regarded as an endorsement of the liberal policy on financial and other questions, and it will be a mandate to the House of Lords not to meddle with any financial question put forward for the good of the people. It is a rule of the lords that they are not to change or modify a money bill. To do so would be against what is known as the constitution, although there is no written constitution in England. The coming general election in England will probably result in a sweeping victory for the liberals and a severe rebuke for the lords to be followed by a curtailment of their political power, and in all probability a provision for the election of peers instead of having them as at present inherit their titles and their privilege of membership in the upper house.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Doesn't the Square look big?" is a remark heard frequently since the paving of that locality.

Out door rallies are becoming popular despite the fact that the post-spectator has to put up with the cold while the speakers find it warm enough.

A woman who attended the performance of "The Servant in the House" at the Opera House last evening informed a friend that she hoped that every employment bureau proprietor would witness the performance. Evidently she'd been having her troubles with the cook.

Even at this late day the camps in the neighboring country are not yet totally deserted and many people spent Sunday in camp. With a fire place going a camp is not such a bad place just at this season of the year.

There's great sparring for tickets to the Harvard-Dartmouth game at Cambridge next Saturday and a large Lowell crowd will be in attendance.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Charles Follen Adams ("Yacobi Strauss") has received an invitation to become an "overseas" member of the noted author's club of London. Among the general council of this club appear the names of Alfred Tennyson (poet laureate), Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Anthony Hope Hawkins, R. Rider Haggard, Hall Caine, Poulney Bigelow and others. The clubhouse is situated at White Hall court, overlooking the river Thames and in the immediate vicinity of the houses of parliament.

After fifty years' service, Albert L. Templeton, cashier at the First National bank of Lewiston, Me., has resigned. Mr. Templeton has held the position of cashier thirty-five years. He will continue his work until Dec. 1, after which he will take a long rest, perhaps traveling, in part.

William Allen Knight of Boston, author of "The Song of Our Syrian Guest," "The Shepherd of Jebel Nur," and other widely known stories, has just completed plans for an extended cruise to the Mediterranean and Orient leaving in January by the steamship Arabic of the White Star line. Dr. Knight's books show such an intimate knowledge of Palestine that his readers will be surprised to learn that this is his first trip to the Orient. He will prepare for publication a series of articles giving his impressions of the Holy Land when he returns. Dr. Knight preached in Fall River before going to Brighton.

Miss Amy F. Ching of China has entered Wellesley college to equip herself to be a teacher in her native land. She is pointed out by her friends as a self-made girl. She supported herself while taking a course in the normal school at Honolulu, and from two years' work as a teacher she saved enough to take her through Oahu college, from which she was graduated last summer.

Dorando Pietri, better known as "Dorando," has just been married in Capri to his old sweetheart, Teresa Dendi. The young couple will live in a villa which Dorando has built with the money earned in America, which is said to be a small fortune.

Coincident with the announcement of the coming to this country, of Eupasia Palladio, the famous Neapolitan medium, whose seances have puzzled the wisest scholars of Europe, Dr. W. Dodge & Company announce the early publication of a complete biography.

Quick Relief

for an upset stomach, hiccoughs, a sick headache, constipated bowels, or a bilious attack is secured by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

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Only Direct Service from Glasgow. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety.

Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway \$40; third class, \$25.50, to Glasgow, Belfast and Liverpool. Prepaid steamer tickets, \$30.25. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1 to 12 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST. H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

FURNITURE MOVING

You may be thinking about moving. If so, just call or telephone to the honest and reliable WILLIAM HIGG, at 10 Prescott St. All orders promptly attended to and handled with the greatest care. The best is the cheapest and there is none better than Higg's movers. Our specialty is piano moving.

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. LOWELL INN, busiest place in Central street.

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ELECTRIC

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CLEAR THE COMPLEXION OVERNIGHT

Pimples, Rash, Eruptions, Etc., Quickly Eradicated by New Skin Remedy

After its discovery, postum, the new skin remedy, has, in its extraordinary accomplishments, exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the eminent specialist who gave it to the world. It has cured thousands of cases of eczema and eradicated facial and other disfigurements of years' standing. The terrible itching attending eczema is stopped with the first application giving proof of its curative properties at the very outset.

In less serious skin affections, such as pimples, rash, herpes, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, etc., results show after overnight application, only a small quantity being required to effect a cure. Those who use postum for these minor skin troubles should immediately secure one of the special 50-cent packages recently adopted to meet such needs. Both the 50-cent package and the regular \$2 jar may be obtained in Lowell at Falls & Burkinshaw's, Carter & Sherburne's and other leading drug stores.

Samples for experimental purposes may be had free of charge by writing direct to the Emergency Laboratories, 32 West Twenty-fifth street, New York City.

raphy of her by Hereward Carrington, a prominent member of the American Society for Physical Research and the author of number of important books on the occult phenomena "Eusapia Palladino and her Phenomena" Mr. Carrington has dealt exhaustively with her life, a complete summary being given of all the available historic evidence.

COMMUNICATIONS

Lowell Nov. 8, 1909. Editor Sun, Lowell:

Kindly answer in your paper the following question:

If the first of December should come on Tuesday, what date would the city election be held—the 8th or the 15th? It is argued that the city election is always held the second Tuesday of said month, but it is also claimed that it is the second Tuesday after the first Monday of the month.

The city election is held on the second Tuesday in December. There is no "second Tuesday after the first Monday" about it. If that were the case why not say the first Tuesday after the second Monday? There is no confusion as to the date of the city election. If the first of December should fall on Tuesday the election would be the next Tuesday, which would be Dec. 8. That would be the second Tuesday. December comes in on Wednesday this year and the election will be held Dec. 14, which is the second Tuesday.

MRS. ROOSEVELT CALVARY CHURCH

Informed that Husband

is Not Ill

ROME, Nov. 3.—As yet no dispatches have been received by Mrs. Roosevelt from her husband, or her son Kermit regarding the report of the ex-President's illness. But following the receipt on Saturday and Sunday of reassuring telegrams from Nairobi, another came to her yesterday from Mr. Newland, of the firm of Newland & Tarlton, saying:

"The report of Col. Roosevelt's sickness is an absolute lie. I am unable to communicate with Mr. Roosevelt immediately, as he is away from civilization, but have sent runners, both of whom are absolutely fit."

Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter, Miss Ethel, will leave here Wednesday for Naples, and according to their present intentions they will take the steamer sailing on Friday for the United States.

STOPS DIARRHOEA

Pains, Aches and Stomach Distress Vanish when Neuralgic Anodyne is Taken

Only twenty-five cents a bottle, and for sale everywhere. And still there are people who are attacked in the night with diarrhoea and suffer all the tortures imaginable, through long painful hours, just because they were careless enough not to have a bottle of Neuralgic Anodyne on hand.

Keep this fact everlastingly before you: There is nothing better on earth for dysentery, cramps, colic or painful stomach distress than a few drops of Neuralgic Anodyne taken internally.

And for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sore chest, headache, bruises, sprains and cuts, thousands swear by it. It's a liniment par excellence, good for man or beast. Made by The Twitchell-Champlin Co., Portland, Me. 25 cents.

EVERYBODY

Borrows

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THE NATIONAL

LOAN CO.

Enables all honest men and women to borrow for their needs at lowest rates and on the easiest terms of payment.

IF SHORT OF MONEY, CALL

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National Loan

Company

40 CENTRAL ST

Market Bldg. Phone 1001

NEW MAIL FLYER

Proved To Be a Great Success

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 8.—For thirty-five days the fastest long distance train in the world, from St. Paul to Seattle in forty-eight hours, has made good. James J. Hill's new departure is a success and the Great Northern railway reports that the new mail flyer has not only maintained its exceptionally fast schedule but has shown an actual performance averaging a half-hour less than the schedule since it was placed in operation.

The distance is 1323 miles and to maintain the schedule the train must make for the entire distance an average speed of a fraction less than 40 miles an hour without allowing for loss of time through coal and water stops. This means that over long stretches of track it must take sixty miles an hour to compensate for less speed on mountain, grades, and for loss of time through unavoidable stops at tanks and coaling stations. Without the most careful and precise handling the train could not maintain its time, which is fixed and unalterable.

It is a five car train for mail only. Over the prairies of western Minnesota it has already won the name of the fastest train on wheels and North Dakotians say that in their state it runs like a scared cat. Before completing its long journey it must mount the long climb to the summit of the Rockies at Belton, Mont., and after dropping down into the valleys it must make a second climb to the great tunnel which pierces the Cascades before gaining the slopes to the coast.

The schedule maintained by the new train is three hours shorter than that of the Harriman lines between Omaha and San Francisco although the distance is about the same.

The government will weight the mails in this district for three months, beginning in February, to determine the compensation for the new service, and the figure thus determined upon will govern during the coming four years. It was to get this contract with the postal department that the new Great Northern service was established.

The establishment of the new service makes St. Paul the gateway to all the western states of Alaska and the ports of the Orient for all mail originating in eastern territory north of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi. The new mail train leaves St. Paul in the early morning after the arrival of incoming mail trains from Chicago which make heavy deliveries at this point of matter for the far west and the Orient.

MRS. ROOSEVELT CALVARY CHURCH

Series of Revival Services in Progress

The second in a series of evangelistic meetings was held at the New Calvary Baptist church in the Highlands last night. These services are being led by Rev. George R. Stair and the singing is under the direction of J. W. Reynolds of Easton, Pa. The singing will be a feature of the meetings. The revival meetings are being conducted by the Calvary Baptist, the Highland M. E. and the Highland Congregational churches. Great enthusiasm was manifested at last night's meeting. Rev. Asa Reed Ditts of the Calvary Baptist church read the scriptures and Rev. J. P. of the Highland M. E. church offered the prayer. Mr. Reynolds sang a solo, accompanied by the organist, Frank B. Hill, and then came the sermon by Mr. Stair. Tonight's meeting will open at 7:45.

HORSE RAN AWAY

Leo Molloy Thrown Out and Hurt

A horse attached to the ambulance of Undertakers Charles H. Molloy & Sons became frightened at an automobile in Thorndike street near the Lowell jail this morning and ran away. Richard Welch, one of the occupants, jumped from the wagon and escaped injury, but Leo Molloy, one of the members of the firm, stayed in the vehicle until he was thrown out at the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets. Mr. Molloy was badly cut and scratched and may have suffered internal injuries.

Messrs. Molloy and Welch were passing through Thorndike street when the explosions from a passing auto frightened the horse, causing the animal to dash forward at a furious rate of speed.

The driver attempted to bring the horse to a stop by tugging on the reins and had nearly succeeded in getting the animal under control when one of the reins snapped. When the horse felt its head free it increased its speed. Mr. Welch jumped from the seat, while Mr. Molloy made a vain attempt to stop the speed of the horse.

The animal went down the hill leading towards Middlesex street with the heavy wagon, to which it was attached, swinging from side to side. Fortunately there were no vehicles in the path of the runaway.

When the horse approached the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets, instead of turning the corner, it crashed through a fence near the railroad crossing and threw Mr. Molloy from his seat to the ground.

Mr. Molloy was picked up and taken to his place in Market street and later to his home in Bridge street. At the time of going to press it was stated that he had escaped injury with the exception of a few scratches and bruises.

Dr. John H. Donovan

Has moved to Wyman's Exchange, Rooms 409-410, 4th floor. Take elevator.

A Good Mixer

Is the man who corrals the votes. One who won't mix had better stay indoors out of the wet. Perhaps he's best off at that. But speaking of MIXERS, a prominent Lowell man has been telling us of splendid results he gets by burning a mixture of COKE and Coal. His practice is to burn coal alone only during the severest weather, in fact only when he forces his fire. At all other times he uses a mixture of OUR COKE and Coal. He says he gets a fire easier to control, one that wastes less fuel, and he never loses his fire during spells of mild weather. He says it's part of the problem of how to heat the house. The logic of all this is not difficult to understand. We shall be glad to mix with any individual who wishes to mix such a mixture. The COKE end of this mixture.

COSTS \$4.75 PER CHALDRON

Experimental Bags Sold for Ten Cents

Lowell Gas Light Co.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.				WESTERN DIV.			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
6:40	6:50	6:14	7:18	6:40	7:18	6:50	7:18
6:57	7:11	7:03	8:30	6:57	7:11	7:03	8:30
7:14	7:28	7:20	8:48	7:14	7:28	7:20	8:48
7:31	7:45	7:37	9:05	7:31	7:45	7:37	9:05
7:48	8:02	7:54	9:22	7:48	8:02	7:54	9:22
8:05	8:19	8:11	9:39	8:05	8:19	8:11	9:39
8:22	8:36	8:28	9:56	8:22	8:36	8:28	9:56
8:39	8:53	8:45	10:13	8:39	8:53	8:45	10:13
8:56	9:10	9:02	10:30	8:56	9:10	9:02	10:30
9:13	9:27	9:19	10:47	9:13	9:27	9:19	10:47
9:30	9:44	9:36	11:04	9:30	9:44	9:36	11:04
9:47	10:01	9:53	11:21	9:47	10:01	9:53	11:21
10:04	10:18	10:10	11:38	10:04	10:18	10:10	11:38
10:21	10:35	10:27	11:55	10:21	10:35	10:27	11:55
10:38	10:52	10:44	12:12	10:38	10:52	10:44	12:12
10:55	11:09	11:01	12:29	10:55	11:09	11:01	12:29
11:12	11:26	11:18	12:46	11:12	11:26	11:18	12:46
11:29	11:43	11:35	13:03	11:29	11:43	11:35	13:03
11:46	12:00	11:52	13:20	11:46	12:00	11:52	13:20
12:03	12:17	12:09	13:37	12:03	12:17	12:09	13:37
12:20	12:34	12:26	13:54	12:20	12:34	12:26	13:54
12:37	12:51	12:43	14:11	12:37	12:51	12:43	14:11
12:54	13:08	13:00	14:28	12:54	13:08	13:00	14:28
13:11	13:25	13:17	14:45	13:11	13:25	13:17	14:45
13:28	13:42	13:34	15:02	13:28	13:42	13:34	15:02
13:45	13:59	13:51	15:19	13:45	13:59	13:51	15:19
14:02	14:16	14:08	15:36	14:02	14:16	14:08	15:36
14:19	14:33	14:25	15:53	14:19	14:33	14:25	15:53
14:36	14:50	14:42	16:10	14:36	14:50	14:42	16:10
14:53	15:07	15:09	16:27	14:53	15:07	15:09	16:27
15:10	15:24	15:16	16:44	15:10	15:24	15:16	16:44
15:27	15:41	15:33	17:01	15:27	15:41	15:33	17:01
15:44	15:58	15:50	17:18	15:44	15:58	15:50	17:18
16:01	16:15	16:07	17:35	16:01	16:15	16:07	17:35
16:18	16:32	16:24	17:52	16:18	16:32	16:24	17:52
16:35	16:49	16:41	18:09	16:35	16:49	16:41	18:09
16:52	17:06	17:08	18:26	16:52	17:06	17:08	18:26
17:09	17:23	17:15	18:43	17:09	17:23	17:15	18:43
17:26	17:40	17:32	19:00	17:26	17:40	17:32	19:00
17:43	17:57	17:49	19:17	17:43	17:57	17:49	19:17
18:00	18:14	18:06	19:34	18:00	18:14	18:06	19:34
18:17	18:31	18:23	19:51	18:17	18:31	18:23	19:51
18:34	18:48	18:40	20:08	18:34	18:48	18:40	20:08
18:51	19:05	18:57	20:25	18:51	19:05	18:57	20:25
19:08	19:22	19:14	20:42	19:08	19:22	19:14	20:42
19:25	19:39	19:31	21:00	19:25	19:39	19:31	21:00
19:42	19:56	19:48	21:17	19:42	19:56	19:48	21:17
19:59	20:13	20:05	21:34	19:59	20:13	20:05	21:34
20:16	20:30	20:22	21:51	20:16	20:30	20:22	21:51
20:33	20:47	20:39	22:08	20:33	20:47	20:39	22:08
20:50	21:04	20:56	22:25	20:50	21:04	20:56	22:25
21:07	21:21	21:13	22:42	21:07	21:21	21:13	22:42
21:24	21:38	21:30	23:00	21:24	21:38	21:30	23:00
21:41	21:55	21:47	23:17	21:41	21:55	21:47	23:17
21:58	22:12	22:04	23:34	21:58	22:12	22:04	23:34
22:15	22:29	22:21	23:51	22:15	22:29	22:21	23:51
22:32	22:46	22:38	24:08	22:32	22:46	22:38	24:08
22:49	23:03	22:55	24:25	22:49	23:03	22:55	24:25
23:06	23:20	23:12	24:42	23:06	23:20	23:12	24:42
23:23	23:37	23:29	25:00	23:23	23:37	23:29	25:00
23:40	23:54	23:46	25:17	23:40	23:54	23:46	25:17
23:57	24:11	24:03	25:34	23:57	24:11	24:03	25:34
24:14	24:28	24:20	25:51	24:14	24:28	24:20	25:51
24:31	24:45	24:37	26:08	24:31	24:45	24:37	26:08
24:48	25:02	24:54	26:25	24:48	25:02	24:54	26:25
25:05	25:19	25:11	26:42	25:05	25:19	25:11	26:42
25:22	25:36	25:28	27:00	25:22	25:36	25:28	27:00
25:39	25:53	25:45	27:17	25:39	25:53	25:45	27:17
25:56	26:10	26:02	27:34	25:56	26:10	26:02	27:34
26:13	26:27	26:19	27:51	26:13	26:27	26:19	27:51
26:30	26:44	26:36	28:08	26:30	26:44	26:36	28:08
26:47	27:01	26:53	28:25	26:47	27:01	26:53	28:25
27:04	27:18	27:10	28:42	27:04	27:18	27:10	28:42
27:21	27:35	27:27	29:00	27:21	27:35	27:27	29:00
27:38	27:52	27:44	29:17	27:38	27:52	27:44	29:17
27:55	28:09	28:01	29:34	27:55	28:09	28:01	29:34
28:12	28:26	28:18	29:51	28:12	28:26	28:18	29:51
28:29	28:43	28:35	30:08	28:29	28:43	28:35	30:08
28:46	29:00	28:52	30:25	28:46	29:00	28:52	30:25
29:03	29:17	29:09	30:42	29:03	29:17	29:09	30:42
29:20	29:34	29:26	31:00	29:20	29:34	29:26	31:00
29:37	29:51	29:43	31:17	29:37	29:51	29:43	31:17
29:54	30:08	29:60	31:34	29:54	30:08	29:60	31:34
30:11	30:25	30:17	31:51	30:11	30:25	30:17	31:51
30:28	30:42	30:34	32:08	30:28	30:42	30:34	32:08
30:45	30:59	30:51	32:25	30:45	30:59	30:51	32:25
31:02	31:16	31:08	32:42	31:02	31:16	31:08	32:42
31:19	31:33	31:25	33:00	31:19	31:33	31:25	33:00
31:36	31:50	31:42	33:17	31:36	31:50	31:42	33:17
31:53	32:07	32:09	33:34	31:53	32:07	32:09	33:34
32:10	32:24	32:16	33:51	32:10	32:24	32:16	33:51
32:27	32:41	32:33	34:08	32:27	32:41	32:33	34:08
32:44	32:58	32:50	34:25	32:44	32:58	32:50	34:25
33:01	33:15	33:07	34:42	33:01	33:15	33:07	34:42
33:18	33:32	33:24	35:00	33:18	33:32	33:24	35:00
33:35	33:49	33:41	35:17	33:35	33:49	33:41	35:17
33:52	34:06	34:08	35:34	33:52	34:06	34:08	35:34
34:09	34:23	34:15	35:51	34:09	34:23	34:15	35:51
34:26	34:40	34:32	36:08	34:26	34:40	34:32	36:08
34:43	34:57	34:49	36:25	34:43	34:57	34:49	36:25
35:00	35:14	35:06	36:42	35:00	35:14	35:06	36:42
35:17	35:31	35:23	37:00	35:17	35:31	35:23	37:00
35:34	35:48	35:40	37:17	35:34	35:48	35:40	37:17
35:51	36:05	36:07	37:34	35:51	36:05	36:07	37:34
36:08	36:22	36:14	37:51	36:08	36:22	36:14	37:51
36:25	36:39	36:31	38:08	36:25	36:39	36:31	38:08
36:42	36:56	36:58	38:25	36:42	36:56	36:58	38:25
36:59	37:13	37:15	38:42	36:59	37:13	37:15	38:42
37:16	37:30	37:22	39:00	37:16	37:30	37:22	39:00
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38:24	38:38	38:36	40:08	38:24	38:38	38:36	40:08
38:41	38:55	38:53	40:25	38:41	38:55	38:53	40:25
38:58	39:12	39:14	40:42	38:58	39:12	39:14	40:42
39:15	39:29	39:31	41:00	39:15	39:29	39:31	41:00
39:32	39:46	39:48	41:17	39:32	39:46	39:48	41:17
39:49	40:03	40:05	41:34	39:49	40:03	40:05	41:34
40:06	40:20	40:18	41:51	40:06	40:20	40:18	41:51
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40:40	40:54	40:56	42:25	40:40	40:54	40:56	42:25
40:57	41:11	41:13	42:42	40:57	41:11	41:13	42:42
41:14	41:28	41:30	43:00	41:14	41:28	41:30	43:00
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42:22	42:36	42:38	44:08	42:22	42:36	42:38	44:08
42:39	42:53	42:55	44:25	42:39	42:53	42:55	44:25
42:56	43:10	43:12	44:42	42:56	43:10	43:12	44:42
43:13	43:27	43:29	45:00	43:13	43:27	43:29	45:00
43:30	43:44	43:46	45:17	43:30	43:44	43:46	45:17
43:51	44:05	44:07	45:34	43:51	44:05	44:07	45:34
44:08	44:22	44:24	45:51	44:08	44:22	44:24	45:51
44:25	44:39	44:41	46:08	44:25	44:39	44:41	46:08
44:42	44:56	44:58	46:25	44:42	44:56	44:58	46:25
44:59	45:13	45:15	46:42	44:59	45:13	45:15	46:42
45:16	45:30	45:32	47:00	45:16	45:30	45:32	47:00
45:33	45:47	45:49	47:17	45:33	45:47	45:49	47:17
45:54	46:08	46:10	47:34	45:54	46:08	46:10	47:34
46:11	46:25	46:27	47:51	46:11	46:25	46:27	47:51
46:32	46:46	46:48	48:08	46:32	46:46	46:48	48:08
46:53	47:0						

NIGHT EDITION

MANY NEW WELLS

Installed in Boulevard by Water Department

Department Looking for New Water Vein—Water Has Been Cloudy of Late—Recount in 19th Representative District Leaves Result Unchanged—Many Young Voters Register for City Election—Other City Hall News

The water department is looking for a new vein of water. Fifty new wells have been installed in the boulevard within the last few months and the department is planning for 200 more. Engineers are now at work on the plans. These things are being done with an eye to the future and were suggested by two successive years of excessive drought. The rainfall for the last two years has been much less than for any two successive years since Lowell's water works were properly installed, and the effect of such unusual drought has shown itself in the water.

The latest complaint—in the annual report of the board of health, giving the rainfall by inches for thirty years, shows the rainfall for 1908 was more than two inches less than any year during that period and 22.078 inches less than in 1901.

Water Is Cloudy

The water board has received several complaints of late relative to the cloudy appearance of the water. Asked about these complaints, Supt. Thomas said: "We have received quite a number of complaints and I think that the trouble is due in a great measure to connections that are being made at the present time. We are making connections on dead ends, so-called. A pipe that stops in a street and does not have further connection is called a dead end. We are connecting all of these that we can and I think that will give better circulation through the pipes. A fluctuation in pressure through the pipes stirs the rust and sediment that naturally form on the inside of the pipes and once stirred up it shows in the water."

"We can't lose sight of the fact, too, that we have had two years of unusual drought and that means a decrease in the amount of water. The average rainfall for the last two years has been extremely small and when the water is low we have to pump harder and that fact, I presume, adds to the discoloration of the water."

No Cause for Worry

"There is no occasion for any worry or excitement over the matter, however. We are in close touch with the state board of health and the board makes an analysis monthly. Lowell has as good water as any city in the state or in the country for that matter. The state board of health finds nothing the matter with our water except that it contains a little more iron than usual. For drinking or cooking purposes the presence of iron in the water does not matter, in fact, I presume, it is more or less beneficial, but it does effect it on washing clothes."

"Before any complaints relative to the condition of the water were received we decided upon installing new wells. We installed 50 this summer and we have plans for 200 more. Our idea is to cover a bigger area and then, of course, we will not have to pump so hard."

"The department has gone further than to install and plan for new wells. We are also looking for a new vein of water and I think we have found it but it is not on city land."

The Cook Wells

The Cook wells are not being used at the present time and when they were used last summer the department received a great many complaints relative to the condition or appearance of the water. Asked how he accounted for this, Mr. Thomas said: "The Cook well water is all right, but the process that has to be gone through with in order to distribute it, rolls it and renders it hard."

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MERRIMACK AND CENTRAL STS.

Were Full Last Saturday Night

With the characteristic crowd of Lowell people—neatly dressed, well-behaved, thrifty-looking—and nearly everyone in passing stopped for a few moments to look at the fine exhibit of C. I. Hood Co.'s preparations in A. W. Dow's & Co.'s window. Many favorable words were spoken—now for Hood's Sarsaparilla, then for Hood's Pills and Hood's Tooth Powder and the water. Asked how he accounted for this, Mr. Thomas said: "The Cook well water is all right, but the process that has to be gone through with in order to distribute it, rolls it and renders it hard."

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PREJUDICE CHARGED

The Defence in the Mullins Case Takes This Line

That Peter C. Delorey and James Mantir were accused of murder upon the strength of an invented story is the unusual allegation to be advanced by counsel for the defence, as revealed by yesterday's developments at the Annie Mullins murder trial in East Cambridge.

An attempt on the part of Atty. Winslow to show, during his cross examination of Mrs. Elizabeth K. Delorey of South Billerica, that she had a grudge against her nephew and Mantir, and that her disclosures to the police which resulted in their arrest closely followed a suit which Mantir brought against her for unpaid wages, met with opposition on the part of the prosecution and caused a debate on law points.

"It was obvious," argued Dist. Atty. Higgins, "that the letters introduced by counsel for the defence and Mr. Winslow's line of cross examination of Mrs. Delorey aimed to give the impression by insinuation and otherwise, that the witness was actuated by malice."

"We wish to show in return that Mrs. Delorey did not suspect either of the defendants or connect them in any way with the murder of Annie Mullins, until nearly four months after the tragedy, when she had a conversation with a Mrs. Johnson (who lives in Mrs. Delorey's house, 15 Cameron avenue, Arlington)."

"During that conversation Mrs. Johnson asked Mrs. Delorey how it was that her nephew and James Mantir had learned of the crime by 6.30 on the morning of April 28, when Peter told her about it, although the body was not discovered until nearly three hours later."

Question Arouses Suspicion

"We wish to show that it was not until Mrs. Johnson called this point to the attention of Mrs. Delorey that the latter was led to suspect that her nephew and Mantir might know something of the crime. We wish to show that she was led into her belief by her talk with another person, and that this suspicion, aroused by another's deduction, came many weeks before Mantir brought suit against Mrs. Delorey."

Judge Fox thought evidence leading to show that Mrs. Delorey entertained any suspicion or communicated to any one else prior to the entry of Mantir's suit might be considered competent, but refrained from giving a ruling until Mr. Winslow had been heard.

Only two witnesses took the stand yesterday. State Detective Byrnes, who testified Saturday concerning the confession alleged to have been made by Delorey, was cross-examined for an hour and a half.

The most important facts brought out by the testimony of Mrs. Delorey was the assertion that Mantir always wore a gray sweater, instead of an overcoat, and that he wore it on the day of the murder; also the statement in one of her letters that the Greek carried a razor.

Said He Waved a Razor

"When he left me he waved his razor and threatened to cut the heart out of one of my neighbors," wrote Mrs. Delorey in this letter. "To protect myself and family from the razor I think I shall refer him to the Cambridge police."

Mrs. Delorey said she only heard part of her nephew's confession and then faintly. She denied that she had ever threatened to put her nephew or Mantir "behind the bars."

"I have known Peter Delorey about 18 years, ever since he was a baby," said Mrs. Delorey. "Mantir came to my place to work in January, 1908. He was willing to do chores without pay, simply for his board and the privilege of being instructed in English. With the possible exception of 10 days, he was at the farm from January until August."

"About the middle of March, 1908, Peter Delorey came out for a vacation. He had been working at a Boston market, and said he was going to take James to Boston to see if he could get him employment Saturdays at the same market."

"They left the farm on the morning of March 27, 1908, and Peter said he did not think they would return before Sunday night or Monday. The following morning, Saturday, I arose about 4.15 and milked the cows at 5."

Found Both Boys in House

"When I came in from the barn I found Peter and James Mantir in the sitting-room. I asked them how they happened to come back so soon."

"Peter said, 'There was a murder back of your house on Marathon street last night.' I said, 'Who was it?' Anyone I know?' He said, 'No; it was a Cambridge girl,' I said, 'Who told you?' Peter said, 'A conductor on the car.'"

After this talk I went to the kitchen to wash milk pails. The next I saw of them was at the barn. James was washing some clothes and Peter was standing close by. The clothing being washed was underclothing."

"I told the boys to get what they wanted out of the house, as I was going to drive to Billerica. I went in the dogcart with my son. Returning, an hour later, I did not see either of them."

"I saw underclothing drying on the stone wall; shirts and other articles were hung near the l-h-house, and on the stone wall I saw Jim's trousers and coat. On a board in the barn I saw a gray sweater. Later I gave this sweater to Patrolman Preshe of Cambridge, who called on me."

At this point the sweeter, bearing stains which Prof. Whitmore testified were human blood, was shown to Mrs. Delorey, and she identified it as the garment she found in the barn.

"I never saw James Mantir wash any clothing before or after March 28, 1908, while at my farm," said Mrs. Delorey. "I always did his washing."

Signed Statement to Defence

In his cross-examination of Mrs. Delorey, Mr. McDermott brought out that during a visit which counsel for the defence made to her home she signed a statement which read, in part:

"Peter went down the second Friday evening after he was here. He told me he expected to get work. I am positive it was the second Friday. He was down the first Friday, and that was the date of the murder. Before the third Saturday he was gone, either Thursday or Friday. This is as near as I can get it."

Emphasis was placed by Atty. McDermott on the sentence "This is as near as I can get it." The day was told to Gordon that day. It is hard enough to have one guilty. If I could do anything for Jim (Mantir) I would do so, but I fear it is too late."

"What does April 4 in that letter mean?" asked Mr. McDermott.

"Simply that you told me about those dates and asked questions about them, and I asked the children about the dates because you wanted to find out. You told me you had been unable to get any helpful information from Peter Delorey's family."

Letter Regarding Mantir's Suits

The following letter was introduced: August 27, 1908.

Walter J. Caskey—Dear Sir: Your letter of the 24th inst. at hand and contents noted.

I am rather surprised to hear from you in reference to this man Frank Mantir, alias James Mantir, but I believe his right name is Spirekalis. Last week Mr. Brooks, 50 State street, had the case, and then it called for \$100 but I see it has come down to \$83.32. The fact is, I don't owe this Frank Mantir, or whatever is his name, a cent. I call it blackmailing or obtaining money under false pretence.

"I have not got Mantir's advertisement, but if you can conveniently get the last week of last December of the Boston American you will find the 'ad' reads something like this: That he was to work free for his board and a chance to learn the English language."

"That is all the agreements made with this man of many aliases. Already I have written Mr. Brooks a long letter, but as I have not heard from him he must have thrown it up. I answered this young man's advertisement, this was about the last of December, and I distinctly told him I paid him no wages. Let him show you the letter. I gave him a home and did the best I could toward teaching him the English language, as we are English speaking people."

"If we were at liberty to go when he wished, I used him the same as I used my son, as I believe in the 'golden rule.'"

THOS. CONNOLLY

Will be Buried by Lowell Friends

Undertaker Thomas J. McDermott and Jeremiah McGlinchey of Gorham street, left for North Woodstock, N. H., this noon to take charge of the body of Thomas J. Connolly, who was found dead on the banks of the Penobscot river on Sunday under peculiar circumstances. If possible they will bring the body back to Lowell, if not, they will provide for a proper burial.

Connolly had been in Lowell up to a few weeks ago and was well and most favorably known in the vicinity of his home. He resided with an aged aunt in Union street. He was a dyer and a man of good family and good reputation. His Lowell friends cannot understand how his death should occur as it did. The aunt of the deceased was unable to meet the expense of bringing the body to Lowell and so informed the police, who telephoned the fact to the New Hampshire authorities. When this fact became known to the friends of the deceased, Messrs. McGlinchey and McDermott and ex-Councilman Finmerly interested themselves in the case and in a short time had raised an amount sufficient to cover all funeral expenses. They attempted to explain the situation to the New Hampshire authorities over the telephone this morning and being unsuccessful took the first train for North Woodstock.

Gilmore's orch., Runels hall, tonight.

MURDER MYSTERY

Autopsy Performed on Body of a Young Woman

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—An autopsy performed today on the body of Dorothy Byrnes, a young girl of a well known Brooklyn family, who died yesterday in the Blackwells Island hospital, brought to light facts which convinced the police that another murder mystery had been added to New York's long list of unsolved crimes.

The autopsy disclosed a fracture extending across the base of the skull and bruises on the body. Before the girl died she admitted that she had been in a motor car on a trip to Coney Island with some strange men and had been forced by their treatment of her to jump out of the car. She was found in a dazed state and committed to Blackwells Island hospital, her condition being mistaken for that of intoxication. The condition of the body led Prof. John Larkin of Columbia university, who assisted in the autopsy, to declare that the girl received her fatal injury while trying to escape from the men in the automobile.

"She lost her life while defending herself," said Prof. Larkin. The authorities are trying to discover the identity of the men who were with Miss Byrnes in the automobile.

BRITISH PEOPLE

Are Getting Their Beef From Argentina

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Britons are coming to look to America for their supply of the "roast beef of old England" and are turning more and more to Argentina for meats and cotton.

R. M. Bartelman, consul general at Buenos Ayres, formed the department of commerce and labor today that the traffic in beef from Argentina to England was growing rapidly and that the British isles are becoming more and more dependent on the South American republic for their meat supplies. He also reported that prominent English shipowners and Argentine cattle ranchers have organized a company which will undertake to ship supplies of chilled meat regularly each week from the river Plate to London and Manchester. This trade, it is expected, will eventually cut into the United States meat exports and the matter is immediately taken up by the interests concerned.

CHARGES OF GRAFT

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Charges of graft and bribery in a new form are rife in the ranks of New York's bicycle policemen leading to practically unrestrained violation of the speed laws by autos, will be made the basis of wholesale transfers and dismissals of bicycle and motor cycle officers, according to announcement made by Police Commissioner Baker today. Commissioner Baker called attention to the fact that during October there were 22 persons killed and more than 100 persons injured by autos in New York city. Commissioner Baker said today that speeding had become such a menace because the policemen had been working with chauffeurs and winking at law violations in return for the free use of automobiles and other inducements.

SOCIETY ABSENT

From the Horse Show This Morning

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Heavyweights of the horse world jogged into the ring at Madison square garden when the judges at the National Horse show began their work today. Society and the multitude out in force last night were notably absent in the earlier hours today. Horse owners and breeders were present in large numbers, however, and gave close attention to the happenings on the track as the judges passed upon the merits of several classes of geldings, clydesdales and percherons. An interesting event of the day was the preliminary trial of nearly two score ladies qualified hunters, the judging of which will be a feature on tonight's program. The best time yet obtained on the merits of the foreign horses was late this afternoon when the British and Canadian army officers will put their mounts through a jumping competition for a cup.

Entered Two Catholic Churches

Here This Morning

Caught by Sextons in One but Escaped—Officer Lamoureux Also Had Hold of Him but Let Him Escape

The churches of the Immaculate Conception in Belvidere and St. Jean Baptiste in upper Merrimack street were broken into early this morning and in the former place about \$2 in small coins were taken from the poor box, while in the latter the poor box in the basement was removed from its fastenings and was being carried out when the robber was captured by the two sextons of the church. While the sextons were taking the man to the police officer the man broke away, but they managed to secure his hat. Later in the morning the man was captured by Patrolman Joseph L. Lamoureux in Ford street, but once more the man got away and at the time of writing the man is still at large.

Sometime between midnight and 5 o'clock this morning the man in question gained an entrance to the basement of the Immaculate Conception church by means of a window and after removing two of the poor boxes from their fastenings secured about \$2. He then went to the St. Jean Baptiste church and after tearing away a screen on a window in the basement on the Allen street side of the church got into the building. He made his way to one of the poor boxes, which is in the shape of a large pipe, covered at both ends and fastened to the wall, and after removing it tore a drapery from one of the confessionals, and wrapped it around the box.

He was about to pass through the library when he was surprised by Paul and Epiphane Labrie, who are the sextons of the church. The sextons grabbed the intruder and started him towards the nearest patrol box in order to turn him over to a police officer. While passing through Cabot street the man broke away from his captors, but the latter secured his hat.

They later met Patrolman Lamoureux and gave him the hat and he started on a search for the man. While passing through Ford street the officer saw a man without a hat and running up behind him pushed the hat over the man's head and said, "Is this your hat?"

The man, who was undoubtedly the burglar, though taken wholly by surprise, answered in the negative and said that his hat was in the house and would prove such to be the fact if the officer would accompany him.

The officer with the man entered a building in the street. The man led the way and after entering a tenement on the second story jumped from the window and made good his escape.

The police have been given a description of the man and are now on the lookout for him.

THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY NOVEMBER 9 1909

ESTABLISHED 1878

PRICE ONE CENT

THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Wednesday;
light to moderate easterly winds.

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6 O'CLOCK EXPLOSION OF GAS

Started Fire in a House in Moody Street

An alarm from box 52 at 11:20 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in the basement of the Dupont block in upper Moody street. The fire was caused by a gas explosion but had been extinguished before the department arrived on the scene.

Marion Farley and another employee of the Lowell Gas Light company were in search of a leak in the gas pipe in the cellar of the building and were using the regulation closed lantern used by employees of the company. They came on the leak suddenly and the escaping gas communicating with the flame of the lantern caused an explosion.

Farley immediately grabbed his cap

off his head and placed it over the flame and succeeded in extinguishing it, but not before his hand was badly burned.

In the meantime an alarm was sent in from box 52 but when the department arrived the fire was out.

Fred C. Church carried the insurance on the building.

An Investigation

An investigation into the cause of the fire which occurred in one of Robert D. Bartlett's houses in Lincoln St. early Sunday morning will be conducted by Fire Marshal's Aid Rice at the office of the chief engineer of the fire department in Middle street tomorrow morning.

ORAL BETTING ALLOWED

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Oral betting does not constitute book-making within the means of the recent race track gambling laws. This in effect is the decision of the court of appeals today affirming an order from the lower courts for the discharge from custody of Orlando Jones and Sol Lichtenstein who were indicted in Kings county on a charge of book-making.

ROBERT SIMPSON

A Victim of Hypnotic Experiment is Dead

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Nov. 9.—Victim of hypnotic experiment, Robert Simpson is dead and Prof. Arthur Everett of Newark, the hypnotist, is under arrest and in a state of collapse today over the failure of his heroic efforts to revive his subject.

County Physician Long said that an autopsy would be performed today to determine the exact cause of Simpson's death.

Simpson's death was witnessed by a numerous audience. The crowd cheered as the hypnotist with a few passes put him in a rigid state, placed his head on one chair and his feet on another and then stood on the man's body. Then clapping his hands, Everett attempted to end the experiment in the usual way. But there was not the usual response. Simpson's eyes rolled, his jaw dropped and he collapsed and rolled heavily over on the floor. No sign of life was afterwards apparent. Everett, who had been informed that Simpson had been drinking before the experiment was performed.

INCREASE IN WAGES

BETHLEHEM, Nov. 9.—The wages of several thousand employees of the Bethlehem Steel Co. will be restored to the scale in vogue before the 1907 depression, according to an announcement made by C. M. Schwab. The increase will amount to ten per cent.

BANK CASHIER ARRESTED

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 9.—George H. Osborne, for 35 years cashier of the Huntington bank, was arrested today on the charge of being short in his accounts. Amount unknown.

5000 HOMELESS DUTY ON BRISTLES

Island of Panay Crossed Is Seven and One
by Typhoon Half Cents

MANILA, Nov. 9.—Panay, an island of the Visayas group, Philippines, was crossed by a typhoon last Sunday. The storm was especially severe in Capas province where many homes were destroyed. Five thousand persons are homeless and much property and crops destroyed.

The wind, which was of hurricane force, was accompanied by heavy rain and much of the country is flooded.

A Mother Writes:

"You Don't Know"

"How grateful I am for the bottle of Anti-sen, baby's own medicine. I had been using quinine. I am sorry I did not know about Anti-sen before. I will never be without it again. It has done my baby a world of good. It has saved me many a dollar and has been a God-send to me." This mother is Mrs. M. H. Ragan, 367 Union St., Manchester, N. H.

Anti-sen is a safe and pleasant remedy for stomach, liver and bowels. 25c.

DEATHS

MAHONEY—Hannah Mahoney, a devout attendant at the Sacred Heart church, died this morning at her home, 67 South Whipple street. The deceased was the widow of the late William and is survived by two sons, William and John J. Funeral notice later.

LUNNEY—Mr. Patrick Lunney, an old resident of Centralville and an esteemed member of St. Michael's parish, died last night at his home, No. 14 E. 1st street, after a short illness. Mr. Lunney was a charter member of St. Michael's Holy Name society, being one of the oldest members of the parish. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and four daughters, Mrs. Patrick Kane, Mrs. Joseph Preston, and Misses Anna and Nellie Lunney; two sons, John and James, all of this city.

STANTON—Rev. W. B. Stanton, D. D., seventh pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, died at Miami, Fla., Oct. 28.

Dr. Stanton was pastor of the Lowell church from Nov. 2, 1865, to June 30, 1870. This was his first pastorate, his graduation from a New York state theological seminary taking place shortly before he came here. He was ordained in the First Baptist church Nov. 2, 1865. Dr. Stanton entered upon his work in Lowell with enthusiasm and good judgment and by his genial, winning way won the hearty cooperation of the church. He resigned on account of ill health, preaching his farewell sermon June 26, 1870. During his pastorate in Lowell 233 persons united with the church. He then removed to San Mateo, Cal., and in 1895 went to Lebanon City, Cal., where he purchased a tract of land, built a home and planted an orange grove and pineapple plantation. In 1897 he went to Miami where he preached in a tent and gathered a number of faithful members. Two years later a society was formed with an actual membership of 300. A church and parsonage were built. The immediate cause of his death was pneumonia, although he had been in feeble health for some time. He would have been 71 years of age in December. He is survived by his wife, one son, Rev. Arthur Stanton, a missionary in India, one daughter, Mrs. Theodore House of Miami, and one brother, Mr. Avery Stanton. The burial was at Norwich, Conn.

HUNT—George Francis Hunt, for many years a resident of this city, died at his home on Elm street, Warren, Mass., Nov. 8, at the age of 76 years, 8 months and 23 days.

His parents were George and Jerasha (Benetti) Hunt of Groton. He attended the grammar schools of Groton and the high school at Manchester. A short time afterwards he entered the employ of the Harvard Fire Insurance company in Lowell. This was in 1875. He was appointed cashier of the First National bank here for three years, which position he resigned in 1880 to establish a general fire insurance agency, which he held for 17 years, when he removed with his family to Warren. There Mr. Hunt was known as an unusually good accountant and he carried on his insurance business with John M. Drake until within a year of his death. He was made a master of Penitence lodge June 8, 1888.

He is survived by five children: Mrs. Nellie Maud Wentworth of Lowell, Mrs. Jennie Maria Hutchinson of Nashua, N. H., both his first wife, Oliver James Wentworth, and George Clement Hunt of Worcester, Mrs. Mary Hunt Brooks of Denver, Col., and Guy P. D. Hunt of Colorado Springs, Col., by his second wife, Rinda Maria Drake, late deceased.

Burial will be in the Lowell cemetery upon the arrival of the 2:45 o'clock train Thursday afternoon, with Masonic services.

FUNERALS

WILSON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Wilson took place this morning at 10 a. m. from the Edison cemetery chapel and was largely attended. Rev. Asa R. Ditts was the officiating clergyman. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. The following eulogies were read: "A Good Woman," by Rev. Asa R. Ditts; "A Good Woman," by Rev. Asa R. Ditts; "A Good Woman," by Rev. Asa R. Ditts.

Decedent died at Fairfield, Me., Nov. 6, and the body was accompanied to Lowell by her niece, Miss Alma Gibson, and a cousin, Mrs. Lydia Watters of Chicago, Ill., a brother of the deceased, was present at the funeral. Interment was in the Edison cemetery, under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

DUGGAN—The funeral of Thomas W. Duggan took place Monday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons. Funeral services were held at St. Peter's church at 2 o'clock. Rev. Daniel Heffernan officiated. The bearers were Terrence Duggan, Joseph and Charles Gleason. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

CALLAHAN—The funeral of the late Arthur Callahan took place this morning from his home in North Chelmsford, and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. John's church, where a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. McNamara. The choir under the direction of Miss Josephine McCabe sang the Gregorian chant and during the services appropriate hymns were sung by members of the organ. Mrs. McCabe presiding at the organ. Among the beautiful floral tributes were a spray from Mr. and Mrs. Welsh; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Kibler; spray, Mrs. M. Marshall, Sr. and family; and spray, E. F. Anderson and family. The bearers were Philip and Stephen Callahan brothers, and James Stephen Anthony Healy, cousins. The burial was in the Catholic cemetery in this city in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

MACFARLAN—The funeral of Mrs. Linda Belle MacFarlan, the beloved wife of Mr. James A. MacFarlan, took place from her late residence, 57 Tolman avenue, Monday afternoon, and was largely attended by many relatives and friends. There were many beautiful floral offerings, which showed the esteem in which the deceased was held. The services were conducted by Rev. Frank H. Alder, pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church. The body was sent on the 2:25 train to Bedford, Mass., for burial by Undertakers J. B. Currier & Co.

BARKER—The funeral of Perley W. Barker took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 55 Middle street, Rev. George F. Kennington and Rev. J. C. Wilson officiating. The bearers were L. E. Durrell, John Pendergrew, Carl Peterson and Charles Peterson. Burial was in the Edison cemetery under direction of C. M. Young.

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THREE FIGURES IN SENSATIONAL ALASKAN LAND DISCLOSURES



WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—L. R. Glavis, former chief of the field division of the United States general land office, who was removed from office following a clash with Secretary Ballinger over the Alaskan coal land claims, has written an extensive article for Collier's Weekly, setting forth in detail many sensational points of the controversy. His statement bristles with serious charges against the secretary of the interior and hints that the Guggenheim interests are in charge of the department of the interior. The title of the article is "The Whitewashing of Ballinger." So serious are the accusations Mr. Glavis makes that it is not believed that President Taft will allow the matter to pass unnoticed. Mr. Ballinger's first clash in office was with Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forestry bureau.

ICE TRUST CASES

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Further testimony, showing the methods of the American Ice Co. in undermining independent dealers, was presented, by witnesses called by the prosecution at the trial of the ice company on the charge of violating the anti-monopoly law today. Former canvassers of the company told how they had been sent out to get trade at almost any price.

Some of the books and records wanted by the state are missing and counsel for the company declared today that they could not be found.

McNulty, Joseph Duggan and Joseph and Charles Gleason. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

FUNERAL NOTICES

VEALE—Died Nov. 8th, Joseph Veale, aged 2 months and 21 days, at the home of his parents, Joseph and Ellen Veale, Quigley avenue, North Chelmsford. Funeral services will be held at the home of his parents, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Burial private. Undertaker George W. Healey in charge.

PERNOLD—Died, Nov. 8th, Mrs. Viola U. Pernold, aged 62 years, 4 months, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Barry F. Cady, Tyngsboro, Mass. Mrs. Pernold leaves her husband, John W. Pernold of Mountain View, N. H., and her sister, Mrs. Barry F. Cady with whom she was making a visit at the time of her death. Burial will take place at Mountain View, N. H. Undertaker George W. Healey in charge.

LUNNEY—The funeral of the late Patrick Lunney will take place Thursday morning from his late home, 14 Riverside avenue, at 8:15 o'clock and there will be a high mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director Jas. W. McKenna in charge.

KIERKAN—The funeral of the late James Kierkan will take place from his late home, 4 Rogers street, Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock. A high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Huggins Bros., undertakers, in charge.

GROWING WORSE

Labor Conditions in Great Britain

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Labor conditions in Great Britain are going from bad to worse, judging from the report of Consul-General Griffiths to the department of commerce and labor. Wages are being lowered and the hours of work are decreasing, while an alarmingly large increase in the number of those who are registered as unemployed is being made. Last year during the entire twelve months the wages of 464,000 persons were reduced because of the bad times. In the six months of 1909 from January to June or just half the time 1,081,273 were compelled to submit reductions. The gravely of the situation is vividly set forth by the statistics of the unemployed prepared and compiled by the British government. These show that in the first three days of registration in London last month 2,600 more persons applied for work than in the corresponding three days of 1908. There is a further picture drawn by the trade boards which would authorize the board of trade to establish a minimum rate of wages in all trades where there is satisfactory proof that the scale of wages paid is unusually low or unfair to the workers.

FIGHT A FIZZLE

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—The scheduled eight round fight between Johnny Delano of Brooklyn and Paddy Sullivan of New York last night resulted in a fiasco. The "fight" was stopped after seven and a half rounds by referee Barry and declared no contest.

GERMAN CONSUL

Had Pres. Taft as His Guest Today

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 9.—Only 361 miles from Washington and the end of the 13,900 mile journey, President Taft is spending today in Wilmington in fulfillment of a promise made at Charlotte last spring once again to visit the old North Carolina town and renew acquaintanceship made several years ago.

Mr. Taft slept until nearly 8 o'clock. He arose then to be met by a local committee and was escorted to the palatial old southern home of James Sprunt for breakfast with 25 of the prominent men of the city. Mr. Sprunt is the German consul and the British vice consul and is said to be the greatest single exporter of cotton in the world. He is also one of the oldest residents of Wilmington, having lived here since childhood. On the way from the depot to Mr. Sprunt's place the president passed through a court of young pine trees. The pine tree decoration continued for the entire distance. After breakfast the president was taken for a short automobile ride about the city, during which he saw a living flag formed by the school children of the city. At St. Stephen's church he reviewed the children. At 1:30 o'clock the president boarded the revenue cutter Seminole for a four hours sail on the Cape Fear river to Port Caswell and return. On the way the president passed Old Point Fisher, where one of the important engagements of the Civil war was fought. Luncheon was served on the Seminole and the president returned to the city at 4 p. m. for a parade through the principal streets and address at city hall.

BIG OIL TANKS

Were Ignited During an Electrical Storm

BEAUMONT, Texas, Nov. 9.—During rain and electrical storms yesterday lightning played havoc with oil properties. Lightning set fire to the Gulf Refining Co.'s 55,000 barrel tank of naphtha at Port Arthur. Another bolt ignited nine of the oil tanks of the Texas company near Beaumont. They held about 300,000 barrels of crude oil. The total loss will reach half a million dollars. Six hundred employees worked throughout last night throwing up embankments to prevent the flaming oil from spreading over the fields.

AUTO SPEEDWAY OPENED
ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—With some of the highest powered automobiles ever built, driven by America's most famous drivers, threatening existing track records, Atlanta's new \$350,000 automobile speedway was opened to the public today.

The program for the day called for an attempt at the mile track record of 42 seconds held by Barney Oldfield. A mile stock car race and four other events.

THE BIG FOUR

May Suffer a Loss Running Into the Millions

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—With rumors on the lips of many persons in close touch with railway affairs that the losses to the financial department of the Big Four railroad have developed through the defalcation of Charles Warriner, deposed local treasurer of the road, and may reach as high as two million dollars, interrogation of Warriner by his superiors and others, was resumed today. An official statement given out last night confirmed the rumors previously transmitted through the Associated Press report that the shortage would probably reach \$600,000.

That the total defalcation may go far above the latter figure is generally figured. The officials of the road admit that they are astounded at the revelations made by Warriner and today are pressing him for additional details of how he spent the money, the sums alleged to have been paid by him on account of blackmail and in unprofitable speculation still leaving a large amount unaccounted for. Warriner still insists that he has not a dollar left in the world to transfer to the railroad company.

REPORTS OF AN UPRISING

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Rumors concerning the condition of King Menelik of Abyssinia continue in circulation and there are reports of an uprising in the empire. Today a story was afloat to the effect that a battle had been fought between government troops and rebels during which 3000 men were killed.

These reports cannot be corroborated and are viewed with skepticism here. Recent advices to the Italian government from the capital of Abyssinia stated that King Menelik's health continued to improve and affairs of the capital were assuming a normal character.

LOWERED OLDFIELD'S RECORD

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—Lewis Strang in a Fiat registering 200 horsepower, made a mile over the new automobile speedway today in the remarkably fast time of 37.7, lowering the record of 43 seconds made by Barney Oldfield at Indianapolis. The other drivers, hopelessly beaten, withdrew.

SECY BALLINGER BLIND IN DAY

Says Glavis' Story is Tissue of Falsehoods

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Secretary Ballinger of the department of the interior this afternoon issued the following statement:

"My attention has been directed to the text of an article purporting to have been written by Mr. Glavis which is to appear in Collier's Weekly and advance copies of which have been furnished by that weekly to the press. Because of his peculiar infirmity the young man is noted as a possum hunter. He can distinguish the animals in the trees in the dark as readily as a cat can follow the scent. All his life Wilson has suffered from this infirmity. He says it grows out of too much light entering the eye. It is called the albino eye, he says."

COTTONSPINNERS

Favor a Curtailment in Germany

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The Association of German Cotton Spinners today issued a circular to the mills urging the curtailment of yarn production as an absolute necessity in order to prevent the further heavy rise in the price of raw cotton and the exhaustion of supplies of raw cotton towards the end of the current year. A certain curtailment will occur in January through the enforcement of the new law restricting the hours of labor for women in the factories, but the association regards this as inadequate to meet with the requirements. The spinners also must agree to the systematic restriction of the production of yarn similar to the method employed in the United States, England and other countries.

NEW ART MUSEUM

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Celebrating the completion of the new Museum of Fine Arts on Huntington avenue at the edge of the Fenway, a conference of officers of various museums was held today in the trustees' room of the edifice. After the director, Arthur Fairbanks, had explained to the visitors the principles of arrangement of the new museum emphasizing particularly the decision of collections in each department into historical periods, brief addresses were given. Frederick A. Lucas, curator in chief of the Brooklyn Institute of arts and sciences, discussed the relation between an art museum and a school museum. Franklin M. Cooper, director of the Brooklyn Institute, advocated the New York principle, that the city furnish buildings for collections bought by private individuals. The co-operation of an art museum with the schools was dwelt upon by H. W. Kent, assistant secretary of the Metropolitan museum of art, N. Y., who urged that the regular curriculum of the public schools, John W. Beattie, art director of the Carnegie institute, spoke of the value of international exhibitions, and A. H. Griffith of the museum of art emphasized the importance of the work of the artist.

THE new structure in which the collections are now housed is a classic building of granite with pillars from the two great wings. The collections are so arranged as to secure a maximum of light and of accessibility.

MINOR LEAGUES
SESSION OF NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OPENED TODAY
MEMPHIS, Nov. 9.—The National Association of Minor Leagues opened its session today with the representatives of more than thirty circuits in attendance. The report of Secretary Ward of the National association which was read at today's session shows that the minor league organization is making rapid gains. The report showed 27 leagues now members of the National association and 217 cities were represented. One of the most interesting sections of Mr. Ward's report concerned the number of players drafted by major leagues this year. The American league led with a total of 86 players drafted from the clubs of the national association—more than ten to a club. The National league drafted 77 minor league stars into its fold.

BODY RECOVERED
CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The body of a man, identified as Ernest Camp, the chauffeur of the taxicab which went over the bridge approach Sunday night, was recovered today from the bed of the Chicago river, two blocks below the Jackson street bridge. The search for other bodies was continued with energy.

LATEST POLICE PROBING

The Death of Miss Margaret Perry at Hospital

Fail to Find Proof That She Died as Result of Criminal Operation —Her Own Story That She was Injured by Fall Down Stairs Accepted as Probable

The report of the autopsy on the body of Margaret Perry, who died Friday night at the Lowell hospital, has been submitted by the medical examiner to the proper authorities, and while the report has not been made public as yet it is understood that the findings of the examiners is consistent with the story told by the young woman, that she injured herself by falling down stairs in the place where she was employed.

The police, after making a careful investigation into the case, find no proof of any criminal act in connection with the case. Supt. Welch, however, is determined to probe deeper into the matter in order, that any doubt may be dispelled.

Miss Perry came to this city from Prince Edward Island about four years ago and since the early part of September had been living with a Mrs. James Whelan at 45 Marshall street. She had been employed at the Massachusetts Mohair Plush company in Western avenue up to the time that she was taken ill.

Mrs. Whelan, at whose house Miss Perry lived, in speaking with a reporter stated that she knew nothing of the condition of the girl other than that she complained of being ill.

She knew the young woman as a bright, light-hearted girl, who appeared to have but few cares. "I knew that she was not feeling in the best of health more than a week ago," said the woman, "but I didn't know what the real cause was until after she had left for the hospital."

She said that a young man employed in a store called at her house to see Miss Perry after the latter had gone to the hospital and he was informed of the whereabouts of the girl. The police, however, say that there is nothing to show that the young man who called at Mrs. Whelan's is in any way connected with the case.

A young man accompanied Sergt. Hugh Maguire to the police station yesterday afternoon and was questioned as to what he might know about the case, but after being in conference with the police officials for a short time was allowed to go free.

Dr. Simpson, of the Lowell hospital, said: "The girl was sent here by direction of Dr. E. G. Livingston, and when we made an examination we found her to be in a critical condition. She offered no information, except to say that she had fallen down stairs. She mentioned the name of no doctor. She did not offer any information as to her personal friends. Everything that medical skill could suggest was done to save her life, but there was little hope from the time she came to the hospital. About the only definite information as to her friends was that she roomed with a family named Whelan, and the Whelan family lived in Marshall street.

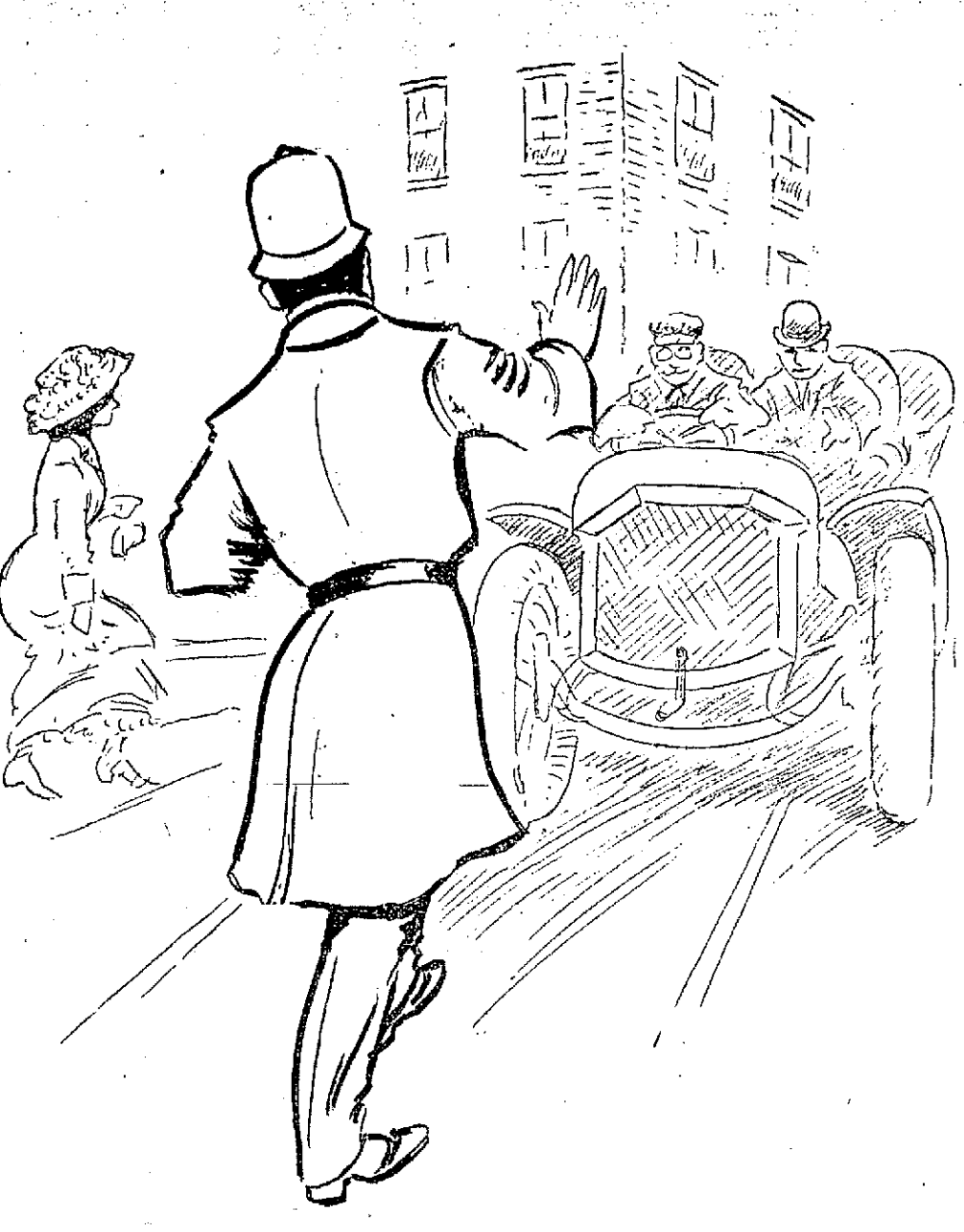
A week ago Saturday Dr. E. G. Livingston was called to the house in Marshall street and it is alleged that he found the girl in a serious condition and advised her to receive surgical attention immediately as blood poisoning had set in. It is said that he told her that if she delayed being attended to the result would be fatal. The woman at the time remarked that she had no money to go to a hospital and feared the publicity of it. Dr. Livingston tried to impress her with the absolute necessity of immediate treatment, but it was not until Nov. 2, when the doctor again called at the house, that she decided to go to the Lowell hospital.

It was noted that her condition was critical by the hospital staff and everything was done to effect her recovery, but she failed to respond to the treatment and died Friday night. She told the people at the hospital that she had fallen down stairs and being in a delicate condition at the time, the shock brought on more serious consequences. The death return was signed "septicæmia," and Saturday night the body was taken to the funeral parlors of Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons in Market street, where it was prepared for burial.

In the meantime the police were notified of the case, and the undertakers were notified not to bury the body until an autopsy was held.

Yesterday afternoon Medical Examiner J. V. Meigs, assisted by Dr. Boyden H. Pillsbury, performed an autopsy and the report of the finding will be submitted to Judge Hadley.

If you want help at home or in business, try The Sun "Want" column.



THE INCLINATION TO SPEED ON THE SMOOTH PAVING OF MERRIMACK, CENTRAL AND MIDDLESEX STREETS IS MORE THAN AUTOISTS CAN RESIST AND HENCE THE FAST ONES REQUIRE FREQUENT ADMONITIONS FROM THE POLICE

IN POLICE COURT

Man Fined for Taking Piece of Cloth From Mill

Manuel Ferreira, charged with the larceny of a piece of cloth valued at 15 cents and the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills, was brought before Judge Hadley in police court this morning, found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$5. William A. Hogan appeared for the defendant while the case for the prosecution was conducted by Major Edward J. Noyes.

The first witness called for the government was Manuel Peter with whom Ferreira boarded. Peter testified that Ferreira gave him a piece of cloth about three weeks ago which he said he took from the mill where he was working. He told Peter to make a dress out of it for his little girl. Later Ferreira left Peter's house and Peter brought the cloth to the office of the Tremont & Suffolk. Then Major Noyes was notified and the latter arrested Ferreira.

Patrolman Noyes, who was at work on the case, testified that Ferreira said he took the cloth from a waste can in the mill and took it home to show the people at the house the kind of material he was working on.

Major Noyes testified that the piece in question was of the same pattern that is woven in the room where the defendant was employed. He also added that the pieces similar to the

one offered in evidence were afterwards sent to the finishing room and being napped were sold as remnants. Ferreira admitted that he took the piece of cloth, but said that it had been thrown into a receptacle where odds and ends were thrown. He said that the contents of the receptacle was used for cleaning the machines, and in case the cloth was large enough it was made into aprons to be used about the mill. He said that he took the piece of cloth to his boarding house and asked Mrs. Peter to make an apron for him, but that instead of doing so she kept it.

On cross examination he said that when he took the cloth from the room he did so for the purpose of having an apron made which he could wear while at work.

The court, after considering the testimony in the case, found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$5.

Placed on Probation
Ovide Quelette pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, Malvina. Mrs. Quelette told a story of how her husband had left her on various occasions, but she admitted that before he went away on the last occasion he had given her \$45 and that yesterday he had given her \$25. The court placed the man in the custody of the probation officer.

Drunken Offenders
There were three first offenders, who were fined \$2 each.

AN OLD RESIDENT

Mrs. Mary A. Morris Died Last Evening

Mrs. Mary A. Morris, aged 81 years, the oldest resident of St. Patrick's parish and probably the oldest Catholic resident of Lowell, died last evening at her home, 203 Broadway. Mrs. Morris was born in Pawtucket, R. I., and when she was one year old her parents moved to Lowell and she has been a resident here ever since. She first lived in Marion street and later removed to the present family home in Broadway. She was a devout Catholic and a constant attendant at St. Patrick's church up to the time of her last illness. She was considered an authority on the early history of Lowell, especially on matters pertaining to the different Catholic parishes, and even up to the time of her illness she would relate most interesting incidents and stories of the early days in this city. She possessed a most charitable disposition and many who were benefited by her generosity will regret her departure from this life. She was a sister of the late Rev. John Bernard Smith, who was rector of the cathedral.

Scientific Examination of Your EYES



I use the latest improved scientific instruments for the proper and perfect examination of eyes and the determination of all eye trouble. There is no guess work with me.

As I make no charge for consultation, you should avail yourself of the benefits of my accurate methods.

It means the right kind of glasses for you - the only kind you can afford to wear.

J. W. Grady
Eyesight Specialist
Rooms 415, 418, 419 and 420
Wynman's Exchange
Cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.
Take Elevator to Fourth Floor
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Saturdays 2 to 5 p. m. Open Sundays from 2 to 5 p. m. Office closed Wednesdays and holidays.

"LA GIOCONDA"

Brilliant Opening of Boston's Grand Opera Season

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—The Boston Opera House, that required \$1,500,000 to create—completed, embellished, the realizations of dreams of years' standing—opened its doors last night to the city it now represents throughout the world, and Bostonians entered in.

The glories of the building broke upon the eyes of the elect of the city as they gathered. The splendors of the beautiful house met the vision of men and women who represent untold wealth, holding positions in society that mark them as fair favored among their fellows, and when the gleaming lights from the great centre chandelier high over their heads shone out resplendent ere they passed from its doors when it was all over, each one felt satisfied with what had transpired and what is yet to come.

"Nordica," "Constantine," "Homer"—names to conjure by in the halls of music, sang upon that stage, but "La Gioconda" and the parties to its production were not in themselves the cause of interest among the 2000 people that great audience numbered.

Women, embellished with diamonds, turned their glasses here and there that they might view every portion of the great edifice, seek out the boxes where those as favored as themselves found places of vantage, and after the evening had passed and the lights were turned off, the audience turned into life and action and being—and thereon.

The artists, participating in the achievement of the opening night found acoustic properties that marked the new opera house that Boston today contains as one of the finest in the world.

They were greeted enthusiastically at times. The curtain calls were fairly frequent, the solos liberally applauded. And while the stage set forth its beauties of costume, of face, of figure, of song too, the man who had made all this possible, the sponsor for building, opera, brilliancy of assemblage, sat in box 37, modestly, but with a smile of great joy on his face.

The joy that came to Eben D. Jordan, sponsor for Boston's great opera house, last night was seemingly reflected in the mind and heart of each one gathered to witness the formal opening of the new institution.

One standing at the very highest point of that auditorium, perhaps 75, perhaps 90 feet above Nordica and her graces of the stage, and looking down upon the sea of faces, could but wonder where all the great gathering had come from; whence all the beautiful women who made all the magnificent gowns; where were gathered the sparkling gems that sent up and up their tiny rays of cold fire to meet the warmer glow of the incandescents; who taught that great number of musicians to swing their notes in harmony; what rod of fancy, what fairy wand had taken up this spot that marked destiny but a year or so ago and transformed it as though by magic stroke into life and action and being—and reality.

TUBERCULOSIS CASES

Chairman McSweeney Wants Disease Treated in its Incipency

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—In a supplemental report, submitted to Mayor Hibbard and Gov. Draper today by Edward J. McSweeney, chairman of the trustees of the Boston consumptives' hospital, the chairman makes an appeal for greater provision for the treatment of tuberculosis in its incipency. The report states in part:

"If the state continues its present policy in regard to the treatment of consumptives in advanced stages, the result will be an immense expenditure of money in which Boston must share, while the beneficial results will be limited largely to the patients being treated and to the cities and towns, which on payment of \$4 per week, are relieved of their duty under the law, to provide local hospitals for the care of their own consumptives. Even more important, this policy is not adequate, in my opinion, to solve the great problem of eliminating consumption and its incidental loss in money, misery, disease and death.

"Science and economy seem to me to demand a much broader and more comprehensive plan for fighting the disease than this. We need a plan which will encourage local communities to do as Boston is doing, to provide hospitals for their own cases, or, if necessary, the aid very much more satisfactory to all concerned, and more in line with the best thought of modern science in this matter.

"The position taken by my honor is, that Boston has—ready, now—more than \$200,000 on tuberculosis, or, in other words, by the best authorities in the world, now finds it should not proceed to make the additional expenditure contemplated under this plan, without knowing exactly what the state proposes to do to enforce the laws which require other cities and towns

to take action similar to that of Boston. I assert that the policy of the state in this matter is not scientifically planned; it means an enormous expenditure in which Boston must share to the extent of 35 per cent.; it is an encouragement in other cities and towns not to obey the law.

"If the policy of the state as regards the three new hospitals at Reading, Middleboro and Westboro is continued, a demand from other portions of the commonwealth for more hospitals of like character is inevitable. But even assuming that the state will stop in this matter where it is, the cost soon becomes appalling.

"It is estimated that in Massachusetts there are 45,000 persons suffering from tuberculosis in one stage or other of the disease. Including Rutland, the state will have facilities for treating but 800 at any one time, and it becomes obvious that more accommodations must be provided.

"The financial magnitude of this burden is apparent, and beneficial as the treatment will be to the 4000 actually treated and to the cities and towns which are relieved of their legal duty to care for their own sick, it is not enough in the long preventive measure, and, more important, offers no encouragement to cities and towns to provide hospitals, as required by the law—in fact, puts a premium on their not doing this.

"The fight against tuberculosis, which really is only the fight for hygiene and health, is a strategic one, which should not know any difference between rich and poor; all cases of tuberculosis should be treated alike, with kindness but firmness, and until this is done real progress will never be made. The state, through its organized health authorities, should direct the work of the local health authorities, who, in turn, will be assisted by charity, private enterprise and philanthropy; the responsibility for the work must be under the direction of the local public health officials, who are now careless and indifferent to their responsibility in this matter.

of the Holy Cross in Boston, and who was regarded as one of the leading preachers of the disease. She is survived by two daughters, Miss Hamill Morris and Mrs. Alice J. Harvey; one sister, Sarah Smith, six grandchildren, James, who is employed as stenographer in a leading furniture house in Boston; Julia, who is clerk in the Lowell Water Works dept. office; John, a drug clerk; William, George and Mary. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock Thursday morning from the family residence, 203 Broadway, and will be celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 11 o'clock. Friends are requested not to send flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

Gilmore's orchestra, Ranelagh hall, tonight.

WM. J. GARGAN
NEW DEPUTY OF ST. JOHN'S T. A.
S. NO. CHELMSFORD

William J. Gargan, a prominent member of the Mathew Temperance Institute, has been appointed deputy of the St. John T. A. society of North Chelmsford by Hon. John T. Shea, president of the C. T. A. U. of the archdiocese. Mr. Gargan is a capable young man and the selection by Pres. Shea is highly satisfactory to the St. John's society as well as to the members of the M. T. A. Deputy Gargan is a good debater and an excellent public speaker and in the Mathews has been very energetic for years. He was prominently mentioned at one time for

the position of corresponding secretary of the union but when the time came he declined to allow the use of his name for the position though his friends were confident that he would carry off the place, against Patrick D. Walsh, a Boston attorney, who won the position, unopposed.

Pres. Shea's new list of deputies shows that many changes have been made. In some cases men who have held the position since Edwin Mulready was president in 1904 have been dropped to give place to new men. Others declined re-appointment and hence the list, with few exceptions, comprises new men.

THREE KILLED

35 Others Were Injured in Wreck

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Three trainmen were killed and 35 men injured in a wreck at Kilmartin station, north of here, early today. The inbound Louisville & Nashville train to Cincinnati which leaves Knoxville at 11 a. m. collided with a south bound freight.

NOTICE TO HALLET & DAVIS CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

Owing to the numerous requests made we wish to state that all persons desirous of buying a PIANO and using their certificate at our store are not in a position, at present, to purchase, we, the

RING PIANO CO.

Will Extend the Time
On their certificate if presented at our store any time before

Saturday, Nov. 13



Upright Pianos
\$125

Upwards

We require no cash payment down, but accept your certificate as first payment and deliver the Piano to your home AT ONCE. The balance to be paid in small monthly payments to suit your convenience.

RING'S Pianos Are Best
110 Merrimack St
AT THE "BIG CLOCK"

TEST OF NEW RULE

Was Made in the Princeton-Dartmouth Game

The Princeton-Dartmouth game did more than anything else this season to show that the readjustment of the relative value of a goal from the field and a touchdown is a more equitable measure of their worth than was the case last year. If a goal from the field were worth as much as last season the victory would have been Princeton's; but here is one case in which two goals from the field were exactly offset by a touchdown and its goal, which doubtless was the idea of the rules committee in reducing the value of a field goal to three points. Dartmouth's ability to block a kick and follow up the play with a touchdown was a fair counterbalance to the amount of work done by Princeton in getting near enough to Dartmouth's goal a couple of times to lift the ball over.

From the time the Hanoverians made their touchdown to the close of the game, and that period was all but a few moments of the second half, the Tigers outplayed Dartmouth, but their superiority in that time was not up to earning any points for them and could not be considered as having any bearing on what the two teams were entitled to from the play that had gone before. True, the blocked kick did not represent any rushing strength by Dartmouth sufficient to keep going for any length of time, but to balance this expensive Princeton error was the fumbled punt by Yale of Dartmouth's first Princeton in position for the first drop kick.

The Princeton undergraduate body was a very much discouraged community after the game. Cheer up! Cunningham's trained toe is an asset not to be despised. There may be more field goals left in it to clear the crossbar. Now Haven, besides, Princeton didn't do as well against Dartmouth last year, and yet put up a most valiant battle against Yale after a discouraging season. Again, Dartmouth is no soft picking for any team. Again, again, the Princeton team, except which often spurs its opponent, is in the backfield as Tibbett, is as good as last year and looks like one which could come faster in the final week. It will have to come faster and further, since Yale is stronger than in 1908 and certainly going along more smoothly than it was a week before the Princeton game last year, although there was here and there a dissenting opinion, more or less expert, to the effect that Yale's line against Brown was "rotten." It was sufficiently sound for the immediate occasion, anyway.

There was a good charge in the Princeton line last Saturday and one which often spurs its opponent, is in the backfield as Tibbett, is as good as last year and looks like one which could come faster in the final week. It will have to come faster and further, since Yale is stronger than in 1908 and certainly going along more smoothly than it was a week before the Princeton game last year, although there was here and there a dissenting opinion, more or less expert, to the effect that Yale's line against Brown was "rotten." It was sufficiently sound for the immediate occasion, anyway.

What the Tigers need and need a lot is better handling of the ball, and that, by the way, was a glaring fault in Harvard's play against Cornell. The Tigers weren't any too sure on punts or in freezing to the ball when it was freezing around loose. They followed it, but did not squeeze it. There was loose handling in taking the ball in scrimmages, but the back was less to blame for that than the passer, for several times the back was handicapped by a pass in which the ball took a lofty, curving course like a modified punt. The back to the side before the kick was blocked took a slow turning sort of a course, as if there was contrary force at work like a drag shot in billiards.

Maybe it is significant that Princeton didn't show much at the outside kick. That is a net Princeton play and every year has been trying to get it out of Yale to better the Blue. Its non-use last Saturday may mean that it is being kept up the sleeve for Yale. The Princeton method of using the forward pass was different from the one with which Nassau has been most successful. The plan of having the passer or run five yards to the side before throwing is one which has been worked well by other colleges, but Princeton's best forward pass has been the short oblique throw from directly behind the line and out toward the ends. Whether the timing of the throw was bad last Saturday or whatever the reason, Dartmouth repeatedly got near enough to the center to bump him out of the way and allow the ball to reach the ground.

A straight tackle plunge was one of Princeton's best plays for short gains. Hart taking the ball in most of these and when he didn't, backing up the runner and helping him along. The runner was hard to get at, the interference was hard to pry apart and there was a right angle effect to the opposing forces when the attack and defense met. As Dartmouth's goal line drew close the play was not as free and strong as further up the field, seemed to tie up and tug and tug. Maybe the sameness of the rushing enabled Dartmouth to save it off. The plays weren't mixed up to bother anybody. The straight plunge, the daring run toward the end and the forward pass came in too regular order. Either Princeton didn't have an attack for the final yards or it was kept effectively concealed from the enemy.

If Read had played through the game it is probable Princeton would have made more ground, he being the best at the landing runs that take a quick turn in after shooting toward the end. He has more of the speed needed for a play of that sort than any of the backs showed after he left the game. The tendency of the backs to run parallel with the line on this play instead of edging in and having less of a turn to make didn't improve it any. In the matter of speed the Princeton backs didn't get started or go into the line with anything like the speed of the Harvard backs. At West Point, the Harvard back getting into their stride for the rushing here this season except Philbin. Annapolis of Read being out of the game it should not be overestimated that Dartmouth lost two of her best men, too, Sherwin and McKersell. In the game against Brown Yale produced some more of the good interference for running back punts that was seen in her earlier games. Yale has done that better than any of them so far. Yet the Brown players are by no means unanimous in declaring that Yale has anything on Harvard in general strength. They are about evenly divided in their estimates of the two eleven.

Yale opened out with some real and sustained rushing tactics last Saturday, and although not carrying the ball as far at a stretch as Harvard did against Cornell, always had the steam to carry it the needed distance to the goal line. In spite of a lot of ragged play Harvard's attack against Cornell was very powerful. Given two teams of equal or almost equal strength in that line the side that has been so drilled that it can grab off from twenty to forty yards at one fell swoop by some sort of open play will have the advantage of expending less energy to get past the other fellows. Ergo, it will have more strength to work on when it does desire to buckle down to rushing.

The Quakers' decisive victory over the Indians led to the belief that the former wouldounce Lafayette handsily, a process of reasoning which evidently was based on a weak foundation. The Indians weren't so hard to beat, but one always is carried away by immediate happenings. Underestimating of Lafayette, however, was the main fault in the reasoning. In the light of the Pennsylvania game the Eastonians are entitled to more credit for the Princeton victory than they generally received. If they don't get a setback they'll have to be considered carefully in placing the leading teams at the finish.

West Point is through with football for the year and no captain will be elected by the Army players until next fall. There's a new rule in effect at West Point in regard to the captain. Instead of being chosen at the end of the season he is not to be elected until the next season is fairly under way. Under this system there won't be danger of electing a captain who can't make good as a player and it will be a question of merit strictly. Without friendship having any influence.

A JOLLY CROWD

At the Opening of St. Anthony's Bazaar

The bazaar in aid of St. Anthony's church was opened most auspiciously last evening in Lincoln hall with a large and merry attendance. The festively decorated and well laden booths were liberally patronized during the evening. The hall was decorated in the National and Portuguese colors. The Colonial orchestra furnished a most pleasing musical program. Rev. Fr. Tosa and his assistant, Rev. Fr. Perrot, were present during the evening. On Wednesday evening the exhibition and prize drills of the Portuguese companies will be held. Officers of the high school regiment have consented to act as ushers on that occasion.

Those in charge of the various tables are as follows: St. Anthony's table, Mrs. Maria Vieira, Mrs. Isabel Anuar, Mrs. Violante S. Netto, Miss Adelaide Simas; Blessed Virgin's table, Miss Ignaz R. Soares, Miss Maria A. Pkansa, Mrs. Marianna Magalhães; sales table, Mrs. Emilio Bott, Mrs. Wilkins, Mrs. Hattie Sheehan, Mrs. Mabel Dimond Perry; refreshment table, Mrs. Maria Vice, Mrs. Isabel Soares, Miss Angelina Custodia, Miss Hemenegarda Santos, Miss Ignaz C. Dias, Mr. Francisco Silva; fishing pond, Mr. Mello, J. G. Aquino; variety store, John R. Vieira, Jacinto B. Ponte.

FIREMEN KILLED

By Falling off Building in Montreal

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.—Thomas Holbrook and William Malloy, firemen, were killed and Captain Brunet and Fireman Patrick J. Homet and James Paire were severely injured by the falling of the building occupied by the Roland Fress Mattress and Spring Co. during a fire yesterday. Seven citizens were also more or less cut and bruised. The financial loss is about \$10,000.

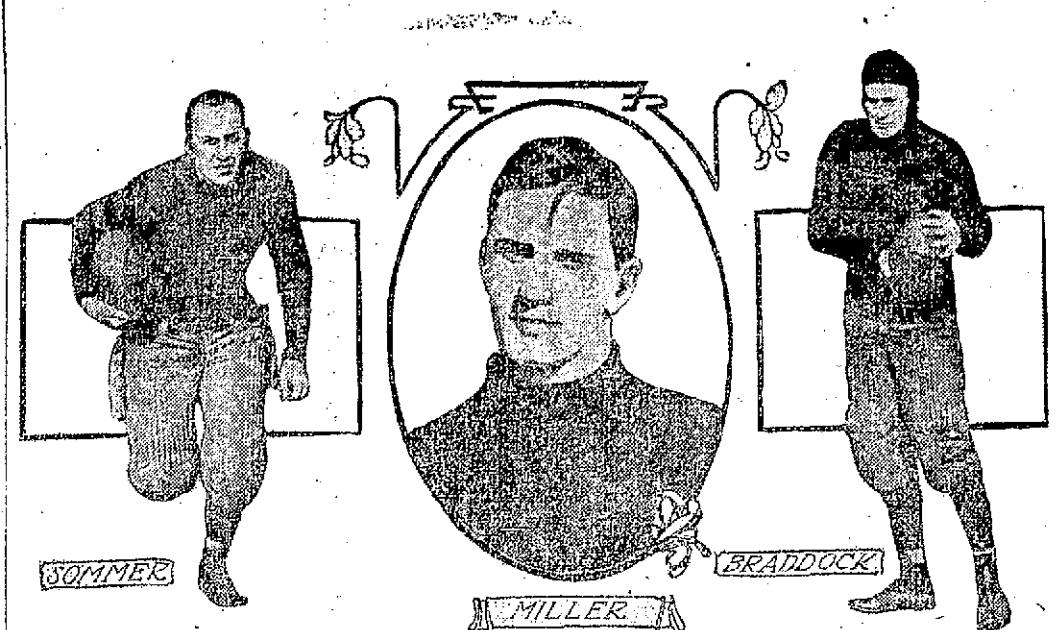
FEES OF \$22,500

Allowed Receivers by Judge Putnam

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Fees for \$22,500 as receivers of the Metropolitan S. S. Co. were allowed former Gov. Cobb, Calvin Austin of Boston and A. Chilver of New York by Judge Putnam of the U. S. circuit court here yesterday. They were appointed in February, 1908. A petition for the payment of receivers' certificates and leave to file answer was granted.

MONTH'S MIND MASS There will be a month's mind mass at St. Peter's church Wednesday morning at eight o'clock for the late Mrs. Ann Donahue.

STARS OF THE MICHIGAN AND PENNSYLVANIA FOOTBALL TEAMS



PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—Despite the fact that Michigan had defeated the hands of Notre Dame recently, the followers of the Wolverines are confident that their favorites will defeat Pennsylvania when the two teams clash on Franklin field, Philadelphia, Nov. 13. The only apparent effect the defeat at the hands of Notre Dame has had on the Michigan eleven is to rid the Wolverines of whatever tendency they may have had toward over-confidence caused by the ease with which Syracuse was mauled. The team, with the exception of Burlesque, who is out for the season with a broken collarbone, came out of the contest in good shape, and the Wolverines will present practically their full strength against Pennsylvania. Either Edmunds or Bertrand will replace Burlesque at end.

Casey having announced that he would play the remainder of the season, thereby settling the uncertainty as to the occupant of left tackle. The overwhelming defeat inflicted by Michigan upon Syracuse recently has given the football critics much food for reflection. The question arises whether the east will uphold its ancient prestige when the teams meet in the annual combat. The west will be well represented by a one of the best balanced teams that have ever been turned out by the famous Ann Arbor institution. In the Syracuse game the western aggregation showed a varied attack, combining the best elements of the new and old games. Pennsylvania after a severe slump suddenly came to life against the Indians and the leadership of Captain Miller, who was re-elected as

quarterback. His generalship was the best that has been displayed on the Penn field this year. The Pennsylvania line is one of the best balanced in the country and should take care of the western eleven's forwards. The probable lineup of the two eleven is as follows: Penn—Braddock, left end; Frenz, left tackle; Dietrick, left guard; Coates, center; Lamberton, right guard; Miller, right tackle; Large, right end; Miller (captain), quarterback; Young, left halfback; Heilmann, right halfback; Scott, fullback. Michigan—Ramsey, left end; Casey, left tackle; Benbrook, left guard; Watkins, center; Conklin, right guard; Wells, right tackle; Miller, right end; Wassmund, quarterback; Magdison, left halfback; Altherdie (captain), right halfback; Lawton, fullback.

THE BELVIDERES

Defeated the Knights of Equity

The Belvideres of the Catholic league gave the Knights of Equity an awful trouncing on the alley last night, winning by over 100 points and taking all four points. L. Martin of the winning team was high man with a triple of 505. The score:

Belvideres	1	2	3	T
Morgan	52	97	91	282
Boyle	115	87	84	286
L. Martin	105	101	98	285
Clark	91	89	105	285
Vice	80	80	81	241
Totals	442	452	459	1353

K. of E.

Boyle 89 91 97 277
Shangnessy 78 87 85 250
Livers 71 82 86 239
Carney 68 79 79 226
Jennings 58 66 73 197
Totals 406 461 455 1322

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Court Modesech, Foresters of America, was held last night, Chief Ranger James J. Dunn in the chair. Two applications for membership were received and referred to a committee. The court voted to celebrate its 25th anniversary by holding a banquet at Forester's hall on January 11. The card team challenges any court to a card game at any time. They have yet to be defeated. The court is in a prosperous condition financially and in point of membership. Interesting remarks on court affairs were made by Chief Ranger J. J. Dunn and Bros. J. J. Mager, P. J. Kennedy, J. Kenrick, E. Bulck, J. V. Downing and others.

THE BIG GAME

Lowell and Lawrence to Meet Saturday

The greatest football game of the season in this city and one which the local enthusiasts have looked forward to with considerable interest will be that between the Lowell and Lawrence high school teams at Scudling park, Saturday afternoon. That the game will be exciting goes without saying for the Lawrence aggregation has a crackback team and will come to this city with hundreds of extras to cheer it on with the hope of being victorious.

But on the other hand the local team has shown up well during the present season. In fact the high school team of today is as fast if not the fastest team that ever represented the school. A celebration in honor of the team is being planned for Friday night previous to the game, the supporters of the team and the high school students planning to turn out in a torchlight procession headed by the high school drum corps, which will be on duty Saturday afternoon to help the cheering.

Nearly a thousand tickets have been disposed of, and in Lawrence a large number have been sold. Special cars will be run from Spicketville, and it looks like the biggest football game ever held in the city.

TEXTILE SCHOOL GAME

The inter-class football game, between the freshmen and sophomores, which will be held Wednesday afternoon on the Textile school campus promises to be a good one. This will be the first game of its kind in the history of the school and there is considerable enthusiasm being displayed. The game will be called at three o'clock.

THE BIG GAME

Police Officers Continue Their Investigation

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The police of New York, Chicago and Cincinnati are vigorously investigating the alleged connection of Edward S. Cooke, a former Big Four railroad clerk, with the defalcations charged to Charles L. Warriner, a Cincinnati official of that company. The name of a Mrs. Stewart



or Mrs. Ford is prominently connected with the case. It has been alleged that Cooke and Mrs. Ford were associated while Cooke was in the company's service under Warriner and that the latter discharged Cooke when he heard that Mrs. Cooke and Mrs. Ford had engaged in a fight in a Cincinnati hotel. Charges of extortion and blackmail have been made in the case, and the police are looking for Cooke and Mrs. Ford.

OUTLAW CIRCUIT

Admitted to the Baseball Association

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Plans for the admission of the California State league, an outlaw circuit, to the National Association of Minor leagues, was the result of the first day's session of the National board of arbitration yesterday. The board spent the entire day discussing the terms under which the Californians would be admitted into the fold of organized baseball.

J. H. Farrell, secretary of the National Association, and Frank Herrmann, president of the California State league, were appointed to draw up the agreement under which the new league is to be admitted. This agreement will be submitted to the National board, and, if approved by that body, it will then go before the entire National Association for final action, probably today.

J. Cain Wing, president of the Pacific Coast league, and Mr. Herrmann held a conference before the question went before the National board. It was decided that the new league would share three cities with the Pacific Coast organization. Non-conflicting schedules will be arranged and San Francisco, Oakland and Sacramento will have two teams each as a concession to get the Californians in the fold. This agreement was approved by the board.

Stockton, Fresno and probably San Jose will be the other cities to make up the six-club circuit of the California state league.

The title to 61 players who are under contract to one or the other lists of some national agreement club, and went with the California State league while it was an outlaw organization, will be decided later. Of these players, now in the newly admitted league, Brooklyn has a hold on Pitcher Strickler of San Jose and Third Baseman Sheehan of Oakland. Pittsburgh has a reserve claim on First Baseman Nealon of Oakland, and the New York National team wants First Baseman Pyl of Stockton.

It was decided that contract jumpers must remain in the California State league for four years, while those who have taken their reserve clauses must remain for two years. Should any of these players be sold or drafted during the four year period, one-half the money will go to the California State league and the other half to the National Association. The minimum purchase price in these cases must equal the drafting price.

The new league will be admitted to Class B.

EXPLORER COOK

Makes Reply to Rear Admiral Chester

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Although he announced early in the evening that he had retired to a quiet place "away from New York," Dr. Frederick A. Cook caused to be issued through a friend last night, a statement in answer to Rear Admiral Chester of the National Geographic Society, who discredited the Brooklyn explorer's claims in an interview at Washington. In answer Dr. Cook says:

"This is the unbiased gentleman who displayed such anxiety to pass upon my records and who now desires to go to Copenhagen as an unprejudiced witness. Do the American people wonder that I have kept my promise to the scientists of Denmark?"

"The only point raised by Admiral Chester is the suggestion of erroneous location by the midnight sun. This sight of the midnight sun on April 7, at no evidence of our position. Though the days had been clear the northern skies had not been clear at night for many days previous to this. A low haze or cloudiness obscured the horizon and the sun sank into this. We did not use the sun at night for nautical observations. Nor did we stay awake all night to watch its effects."

"The original date, which I will send to Copenhagen on November 25 by a special messenger who will take passage on the Scandinavian-American line, will be accompanied by an analysis which I am now preparing, and which will, I hope, make it unnecessary for me to attend before the University of Copenhagen to explain such questions which may arise upon the original record of my observations."

"My altered original field notes and my instruments, when I recover them, will of course, be available for examination by the National Geographic society upon the condition that Commander Peary agrees to submit his original data and instruments for examination at the University of Copenhagen."

COL. DONOVAN

HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE RETIRED LIST

Col. William H. Donovan, of Lawrence, who has commanded the Ninth Infantry, M. V. M., since 1898, has been placed on the retired list. On the order Gov. Draper, commander-in-chief, takes opportunity of expressing his appreciation of the long and honorable service of Col. Donovan for the period of 38 years, during which he has served the commonwealth in peace and in war, the highest evidence of his patriotic devotion to the state and nation.

Col. Donovan joined the militia in Co. 1, 6th Infantry, in 1871. He went to Cuba with the 9th regiment in 1898, commanding one of the battalions of the regiment as major and was later—following the death of Col. Logan in the command of the regiment—appointed lieutenant-colonel.

BADLY INJURED

FRANCIS McDONALD RUN OVER BY MILK WAGON

Francis McDonald, aged six years, child of John McDonald, of Crawford street, was run over by a milk wagon at the corner of Moody and Riverside streets, Saturday night's about six o'clock, and injured so badly that yesterday afternoon it was necessary to take him to the hospital and have an operation performed.

McFARLAND WON

Got the Decision Over Johnny Thompson

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 9.—Packy McFarland, the idol of the Chicago stock yards district, was given the decision over "Cyclone Johnny" Thompson of Sycamore, Ill., in a fast 10 round fight here last night.

The bout was one between a scientific boxer who was able to hit and get away, and a man whose main asset is slugging and who could not get near enough to his shifty opponent to land. In but one round, the second, was Thompson able to send home enough telling blows to make it appear that his strength would carry the fight home to him. But with Packy hanging on and making the most of his wonderful foot work, the "Cyclone" could not corner him. After that round there was little doubt as to the outcome, although Thompson rallied in the last three rounds and did some good work. A slugging war went up when at the end of the 10th round the referee raised Packy's right hand, signifying that he had won.

A few of Thompson's friends clamored for a draw, but the decision was popular in the main.

BART CONNOLLY DEFEATED NEWCASTLE, Eng., Nov. 9.—Bart Connolly, an American fighter, was defeated in a 20 round, contest here last night by Tom Lancaster of Spennymore.

DIAMOND NOTES

President Johnson of the American league apparently has put the quietus on any deal that may involve the lease of Catcher Kling by the Chicago Cubs. Johnson has just announced that Kling cannot play ball again for three years because of his refusal to sign a contract last spring and for the additional reason that he has since played against an outlaw team. Johnson is a member of the national commission, which by only a unanimous vote can reinstate Kling. From this it is clear that Charles Webb Murphy cannot trade or sell Kling, at the same time delivering the goods, unless he first secures permission from the national commission. As Johnson is opposed to Murphyism in baseball affairs it is generally believed that Kling cannot play again unless a powerful game of politics is played in his behalf.

The scheme to beat John A. Heydier out of the presidency of the National league is receiving hot criticism in all the major leagues. Critics say Heydier's honesty and sportsmanship are so well known that the attempt to sidetrack him is widely condemned. Heydier had the nerve to enforce the rules against rowdy ball last summer and also voted with the other members of the national commission to fine a certain magnate for tampering with minor league players. Because of this fact policy Heydier finds that several club owners in the National league are working against his re-election. If New York, Pittsburgh, Boston, Philadelphia and St. Louis stand together, however, the attempt to down Heydier cannot succeed.

INTERCOLLEGIATE HOCKEY

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the Intercollegiate Hockey league held last night at the St. Nicholas rink, Cornell was admitted to membership. The following schedule of games to be played this winter was agreed on:

Jan. 6, Princeton vs. Columbia at New York.
Jan. 8, Cornell vs. Harvard at New York.
Jan. 12, Columbia vs. Harvard at Cambridge.
Jan. 12, Dartmouth vs. Princeton at Boston.
Jan. 15, Princeton vs. Harvard at New York.
Jan. 20, Dartmouth vs. Columbia at Boston.
Jan. 22, Princeton vs. Cornell at New York.
Jan. 22, Dartmouth vs. Yale at Boston.
Jan. 28, Yale vs. Princeton at New York.
Feb. 5, Yale vs. Cornell at New York.
Feb. 9, Dartmouth vs. Cornell at Boston.
Feb. 10, Yale vs. Columbia at New York.
Feb. 12, Dartmouth vs. Harvard at Boston.
Feb. 19, Columbia vs. Cornell at New York.
Feb. 19, Yale vs. Harvard at Boston.

HARVARD-YALE OFFICIALS

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—The Yale football management announced last night that three of the four officials for the game with Harvard at Cambridge on the 20th had been decided upon, but that after four conferences the umpire had not been selected. The officials selected are: Referee, Will T. Langford, Trinity; Field judge, J. Pondleton, Bowdoin; Line-judge, E. K. Hall, Dartmouth.

NEW AUTO RECORDS

LONDON, Nov. 9.—At the Brooklands track yesterday, August E. Henry, the French automobilist, made new records for half mile, with flying start, driving at the rate of 127 miles an hour, and for one kilometer with flying start, running at the rate of 125 miles an hour.

WON 12 MILE RACE

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9.—Percy Smallwood won a 12-mile running race at Duquesne Gardens last night from Hugh Bruce of Pittsburgh, for the middle distance championship of the world. The time was 1:07.15. Smallwood winning by 1.5 laps on a track that measured 5-8 laps in the mile.

GOV. HASKELL

TALKS OF THE JEFFRIES-JOHN-SON BOUT

GETTYSBURG, Okla., Nov. 9.—Asked yesterday whether he would permit the contest between James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson, to be held in Oklahoma, Governor Haskell said that he did "not know just what the enactments of Oklahoma covered in this regard, but one thing is certain, the laws will be enforced as long as I am governor."

FORTUNES MADE IN WHEAT

buys options on 10,000 bu. of wheat. No further risk. Each \$10 in movement from \$500, etc. makes you \$100, 20-250 or \$500. Write for free circulars. COLONIAL STICK & GRAIN CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Bright, Sears & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
SECOND FLOOR

SENORA CALDERON

Wife of Bolivian Minister Died in Washington

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Senora Arcadia Yarnall Calderon, wife of the late John B. Yarnall of Philadelphia, and belonging to two well-known families of the north, the Yarnalls, who were territorial magnates in Maryland, and the Lees and Croppers, who were equally prominent in Virginia. She was before her marriage Miss Arcadia Yarnall. Her father was a prominent business and professional man in Philadelphia, where he died soon after the Civil war had crippled his resources in Maryland.

The senora was educated in Baltimore, and her love for her alma mater led her to educate her three daughters in the same institution. She met Senor Calderon during the centennial. He was then attached to the Bolivian legation in Peru, and got leave of absence to attend the exhibition in Philadelphia.

In April last Senora Calderon talked interestingly to a correspondent as follows:

"When I married unions between North and South Americans were not so frequent, nor was the journey to the lower hemisphere undertaken so easily. We remained in this country for eight years before we began the adventurous journey to La Paz, and all of my three daughters were born in the United States.

"Then another thing which strikes me with amazement is how little people nowadays prize their household treasures. When I went to La Paz I took all my furniture and wedding gifts with me, and when one thinks what it meant to take such articles moleback over the Andes, something of the pride I had in them will be understood.

"After leaving Philadelphia in 1882 my husband was first stationed in Lima, but getting my house goods to the Peruvian capital was nothing getting my treasures in safety from Peru to La Paz. My piano I prized especially, and though it was represented that I could get as fine an instrument in La Paz I insisted on moving my own. The keys were all taken out, and indeed, the entire fabric was unscrewed before it could be packed on mules, yet so skillfully was it done that not a scratch marred the surface, nor did the tone of the instrument suffer from the heroic experience.

"When I went to La Paz first, we made the journey in stage coaches. Now, of course, the train brings the

INCREASE IN DEER

Report of the Fisheries and Game Commission

The report of the commissioners of fisheries and game for the year ending Dec. 31, 1908, has just been issued at the state house as public document No. 26. It contains interesting data regarding mollusk fisheries, marine fisheries, inland fisheries, game birds, etc., etc.

Regarding the biological surveys of the coastal areas below high water mark, in order to ascertain the present and past conditions of the mollusk fisheries, which was ordered by the legislature of 1905, it says:

"Of upward of 60,000 acres of shellfish ground only about 3552 acres are

THROAT MISERY

Read How a Boston Man Got Rid of Chronic Throat Disease

"Hyomel did me a world of good when I had chronic laryngitis. In fact effected a cure after all the best specialists had given me up as a bad job. I tried Hyomel the same as I had tried hundreds of other things that people or doctors would recommend. They all failed except Hyomel, and this effected a cure that has been lasting. All my troubles happened 12 years ago and I ought to be ashamed not to have written you before. At first I waited to see if the cure was permanent or not, and when you realize that for five winters before I used Hyomel that I could not speak above a whisper and sometimes not at all, you can judge why I waited with a good deal of anxiety for time to tell if I was really cured or not."—E. A. Lindsay, 145 South Street, Boston, Mass., April 1, 1909.

Breath the Hyomel in through the inhaler that comes with a \$1.00 outfit, and this highly healing and antiseptic vaporized air will promptly relieve and permanently cure catarrh and all ordinary diseases of the nose and bronchial tubes. It gives great relief to consumptives. Sold by leading druggists everywhere and in Lowell by Carter & Sherburne.

MI-ONA

Cures Indigestion

It relieves stomach misery, sour stomach, belching, and cures all stomach disorders or money back. Large box of tablets 50 cents. Druggists in all towns.

HOME CURE FOR ECZEMA.

Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and Glycerine Combined, Used as a Simple Wash

Does it not seem strange that so many people suffer year in and year out with eczema?

A 25c bottle of a simple wash stops the itch and will quickly convince any patient.

This wash is composed of mild and soothing oil of wintergreen mixed with thymol and glycerine, etc., and known as D. D. D. Prescription. It has now been used for so many years and has proved so highly successful, that we do not hesitate to express our confidence in the remedy. And we surely feel that every reader of this paper who suffers from any skin disease, or knows of any sufferer, will not hesitate to get a 25c bottle on the present special offer. We do not know how long the D. D. D. Laboratories will continue this special 25c offer, but the remedy is regularly sold only in \$1.00 bottles and has never before been put on the market on any special offers.

If you want relief tonight for that on our recommendation.

Carter & Sherburne, Falls & Burkinshaw, and Hall & Lyon Co.

INCREASE IN DEER

A movement to establish "sanctuaries" where native birds may breed in safety is under way. The state reservations should be increased and utilized, particularly for breeding and feeding refuges for native birds.

With reference to deer, the commissioners say: "While it is certainly a fact that the wild lands of the state are well adapted for producing an annual crop of wild deer, an undue increase will without doubt entail hardship upon farmers and property owners. Every assessor and property owner should be advised to protect property and the rights of property owners.

"In the near future it may be necessary to control the increase of deer. A general open season, even for a very few days, would bring out an uncontrolled rush of inexperienced and irresponsible hunters. To prevent untoward results it may be necessary to issue a special license for deer hunting with a fee sufficient to limit it to persons of responsibility and to insure to the state reimbursement for money paid to land owners for damage to crops by deer."

LILLIAN GROVER

Told Police That She Drank Poison

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The police and hospital authorities would like to learn the identity of the young woman who was found at the corner of Cross and Fulton streets about 7:30 last evening by Patrolman Hanlon of the Hanover street station and who said that she had taken a dose of laudanum.

She gave the name of Miss Lillian Grover, aged 25, and claimed to live at 25 West street, East Boston. She said that she was discouraged and despondent, and when met by the officer, who saw her acting strangely, said that she had nothing to live for any more.

She was taken to the Relief hospital in Haymarket square. As she said that she had taken laudanum, the doctor treated her accordingly. After an examination no trace of laudanum could be found. The young woman slept peacefully and this morning she was discharged from the hospital. The doctors are in a quandary as to what was the matter with her; in their opinion she was not shamming, as she was very nervous and extremely weak.


FORBIDDEN CITY

Body of Empress Taken From It

PEKING, Nov. 9.—The cortege accompanying the body of the late dowager empress of China on its eighty mile journey to the eastern tombs, left the forbidden city at an early hour this morning and passed outside of Peking. The route along which the procession will travel is through the province of Shansi.

A holiday in memory of the dowager empress is being observed but the capital bears a sombre aspect on account of the furling umbrellas and flags as a result of the high wind prevailing.

The new imperial guards escorted the foreign diplomats who participated in the procession for a distance of 500 yards. The members of the diplomatic corps signalled the exit of the late ruler by a division in the vote taken with regard to the time that the corps should attend the final rites, some of the diplomats declining to be present at 5 a. m., but agreeing on 7 o'clock.



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Send for sample of paper and this ad. for our beautiful picture book and bottle of Scott's Emulsion. Book, each book contains a Good Luck Penny.

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IT DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Everyone admits it to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

INDIAN FIGHTER

Is In Serious Trouble Once More

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 9.—Old "Bill" Walker, a Quantrel guerilla, an Oregon pioneer with a long record as Indian fighter and desperado, who stole his wife from the Indians, killed his brother-in-law, fought and killed a bear single handed in a hand-to-hand encounter in the bear's den, and who is the hero of a hundred adventures on the frontier, is in trouble again. This time, he is charged with having burned the barn of his son-in-law. This is a tame escapade compared with other charges made against "Bill" Walker and the matter sits lightly on his shoulders.

"I am innocent, but if they can prove me guilty, I will take my medicine as the detainer of this frontier character, now nearly 70 years old, but as full of fight as ever."

Walker was born in Kentucky. He went to Missouri before the war and it was there that he served as a Confederate guerilla under the celebrated Quantrel. At the close of the war it was not considered healthy for Quantrel's men in Missouri and Walker came to Oregon. He settled in Morrow county, where he became a stockman. Thirty years ago he moved to the Upper John Day river, in Southern Umatilla county. He is known throughout the state as one of the most unflinching frontiersmen the west has ever boasted.


Walker seized the half-breed daughter of John Barker, a squawman, during the Indian uprising of 1878, and carried her off to his home on horseback. John Barker was later killed in a saloon brawl in Ilwaco, Ore. The mother of Walker's wife was a full blooded Pitt River Indian and his eight daughters are quarter breeds.

Besides capturing a wife in the Indian uprising, Walker rendered signal service as scout for the white settlers. Later he captured the first murderer to be legally executed in Umatilla County.

Walker's claims to fame are not all the result of his own exploits, stormy as his career has been. Two of his girls have been known for years as the best horsewomen in the John Day country. They are Mariaclette, better known as Babe, and Susie. Acting as their father's cowboys, they rode the range for years, wearing the regulation costume of the buckaroo, trousers, flannel shirts, spurs, six-shooters and all the trimmings. For a long time they had a standing bet of \$100 that there was no cowboy who could perform any feat of horsemanship they could not equal or surpass. There were no takers.

Although Walker captured his own wife and carried her off bodily, he objected when his daughter, "Babe," ran away and married William Anderson against the father's wishes. Walker and his Indian wife have never forgiven Anderson, and the recent burning of the latter's barn has been laid to the door of the old Confederate guerilla.

"Let them prove me guilty," is the gruff defiance he hurled at his accusers.



Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES
\$1 BOX FREE

A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried, blue or despondent, you are in need of Elvita Pills. They will immediately brace you up, increase your energy, nerve force, brain power and mental activity; they will restore vitality, refresh you when tired, worried or confused. A single package proves their great invigorating qualities. Makes men powerful, gives strength, courage and nerve to nervous men. Sold at drug stores at 50c per box. A regular \$1.00 box sent free by mail only, on receipt of 10 cents for post postage.

Free expert advice on all men's complaints.

DR. HALLOCK CO.
114 Court St., Boston, Mass.
Established 1849.

For sale by FALLS & BURKINSHAW, Cor. Middlesex and Thorndike sts., Lowell.

BULBS

If you wish to have your garden the envy of your neighbors, now is the time to plant bulbs that will give you such an effect. We are direct importers and our prices are the lowest for the best quality of bulbs as there is as much difference in quality of bulbs as in anything else. Call at McMANUS'S, 6 Prescott st. and be convinced.

The Peoples' Safety LANTERN

I can be used about a barn with absolute safety. The oil reservoir is so constructed that oil cannot run out if lantern is upset.

Tubular Lanterns
Two sizes of burners.

Carriage Lanterns
With bull-eye and reflector.

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THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Greatest of the Fall Bargain Events Held in This Section

Our Annual Sale of Velvets

BEGINS THURSDAY MORNING NEXT

25,000 Yards of Fine Silk Velvet—Qualities Varying From \$1.50 to \$2.50 a Yard Are Offered at

ONLY 59c A YARD

Including all the newest and most popular colors in plain, panne, paon, chiffon and mirror finishes. Each piece separately ticketed, lengths up to ten yards. This is by far the finest offering we have ever made, on account of the unusually high quality of the fabrics, the longer lengths and the great variety of the shadings.

See Merrimack Street Window Display—On Sale Thursday, November 11, 1909

Palmer Street Right Aisle

50,000 Yards NEW REMNANTS

Cretone, Satens, Printed Burlaps, Fine Dimity Cretones, Heavy Printed Tickings, in lengths from 1 to 10 yard. Just the thing for draperies, pillows, box coverings, comforters, etc. Goods worth 15c to 29c yard, for sale

At **12½c** Yard

In the Rug and Drapery Department.

500 yards of Linen Taffeta, printed with all new designs, worth 50c a yard in regular goods.

Remnants **25c** Yard

East Section Second Floor

Men!!!

\$5.00 Raincoats \$3.75

We offer today, right from the work shop, 200 of the new, up-to-the-minute tan raincoats, with all the wrinkles which make them the most popular garment of the day. High choker collar, made full size, of a light weight fabric thoroughly rubberized. The sort sold everywhere at \$5.00.

Only **\$3.75** Each

SEE PALMER ST. WINDOW—ON SALE IN THE UNDERPRICE BASEMENT, MEN'S WEAR SECTION

The Sale of Thanksgiving Linens

Bargains of remarkable merit are found here in Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Crashes, Dollies, Tray Cloths, Etc., Etc. In fact, all household linens are cheaper by a full third or more, at this sale.

Palmer Street Left Aisle

SEARCH FOR HEAD

Brought concerned in the girl's death. All parts of the body were found with the exception of the head, although the vicinity was carefully searched for several weeks.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—The police today to begin a search of that stream with the idea that the head might belong to the dismembered body of a woman which was found last month in Tiverton some 20 miles down the bay.

The head is said to have been seen by two girls who were walking by on the river bank but the sight so startled them that they ran home and did not tell of the incident until nightfall. Then it was too dark to begin a search.

This morning, however, the police went out with grapplings and began to drag the river.

Various portions of a woman's body which was fairly well identified as that of Amelia St. Jean of Woonsocket were found in the woods in Tiverton four weeks ago and after some investigation the police arrested "Professor" Frank A. Hill, a herb doctor, on a charge of

That Two Girls Saw Floating in the River

Hay's Hair Health



ACTUALLY, POSITIVELY, INVARIABLY RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO THE COLOR AND VIGOR OF YOUTH

You can't look young if your hair is gray, faded dull and lifeless. Hay's Hair Health will bring back the natural color, just as it was when you were young. Stops dandruff and falling out. Makes the hair bright, silky and full of life and beauty—not a dye—won't color or soil your skin.

\$1 and 50c. BOTTLES, AT DRUGGISTS.

Send for free book "The Care of the Hair." Philo Hay Spec. Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

A. W. DOWS & CO., F. P. MOODY, F. J. CAMPBELL, CARLETON & HOVEY, A. E. MOORE.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1908 was

15,956

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1909. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

PHYSICAL DEFECTS OF CHILDREN.

The Russell Sage Foundation has been conducting investigations in New York schools, bearing upon the progress of school children and the extent to which they are retarded by physical defects and by sickness. The report is of interest to parents as showing what physical evils are to be mainly guarded against. This report cites them, namely, measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, adenoids, difficulty in breathing and inflamed glands. Medical inspection will afford protection against most of these but can never prove thoroughly effective without the cooperation of the parents.

AS TO THE STAGE.

The theatre is now, as it ever was and ever will be, an instrument that may be made a power for good or a power for evil, according as it is used. Whether it is one or the other does not depend upon the effect of a particular play. Were it not for the criticism of the press there would be theatres engaged in dealing out moral poison daily to those who are willing to patronize such places, and the number of those who will attend bad shows is quite as great as the number that will read bad newspapers in search of the sensational and salacious.

It is plain, therefore, that there are good and bad theatres just as there are good and bad shows, and it is only by free criticism and strict supervision that they can be made to subserve the cause of public morals and thereby do good instead of harm.

STATE DEPARTMENT ON ALCOHOLISM.

The report of the American delegates to the International congress on alcoholism, held in London last July, is given out by the state department and is thus given the weight of government endorsement. The report points out the evil effects of alcoholism and intemperance and condemns even moderate drinking as not only injurious but dangerous. It advocates the instruction of the younger generation in the evils and the injury resulting from the use of alcoholic beverages. The report says that increased teaching as to evils of alcoholism should be provided to conserve industrial efficiency in the commercial competition of nations as well as to promote two of the chief objects of government, to wit, public health and morals. It was proposed to have normal schools and universities include such education in their curricula and to urge upon public officials the necessity of restricting the liquor traffic in order to prevent as far as possible its evil effect upon the human race. There is nothing new in the report. It simply states in a mild way what temperance orators have been giving to the public for the past generation.

THE FOOTBALL FATALITIES.

The recent accidents, fatal and otherwise, that have attended the football games at Annapolis, Philadelphia, Utica and elsewhere indicate that the game as at present played between rival teams who are willing to kill each other in their struggle for victory, should be discouraged. It is dangerous in the extreme as appears where the man who happens to be underneath in the pile is liable to have his bones broken or to get a fatal blow on the head.

The death of young Byrne in the Annapolis game, young Burke at Philadelphia and the injury to Earl D. Wilson in which his spine was fractured, together with a similar accident at Utica in which a seventeen-year-old member had his spine fractured, furnish the strongest arguments against the continuance of the game as at present played. The rules of the game should be modified so as to lessen the danger of accidents and prevent the wilful injury of one team by another.

There is a great deal of talk about automobile accidents and the consequences, but these football matches in which the players go in for blood are more dangerous than most of the auto accidents. It is high time that educational institutions should prevent the students from engaging in a game that has developed so many traits of barbarism.

KING EDWARD'S PREDICAMENT.

King Edward of England is alarmed at the prospect of having the House of Lords as at present constituted overthrown. He has endeavored to reach Chancellor Lloyd George, but that official purposely left the country for a time in order not to confer with the king on the matter of a compromise. He also declined to comply with the king's wishes that he should not deliver his Newcastle speech which had the effect of making the situation more acute. The king at the present time has lost hope of effecting a compromise that would save the lords.

While he is not particularly in favor of the House of Lords he does dread any revolutionary change that might wind up by entailing his own privileges. He frankly states that should the House of Lords be abolished he himself would be about the only hereditary institution remaining.

The lords have determined to reject the budget and let it go to the country for decision. If the people vote to return the liberals to power that fact will be regarded as an endorsement of the liberal policy on financial and other questions, and it will be a mandate to the House of Lords not to meddle with any financial question put forward for the good of the people. It is a rule of the lords that they are not to change or modify a money bill. To do so would be against what is known as the constitution, although there is no written constitution in England. The coming general election in England will probably result in a sweeping victory for the liberals and a severe rebuke for the lords to be followed by a curtailment of their political power, and in all probability a provision for the election of peers instead of having them as at present inherit their titles and their privilege of membership in the upper house.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Doesn't the Square look big" is a remark heard frequently since the paving of that locality.

Out door rattles are becoming popular despite the fact that the poor proprietor has to put up with the cold while the speakers find it warm enough.

A woman who attended the performance of "The Servant in the House" at the Opera House last evening informed a friend that she hoped that every employment bureau proprietor would witness the performance. Evidently she'd been having her troubles with the cook.

Even at this late day the camps in the neighboring country are not yet totally deserted and many people spent Sunday in camp. With a fireplace going a camp is not such a bad place just at this season of the year.

There's great sparring for tickets to the Harvard-Dartmouth game at Cambridge next Saturday and a large Lowell crowd will be in attendance.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Charles Follen Adams ("Taweeb Strauss") has received an invitation to become an "overseas" member of the noted author's club of London. Among the general council of this club appear the names of Alfred Tennyson (poet laureate), Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Anthony Hope Hawkins, H. Rider Haggard, Hall Caine, Poulton Sillerton and others. The clubhouse is located at White Hall court, overlooking the river Thames and in the immediate vicinity of the houses of parliament.

After fifty years' service, Albert L. Templeton, cashier of the First National bank of Lewiston, Me., has resigned. Mr. Templeton has held the position of cashier thirty-five years. He will continue his work until Dec. 1, after which he will take a long rest, perhaps traveling, in part.

William Allen Knight of Boston, author of "The Song of Our Syrian Guest," "The Shepherd of Jebel Nur," and other widely known stories, has just completed plans for an extended cruise to the Mediterranean and Orient, leaving in January by the steamship "Carnegie" of the White Star line. Dr. Knight's books show such an intimate knowledge of Palestine that his readers will be surprised to learn that this is his first trip to the Orient. He will prepare for publication a series of articles giving his impressions of the Holy Land when he returns. Dr. Knight preached in Fall River before going to Brighton.

Miss Amy F. Ching of China has entered Wellesley college to equip herself to be a teacher in her native land. She is pointed out by her friends as a self-made girl. She supported herself while taking a course in the normal school at Honolulu, and from two years work as a teacher she saved enough to take her through Oahu college, from which she was graduated last summer.

Dorando Pietri, better known as "Dorando," has just been married in Capri to his old sweetheart, Teresa Dendi. The young couple will live in a villa which Dorando has built with the money earned in America, which is said to be a small fortune.

Coincident with the announcement of the coming to this country, of Eupasia Palladino, the famous Neapolitan medium, whose seances have puzzled the wisest scholars of Europe, B. W. Dodge & Company announced the early publication of a complete biography.

Quick Relief

for an upset stomach, hiccoughs, a sick headache, constipated bowels, or a bilious attack is secured by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers

Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

Only Direct Service between Boston and North of Ireland.

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Splendid accommodations and food.

Latest improvements for comfort and safety.

Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Belfast; third class, \$26.50, to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool.

Special rates for married couples.

Children 12 to 15 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST.

H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

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You may be thinking about moving.

If so, just call or telephone to the honest and reliable WILLIAM RIGG, at 10 Prescott st.

All orders promptly attended to and handled with the greatest care. The best is the cheapest and there is none better than RIGG's packers. Our specialty is piano moving.

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

—FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. LOWELL INN, busiest place in Central street.

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ELECTRIC

FIXTURES AND TABLE LAMPS

Elegant new line just received.

DERBY & MORSE

64 Middle St. Tel. 408

CLEAR THE COMPLEXION OVERNIGHT

Pimples, Rash, Eruptions, Etc., Quickly Eradicated by New Skin Remedy

Ever since its discovery, posium, the new skin remedy, has, in its extraordinary accomplishments, exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the eminent specialist who gave it to the world. It has cured thousands of cases of eczema and eradicated facial and other disfigurements of years' standing. The terrible itching attending eczema is stopped with the first application giving proof of its curative properties at the very outset.

In less serious skin affections, such as pimples, rash, herpes, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, etc., results show after an overnight application, only a small quantity being required to effect a cure. Those who use posium for these minor skin troubles should immediately secure one of the special 50-cent packages recently adopted to meet such needs. Both the 50-cent package and the regular \$2 jar may be obtained in Lowell at Falls & Burkinshaw's, Carter & Sherburne's and other leading drug stores.

Samples for experimental purposes may be had free of charge by writing direct to the Emergency Laboratories, 32 West Twenty-fifth street, New York City.

raphy of her by Hereward Carrington, a prominent member of the American Society for Physical Research and the author of a number of important books on psychical phenomena. In "Eupasia Palladino and her Phenomena" Mr. Carrington has dealt exhaustively with her life, a complete summary being given of all the available historic evidence.

COMMUNICATIONS

Lowell Nov. 8, 1909.

Editor Sun, Lowell:

Kindly answer in your paper the following question:

If the first of December should come on Tuesday, what date would the city election be held—the 8th or the 15th?

It is argued that the city election is always held the second Tuesday of said month, but it is also claimed that it is the second Tuesday after the first Monday of the month.

Interested.

The city election is held on the second Tuesday in December. There is no "second Tuesday" after the first Monday" about it. If that were the case why not say the first Tuesday after the second Monday? There is no room for confusion on the date of the city election. If the first of December should fall on Tuesday the election would be the next Tuesday, which would be Dec. 8. That would be the second Tuesday. December comes in on Wednesday this year and the election will be held Dec. 14, which is the second Tuesday.

The establishment of the new service makes St. Paul the gateway to all the western states to Alaska and the ports of the Orient for all mail originating in eastern territory north of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi. The new mail train leaves St. Paul in the early morning after the arrival of incoming mail trains from Chicago which make heavy deliveries at this point of matter for the far west and the Orient.

MRS. ROOSEVELT

Inform that Husband is Not Ill

ROME, Nov. 8.—As yet no dispatches have been received by Mrs. Roosevelt from her husband or her son Kermit regarding the report of the ex-President's illness, but following the receipt on Saturday and Sunday of reassuring telegrams from Nairobi, another came to her yesterday from Mr. Newland, of the firm of Newland & Taitton, saying:

"The report of Col. Roosevelt's sickness is an absolute lie. I am unable to communicate with Mr. Roosevelt immediately as he is away from civilization, but I have sent messengers, both of whom are absolutely ill."

Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter, Miss Ethel, will leave here Wednesday for Naples, and according to their present intentions they will take the steamer sailing on Friday for the United States.

STOPS DIARRHOEA

Pains, Aches and Stomach Distress Vanish when Neuralgic Anodyne is Taken

Only twenty-five cents a bottle, and for sale everywhere. And still there are people who are attacked in the night with diarrhoea and suffer all the tortments imaginable, through long painful hours, just because they were careless enough not to have a bottle of Neuralgic Anodyne on hand.

Keep this fact everlastingly before you: There is nothing better on earth for dysentery, cramps, colic or painful stomach distress than a few drops of Neuralgic Anodyne taken internally.

And for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sore chest, headache, bruises, sprains and cuts, thousands swear by it. It's a liniment par excellence, good for man or beast. Made by The Twitchell-Champlin Co., Portland, Me. 25 cents.

EVERYBODY

Borrows Money

THE NATIONAL LOAN CO.

Enables all honest men and women to borrow for their needs at lowest rates and on the easiest terms of payment.

IF SHORT OF MONEY, CALL WRITE OR PHONE

National Loan Company

40 CENTRAL ST

North Bridge. Phone 1131

NEW MAIL FLYER

Proved To Be a Great Success

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—For thirty-five days the fastest long distance train in the world, from St. Paul to Seattle in forty-eight hours, has made good. James J. Hill's new departure is a success and the Great Northern railway reports that the new mail flyer has not only maintained its exceptionally fast schedule but has shown an actual performance averaging a half-hour less than the schedule since it was placed in operation.

The distance is 1228 miles and to maintain the schedule the train must make for the entire distance an average speed of a fraction less than 40 miles an hour without allowing for loss of time through coal and water stops. This means that over long stretches of track it must take sixty miles an hour to compensate for less speed on mountain grades, and for loss of time through unavoidable stops at tanks and coaling stations. Without the most careful and precise handling the train could not maintain its time, which is fixed and unalterable.

It is a five car train for mail only. Over the prairies of western Minnesota it has already won the name of the fastest thing on wheels and North Dakotans say that in their state it runs like a scared cat. Before completing its long journey it must mount the long climb to the summit of the Rockies at Belton, Mont., and after dropping down into the valleys it must make a second climb to the great tunnel which pierces the Cascades before gaining the slope to tide water.

The schedule maintained by the new train is three hours shorter than that of the Harriman lines between Omaha and San Francisco although the distance is about the same.

The government will weight the mails in this district for three months, beginning in February, to determine the compensation for the new service, and the figure thus determined will govern during the coming four years. It was to get this contract with the postal department that the new Great Northern service was established.

The establishment of the new service makes St. Paul the gateway to all the western states to Alaska and the ports of the Orient for all mail originating in eastern territory north of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi. The new mail train leaves St. Paul in the early morning after the arrival of incoming mail trains from Chicago which make heavy deliveries at this point of matter for the far west and the Orient.

CALVARY CHURCH

Series of Revival Services in Progress

The second in a series of evangelistic meetings was held at the New Calvary Baptist church in the Highlands last night. These services are being led by Rev. George R. Stair and the singing is under the direction of J. W. Reynolds of Easton, Pa. The singing will be a feature of the meetings. The revival meetings are being conducted by the Calvary Baptist, the Highland M. E. and the Highland Congregational churches. Great enthusiasm was manifested at last night's meeting.

Rev. Asa Reed Ditts of the Calvary Baptist church read the scriptures, and Rev. J. P. West of the Highland M. E. church offered the prayer. Mr. Reynolds sang a solo, accompanied by the organist, Frank B. Hill, and then sang the sermon by Mr. Stair. Tonight's meeting will open at 7:45.

HORSE RAN AWAY

Leo Molloy Thrown Out and Hurt

A horse attached to the ambulance of Undertakers Charles H. Molloy & Sons became frightened at an automobile in Thorndike street near the Lowell jail this morning and ran away. Richard Welch, one of the occupants, jumped from the wagon and escaped injury, but Leo Molloy, one of the members of the firm, stayed in the vehicle until he was thrown out at the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets. Mr. Molloy was badly cut and scratched and may have suffered internal injuries.

Messrs. Molloy and Welch were passing through Thorndike street when the explosion from a passing auto frightened the horse, causing the animal to dash forward at a furious rate of speed.

The driver attempted to bring the horse to a stop by tugging on the reins and had nearly succeeded in getting the animal under control when one of the reins snapped. When the horse felt its head free it increased its speed. Mr. Welch jumped from the seat, while Mr. Molloy made a vain attempt to stop the speed of the horse.

The animal went down the hill leading toward Middlesex street with the heavy wagon, to which it was attached, swinging from side to side. Fortunately there were no vehicles in the path of the runaway.

When the horse approached the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets, instead of turning the corner, it crashed through a fence near the railroad crossing and threw Mr. Molloy from his seat to the ground.

Mr. Molloy was picked up and taken to his place in Market street and later to his home in Bridge street. At the time of going to press it was stated that he had escaped injury with the exception of a few scratches and bruises.

A Good Mixer

Is the man who corrals the votes. One who won't mix had better stay indoors out of the wet. Perhaps he's best off at that. But speaking of MIXERS, a prominent Lowell man has been telling us of splendid results he gets by burning a mixture of COKE and Coal. His practice is to burn coal alone only during the severest weather, in fact only when he forces his fire. At all other times he uses a mixture of OUR COKE and Coal. He says he gets a fire easier to control, one that wastes less fuel, and he never loses his fire during spells of mild weather. He says it's part of the problem of how to heat the house. The logic of all this is not difficult to understand. We shall be glad to mix with any individual who wishes to mix such a mixture. The COKE end of this mixture.

COSTS \$4.75

PER CHALDRON

Experimental Bags Sold for Ten Cents

Lowell Gas Light Co.

FEDERATION OF LABOR

Will Stand by Gompers and the Other Labor Leaders

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 9.—That the American Federation of Labor intends to stand by President Samuel Gompers and his fellow officers, Vice President John Mitchell and Secretary Frank Morrison, in their fight to evade the jail sentence imposed for contempt of court, in the Buck Stove & Range case, was indicated yesterday by the attitude of the delegates at the 29th annual convention. It is apparent that the committee on the president's report will recommend that the case be carried to the United States supreme court, at least this is the expressed opinion of many of the delegates.

The delegates vigorously applauded salient points in Mr. Gompers' report, summarizing the case. His statement that he and his colleagues should have been tried by a jury "rather than subjected to caprice of a judge, who solely determines the sufficiency of the charge, the guilt of the defendant, and who imposes punishment as his whim may prompt," struck a quickly responsive chord.

Mr. Gompers in his report, which took three hours to deliver, discussed a wide range of labor issues, including a report of his recent investigation of labor conditions abroad. This report and those of Secretary Morrison and Treasurer John Leamon, which followed, showed that organized labor has made substantial gains in the past year and that the funds of the federation are at a high tide with a balance of \$155,303 in the treasury.

The convention's attitude toward the factional strife among the members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers was shown yesterday, when the credential committee reported in favor of the faction headed by E. J. McNulty, and declined to seat James J. Reid of the Erie (Pa.) Central Labor union, president of the "In-surgents," and other delegates from

organizations in Ohio, California, Alabama and Michigan, whose charters had been revoked by the federation. Thomas J. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, objected to the adoption of the committee's report as a whole, and it was at his suggestion that the delegates against whom there was no protest were seated.

The convention took up the other disputes for separate action. President Gompers ruled that only organizations in good standing were entitled to representation in the convention and it did not take the delegates long to vote against seating representatives from organizations whose charters were taken away for admitting members of the electrical workers.

James P. Egan of Toledo representing the Ohio Federation of Labor, one of the rejected delegates, tried to address the convention, but President Gompers' gavel came down with a bang, as he declared that "Mr. Egan has no seat in this convention."

It is predicted that the dissatisfied electrical workers will eventually air their grievances on the floor of the convention. They contend that the charter was revoked before they had had an opportunity to appeal to the convention.

President Gompers said that these appeals would form a part of the report of the executive council today, and that the appeals would be heard by committees. The greater part of today's session probably will be devoted to the report of the executive council and the various committee appointments will be read.

DEATHS

FERNALD—Mrs. Viola U. Fernald of Mountain View, N. H., died suddenly last night at the home of her sister, Mrs. Harry F. Cadv of Tyngsboro, whom she was visiting. She leaves her husband, John W. Fernald.

HESLIN—James Henry Heslin died yesterday at the home of his parents, John and Mary, 25 Rogers street, aged eight months.



That uneasy feeling—

that dull depression, that dragged out, spiritless condition—it's biliousness. Take Schenck's Mandrake Pills and see how different you'll feel. Recognized 72 years as a specific for all stomach and liver ills, biliousness, constipation, sick headache, giddiness, heartburn, flatulence, jaundice. Wholly vegetable—absolutely harmless—plain or sugar coated—25c. Sold everywhere. Send a postal for our free book, and learn to prescribe for yourself.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

HORNE COAL CO.

Moved to

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Dr. John H. Donovan

Has moved to Wyman's Exchange, Rooms 400-410, 4th floor. Take elevator.

NATIONAL SANITATION

Was the Keynote of Pres. Taft's Speech in Augusta

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—President Taft played at golf yesterday with his host in Augusta, Major Joseph B. Cumming, defeating him, 2 up and 4 to go; opened the Georgia-Carolina Interstate Fair, rode over the streets of Augusta amid the cheers of his "fellow citizens," and left the city at 3 p. m. for Florence, S. C.

The call upon him at the golf links, on his invitation, of "Ty" Cobb, the baseball player, the extreme cordiality of the reception of the president in his "winter capital," and the good fellowship shown to his entourage were the features of the day.

In his address at the fair grounds the president touched upon a number of matters of national importance. The keynote of his address was national sanitation, that a national board of health should accomplish for the nation what the nation has accomplished for others in Cuba, Panama, and other places. This is the first time in the south that the president has addressed himself to this subject.

He also took occasion to talk ship subsidy and to suggest that the legislation should be such as to support the south, especially cotton manufacturing, communities like Georgia and South Carolina. In part, he said, after declaring that "there is a lady in Washington that I am very anxious to see and nothing could restrain the haste with which I would go back to the capital city except the pleasure of meeting my old friends in Augusta."

"It seems to me that the most important subject and the most important collection of subjects is that which relates to the conservation of our natural resources. Unless we can secure uniform state operation, uniform state legislation with reference to the preservation of our forests and the equalization of the water which falls from the clouds and the preservation of our soil from being washed out to sea, we shall not be able to carry out the program set for us by Theodore Roosevelt, and which to every thoughtful man, must commend itself as of the highest importance to the safety and preservation of our nation."

"Another subject, which under the influence of the growing manufacturing interests, brings itself into one's mind, even though it may suggest the subject of partisan difference, is the question of our merchant marine. Unless our country exercises more control over the merchant marine in the future than it now does, we are going to find ourselves at a great disadvantage in seeking markets of the world in which to dispose of your products."

"Another subject that must be considered by the national government with more care and with the expenditure of much more money than it has heretofore put into the investigation, is the question of sanitation and the health of the inhabitants of this country. It is peculiarly so in the south."

"We have now various bureaus in Washington which have functions connected with the suppression of diseases and the study of the different diseases, but they are scattered and they need to be united."

"Now, it is true that the health of the citizens is directly committed to the state, but it is also true that the question of agriculture is committed by the constitution to the state. Nevertheless, the agricultural department has found much that with the means at its hand it can do to assist the agriculture of the country."

"Think back two decades, my friends, and see what enormous strides have been made by the proper treatment of the soil, in the improvement of your crops in the market value, and the production of those products and in the entire change of the character of your agriculture from a haphazard wasteful industry to one in which the scientific knowledge is of the greatest importance."

"Thus, too, with respect to sanitation, it is necessary that the towns and states devote their attention and their money in making better bodies of their citizens as well as better minds, and if the national government with its resources can follow out the lines of investigation that shall show the proper

treatment to be followed, it is well that they should take that step.

"I expect to recommend to congress that there be a union of all the experimental departments of the government for the discovery of lines of health and the study of diseases."

"Now, with respect to the southland, my reception has been fraught with sweet gratification to me because I have felt that the people of the south were glad to see me and were glad to show me by their reception that they will join me in what I said when I promised in my administration to make completely forgotten all sectional lines, and everything that would tend to separate us, not to forget our cherished traditions, not to forget the heroes of our particular section in that awful struggle that we call the Civil war between the states, nor to abate one bit of our pride that has now become the common heritage of all Americans, but to rejoice that while those grave times showed the character of the heroes and the character of American self-sacrifice, to rejoice that it is now in the past and the future before us is nothing but harmony and love between all our people."

PINE BARK STEW

WAS GREATLY ENJOYED BY PRESIDENT TAFT

FLORENCE, S. C., Nov. 9.—Leaving Augusta and two days of welcome rest behind him, President Taft started for Washington and stayed here for three hours yesterday afternoon to take a walk in the 10,000 Florida oaks as demonstrative as many he has received in larger cities.

In the throng which lined the streets and listened to an address by the president, there were more Confederates than he has met in the rest of the south.

The president's visit to Florence was also marked by his introduction to the famous "pine bark stew" of the "pea dee" section of South Carolina. The president had been looking forward to this stew with mingled pleasure and anticipation and fear. When he appeared as the major course in the Florence banquet last night, it proved to be nothing more or less than a delectable fish chowder, highly spiced and stewed over a pine bark fire sufficiently long to get some of the flavor of the pine into the delectation.

Leaving Augusta yesterday the president assisted in the opening of the Georgia-Carolina fair. He had the novel experience of having his address interrupted by the passing of a dirigible balloon with its engine awash, immediately over the grandstand.

The president's talking of ship subsidy at the time, and after he had paused to look at the receding balloon, he exclaimed:

"I hesitate to occupy your time in discussing an old method of transporting goods when you have before your eyes the newest invention, and yet I venture to think it will be some time before that method of transportation will be followed in the moving of cotton bales."

In his speech given in the open air last night before leaving at 11 o'clock for Wilmington, the president warned the people not to let the prosperity of 15 cent cotton run away with them but to remember to demand in all business affairs the standard of integrity and morality outlined by Theodore Roosevelt.

"In no place in South Carolina or elsewhere in the south," the president, "have I had more reason to congratulate myself on a cordial reception than here in Florence. I am told there is something in the price of cotton that makes your voices a little greater, but my friends you ought not to be carried off your feet by prosperity and fail to call for a maintenance of high standards of business morality and citizenship. The price of liberty is eternal vigilance, and I say to you that the price of elevating moral standards is eternal vigilance."

"Now, my friends, we are apt to get enthusiastic over 15 cent cotton and the growth of cities and states and all this material prosperity, but I hope that in so doing we shall not forget the responsibilities that ought to accompany our material growth. We have been exceedingly prosperous in 1907 and for six or eight years before that.

But there came a time when Theodore Roosevelt and men like him, who saw that the tendency, which came from that prosperity, to an accumulation of wealth in individual hands by means not legal and could not be morally supported, call for a halt and called for an investigation of our prosperity and called for the enactment of legislation that should restrict our growth in order that it might be along lines of legality and along lines of business integrity and morality."

"But I am no pessimist. I believe we are growing steadily better and better, and that the way we responded to the call when Roosevelt uttered it showed that we would not be bribed by material comforts and luxury into sleepiness and inaction in matters of business integrity."

WAGE INCREASE

Sought by Conductors and Trainmen

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Demands for a 12 per cent wage increase and uniform schedules are to be made by conductors and trainmen on every railroad system east of Chicago, it was reported yesterday.

The wage increase, it is said, involves 125,000 men employed on railroads east of the Illinois Central's main southern line and north of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

Incident to prospective demands of the eastern railroad employees came the announcement that switchmen and yardmen in Chicago, controlled by the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen have already served notice on 18 railroads terminating in Chicago, demanding a wage advance of five cents an hour.

Locomotive firemen on railroads west of Chicago are taking steps to have existing schedules considered and will ask an increase.

Wages of conductors and trainmen on railroads east of Chicago are about 12 per cent lower than those of operators in the west.

NO FOUL PLAY

Connolly's Death Was Caused by Exposure

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 9.—The Grafton county authorities have been further investigating the findings of the body of T. J. Connolly of Lowell in the waters of the Pemigewasset river at North Woodstock. No one has been found who saw the man until his body was found by two children at play on Sunday afternoon.

A man answering very closely to the description of Connolly has been at work for the Woodstock authorities upon the highways of that town for the past three weeks. This party boarded at Joseph Labrecque's, a mile north of the village of North Woodstock, and had not been seen since Friday of last week. At that time he had from \$20 to \$25 in his pocket and left Mr. Labrecque's with his dinner pail for work. Owing to the resemblance of the two it was thought for a time that they might be one and the same, but this theory was exploded when it was ascertained that the workman left town on one of the trains on Friday.

That Connolly came to his death through drinking there is little doubt. The authorities state that he undoubtedly became confused owing to drink and wandered down to the river, where he was partially drowned and during his ravings told as a result of drink and exposure. The body was so thoroughly frozen that up to 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the undertakers had been unable to prepare it for burial.

The only known relative of Connolly, an aged aunt at Lowell, communicated last evening through the Lowell chief of police with the North Woodstock authorities, and advised that burial be made at the latter place. In accordance with this request the selection at North Woodstock will bury the body this afternoon in the village cemetery. A local clergyman will say prayers at the grave.

Deputy Medical Referee Ernest L. Bell of Plymouth stated in his report that the man must have been dead from 12 to 15 hours when found, which would place the time at midnight on Saturday.

The gravel along the banks of the river where the body was found, had the appearance of having been thrown about, and the general belief here is that Connolly wandered down to the river and died while in an unconscious condition.

MISS ELKINS AND ITALIAN DUKE ARE AGAIN REPORTED ENGAGED



NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—European correspondents for American newspapers continue to revive the story of the engagement of Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator Elkins of West Virginia, and the Duke of Abruzzi. One of the latest reports is to the effect that the duke has obtained a dispensation permitting him to wed a Protestant and that his engagement to Miss Elkins will soon be announced. From the source of this story comes the statement that all the duke's royal relatives have become reconciled to the marriage. Still another report quotes a high dignitary in Italy as saying that the king and queen of Italy and the dowager queen are still bitter toward the fair American girl and that they resent the fact that she was in Europe last summer. It was reported when Miss Elkins was in Switzerland that she met the duke and that the engagement was renewed there. She and members of her family were strangely reticent on the subject when they returned from abroad. The Duke of the Abruzzi is soon to be promoted to the rank of rear-admiral in the Italian navy.

JURORS DRAWN THE HORSE SHOW

By Board of Aldermen in Special Session

The following traverse jurors were drawn by the board of aldermen in special session last night:

James B. Arthur, 31 Myrtle street, grocer.

Charles T. Freeman, 648 Broadway, salesman.

Alfred E. Lyford, 253 Central street, civil engineer.

Henry J. Johnson, 323 Suffolk street, meat clerk.

Frank B. Ingham, 37 Grace street, bookkeeper.

Patrick H. Collins, 115 Alken avenue, mailer.

The names were drawn by Alderman Adams.

The formal order declaring the results of the state, county and council elections was adopted.

The board voted to locate lights at 124 Church street, at the corner of Perry and Sherman streets and at 182 South street.

A communication from the board of assessors indicating the need of more money was read. The board, on recommendation of the committee on appropriations, voted the sum of \$687.75.

A claim of personal injury submitted by Patrick H. Barry was referred to the committee on claims.

The petition of J. C. Luce for a sidewalk in Gates street was referred to the committee on streets.

CRIMINAL COURT

LOWELL CASES BEFORE JUDGE MORTON

Three of the Lowell cases were disposed of before Judge Morton at the criminal session of superior court yesterday. Owen Grimes, charged with breaking and entering and larceny, was placed on probation and Alexander Gourdau, same offense, was also placed on probation. Francis Arsenault, adultery was also placed on probation.

THOMAS J. DOWD

Re-Elected Manager of New Bedford Team

NEW BEDFORD, Nov. 9.—"Thomas J. Dowd has signed a contract to manage the New Bedford baseball team for the season of 1910." This statement, made by Secretary Walter J. McPhail at the close of a meeting held at the Parker House, after Manager Dowd had conferred with the executive board, set at rest the many rumors that have been prevalent the last few weeks.

Manager Dowd arrived in New Bedford Saturday and at once got in touch with the New Bedford club officials. Dowd came down from Holyoke with the expectation of having the managerial question settled, and it was with this idea in view that a meeting of the executive board was called for last evening.

Although the meeting was held in secret session, it is known that the deliberations were business-like and entirely harmonious. The terms of Manager Dowd were satisfactory to the board, and after a heart-to-heart talk on the subject of next season's plans the necessary papers were signed.

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DAN O'LEARY

CHALLENGES WESTON TO A 500 MILE WALK

Dan O'Leary has been heard from in Cincinnati, O., where he recently issued the following challenge to Edward Payson Weston of Portland, Me.: "Sporting Editor Plain Dealer: Believing that I can today accomplish a greater performance at long distance walking than I did 20 or more years ago, I respectfully submit to you for publication the following proposition: I will walk Edward Payson Weston a distance of 500 miles in New York, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati, or any city in the United States for \$500 a side, and with his permission I am prepared to have the race open to any of the long distance walkers in Europe or this country, each contestant entering to deposit the sum of \$500 and the man covering the 500 miles in the shortest time to take the entire sweepstakes, along with three-quarters of the long distance admission money."

"Acknowledging myself to be in excellent condition for such a contest and not caring to take any undue advantage of an aspirant to the honors, I would suggest that the race be placed next April. May. That would afford ample time for all comers to undergo thorough preparation and decide beyond question who is the greatest long distance walker in the world. I enclose a check for \$100 as a forfeit to show that only business is meant and to make the match an assured world has only to cover my money and appoint a time and place of meeting to sign articles of agreement. I shall leave my money up for 80 days that any foreigner may have the opportunity of covering the same. I am under the impression that I am still under the long distance champion, so if anybody cares to dispute my mind of that impression let him come forward and show his money. Respectfully, "Dan O'Leary."

Chas. Rogers, Runcles hall, tonight.

The annual inspection and banquet of Gen. Adelbert Ames camp, No. 1, United Spanish War Veterans, was held last night at the headquarters. There was a large attendance of members, and invited guests and members of the Ladies' auxiliary.

The banquet was furnished by the auxiliary and proved to be one of the features of the occasion.

The inspecting officer was Col. E. J. Gihon, commander in chief of the U. S. W. V., and he found that the camp is in excellent condition.

Following the banquet, post prandial exercises were held and a musical program carried out. Capt. Colby T. Kiltredge had general charge of the affair.

Capt. Kiltredge, after calling to order, introduced Commander George E. Sutherland as the toastmaster of the evening. The program opened with a piano and violin selection by Thomas and George Campbell, followed by a toast to the Commandant of the camp, "The City of Lowell," by Hon. Joseph H. Hubbard. He was followed by William Keegan, who sang "There Never Was a Girl Like You," and responded to an encore. Gen. E. J. Powers spoke on the U. S. W. V. and was followed by the mayor, who responded to the toast, "The City of Lowell."

Mrs. Henry St. Lawrence of the Ladies' auxiliary sang "Silver Threads Among the Gold," and was followed by Maj. Gen. Philip Reade, U. S. A. (retired), who spoke in a reminiscent vein upon this city's part in history.

The remainder of the program was as follows: Song, "Daisies Won't Tell," by J. Carroll; address, "Facts of 1928-29," Mr. Salmon; song, "Fred Hanahan," address, "The Civil Service," Captain Gardner W. Pearson; song, "When I Get Back Again to Bonnie Scotland," George O'Brien; remarks, Major Robert J. Crowley; song, Captain Walter Jey.

The program closed with the singing of "America."

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Means artificial teeth in middle life. Take care of your teeth now. Take care of your children's teeth. No mother relishes such a prospect for her little ones. We make it so pleasant and PAINLESS for children with our OB-TONDINE system that their "Horror" of dentistry fades away. Dr. A. J. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

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Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Piles. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 61 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box. HALL & LYON CO., 87-89 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

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ARE BUSY
You will need your Overcoat evenings from now on, and it may need to be cleaned and pressed. We can make it look almost as good as new, and can do the same with your suit. Either ladies' or gents' wearing apparel cleaned. In fact we can do dyeing, cleaning and pressing in all its branches.
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P. S.—Bring in your work at once.

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My-But It Looks Good

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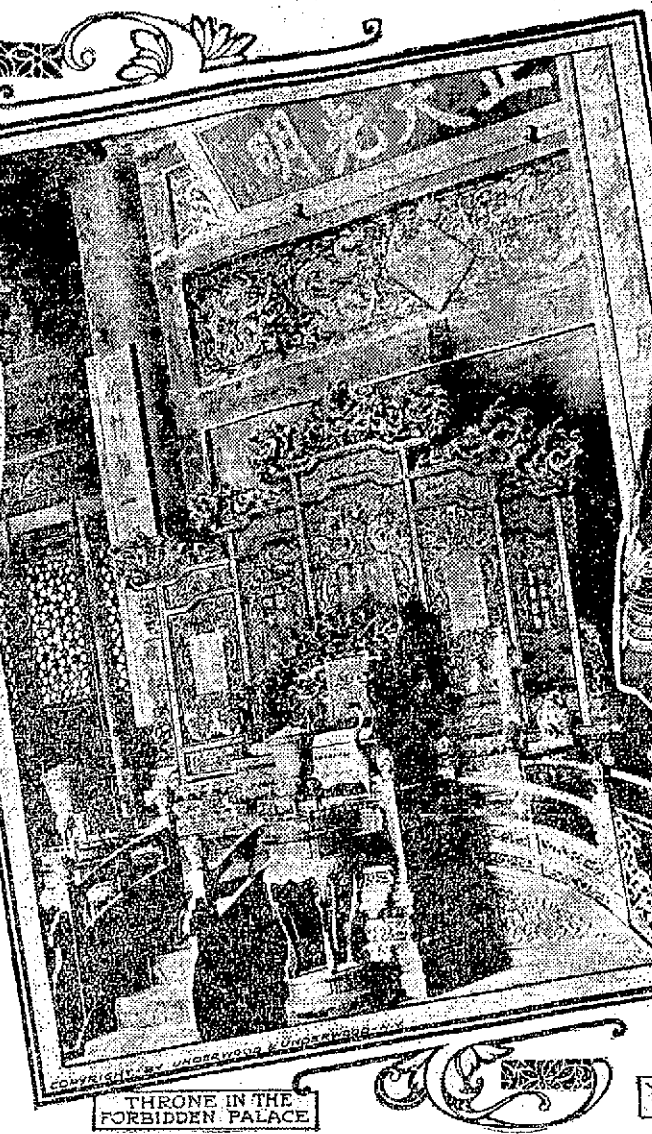
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35 Market St., Lowell.

Questions Between Uncle Sam and China and Japan



PRINCE CHUN, THE YOUNG EMPEROR AND HIS BROTHER



THRONE IN THE FORBIDDEN PALACE



YUAN SHIH KAI, CHINA'S GREATEST STATESMAN



THE FORBIDDEN PALACE, PEKING

It is an interesting fact that the present diplomatic questions which affect the relations of the United States with China and Japan directly and some of the European powers indirectly came to the front while the president of the United States was on a pleasure trip in the west and southwest and the head of the department of state was enjoying his vacation at his country home at Valley Forge, Pa.

The publicity resulted, as everybody knows, in the recall of Charles R. Crane just as he was ready to sail from San Francisco to his newly appointed post at Peking as the accredited minister from this country to China. His return to Washington was followed by his resignation in cipher to President Taft.

Following the dispatch of President Taft to Secretary Knox touching the resignation of Mr. Crane the secretary of state announced that the incident was closed. Following this announcement the press of the country opened the case, or, rather, it denied that the

incident was closed, and the transparent situation was declared to be acute. In other quarters it was asserted by Mr. Crane's friends and some others that the resignation of Mr. Crane was the result of a political intrigue.

The curtain raiser of the trouble was the construction of a railroad in Manchuria, and mining interests in which China and Japan were concerned were also potent mischief breeders. The United States instituted a special investigation as a preparatory measure to determine what should be the attitude of this government in several diplomatic questions that will become the subject of official adjustment in the next few months. The United States prepared quickly to protest earnestly against anything that threatened gravely what in diplomacy is termed "the principle of equal opportunity."

Reduced to a commonplace term, this meant protecting "the open door" policy of this government.

One of the questions in the situation arises out of the efforts of a syndicate of American and British capitalists to build a railroad in western Manchuria

from Chinchowfu to Tsitsihar. Another question is to determine whether certain exclusive mining concessions recently obtained from China by Japan are in violation of this country's "open door" policy. Before Mr. Taft became president it was known that he was greatly interested in oriental politics. He realized that China was on the eve of important commercial developments. He knew that within the next ten years the old empire would build many miles of railroad. The president and his secretary of state were in accord on the question of oriental expansion.

Secretary Knox has been anxious that American merchants and capital should have a fair share in the industrial and commercial awakening in China. The earnestness of Secretary Knox was shown in the manner in which he insisted that the United States should have an original share in the Hankow-Szechuen railway loan that was negotiated not long ago for the benefit of capitalists in Great Britain, Germany and France.

Obstruction by Japan. Several months ago Japan obstructed the efforts of British capitalists to construct a railroad from Hsianmintun to Pakumen in Manchuria. Last September an agreement was signed at Daini by which China promised, in the event of undertaking to construct a railway between these two points, to

arrange matters previously with Japan. British capitalists, finding themselves thwarted by this move, allied themselves with an American syndicate and proposed the construction of a railroad from Chinchowfu to Tsitsihar, with an extension to Aigun. China manifested no opposition to this at the time and has not since shown any disposition to oppose it. On the other hand, news dispatches from Peking are to the effect that Japan has served notice on China that the Japanese government reserves the right to be consulted with respect to the proposed railway project.

The line of the proposed road is in the extreme western part of Manchuria, outside of what is regarded as

the Japanese zone of influence. Both Manchuria will be in Manchuria, but a considerable portion of the line will run through Mongolia, the province to the west of Manchuria. The importance of the proposed line lies in the fact that it will connect at Tsitsihar with the Transsiberian railway. It was intimated that Japan feared that the road would divert traffic coming from Europe over the Transsiberian railway, which road is owned by Japan. So much for the feature in the railroad situation.

China and Japan's Manchuria Mines. In the treaty between China and Japan regarding the development of mines in Manchuria Secretary Knox is or has been much more interested. Copies of the agreement between China and Japan on this matter have been studied by the American secretary of state. The article in the agreement which it is believed the secretary has been chiefly interested in is as follows:

"All mines along the Amur-Mukden railway and the main line of the South Manchuria line, excepting those at Fushan and Yuental, shall be exploited as joint enterprises of Japanese and Chinese subjects on the general principles which the viceroy of the eastern three provinces and the governor of Shingking province agreed upon with the Japanese consul general in 1907."

It was charged that Minister Crane's

publicity of the fact that Secretary Knox was preparing a protest to this resulted in Mr. Crane's recall. Undoubtedly Mr. Crane's utterances had much to do with the cancelling of his exequatur. Nevertheless, other reasons have been hinted at. One of these is that he had selected as his counselor and adviser the former vice consul at Mukden, who was persona non grata to the department of state.

It is the opinion in some quarters that China is looking to the United States for assistance, and that this administration is inclined to help China in the opinion in other quarters, and this opinion is based upon the utterances of President Taft upon Chinese matters and that China has already shown its appreciation of this fact by admitting the United States to equal participation in its recent railway loan.

The interests of the old empire that is awakening to the importance of linking its destiny with the commerce of the age are largely in the care of Yuan Shih Kai, "the grand old man of China," who is in line with his distinguished predecessor, Li Hung Chang, who long before he closed his career had foreseen the needs of his country.

In this work Yuan Shih Kai has the confidence and aid of Prince Chun, regent of the realm during the coming to the throne of Pu Yi some time remote from the age in which he will take up the burden that awaits him.

GILFORD GLENN.

Mount McKinley Is a Wonder

MOUNT MCKINLEY is looming up on the map just now as it must have loomed up on the vision of W. A. Dickey, the prospector, in 1895, after he had rafted his way from Cook Inlet to the foothills of the snow capped altitude which he named Mount McKinley. Interest in the culminating point of the North American continent has been intensified since the return of Dr. Frederick A. Cook from his latest venture to his recent north pole venture proclaimed that he had been the first to ascend to the pinnacle of Mount McKinley. This claim has recently been denied by one who accompanied Dr. Cook in the latter's expedition to the peak which Dickey named. This is what has revived interest in Mount McKinley.

Professor H. C. Parker of Columbia university announces that he will make another trip to Mount McKinley next year with the object of reaching the goal of mountain explorers. Belmont H. Brown of Tacoma, Wash., who was with Cook and Parker in 1906, promises that he will accompany Professor Parker.

The first who attempted to reach the mountain was Robert Muldrow in 1898. Lieutenant Herron tried it the year after. Alfred H. Brooks and D. L. Resburn of the United States geological survey made a reconnaissance in 1902. Judge Wickenshaw of the United States district court in Seattle and Dr. Cook went there in 1903, and Dr. Cook made his second expedition in 1906. That was the year in which he claims to have succeeded in reaching the summit.

There is a disagreement as to the height of the mountain by those who made measurements. Muldrow made it 20,464 feet; Brooks and Resburn fixed it at 20,200; Dr. Cook made it 22,800. Either altitude would still leave Mount McKinley the highest point of land on the American continent. Mount Logan, also in Alaska, is 19,500, and St. Elias is 18,024 feet. The other towering mountains of the continent are Orizaba, 13,105; Popocatepetl, 17,876; Mount Foraker, 17,000. Mount Logan is the highest peak in the world above perpetual ice. It has from 5,000 to 6,000 feet more of perpetual snow than Mount McKinley. On the latter horses can go up for 5,000 feet, but on Mount Logan baggage, instruments and everything needed must be carried on the backs of men.

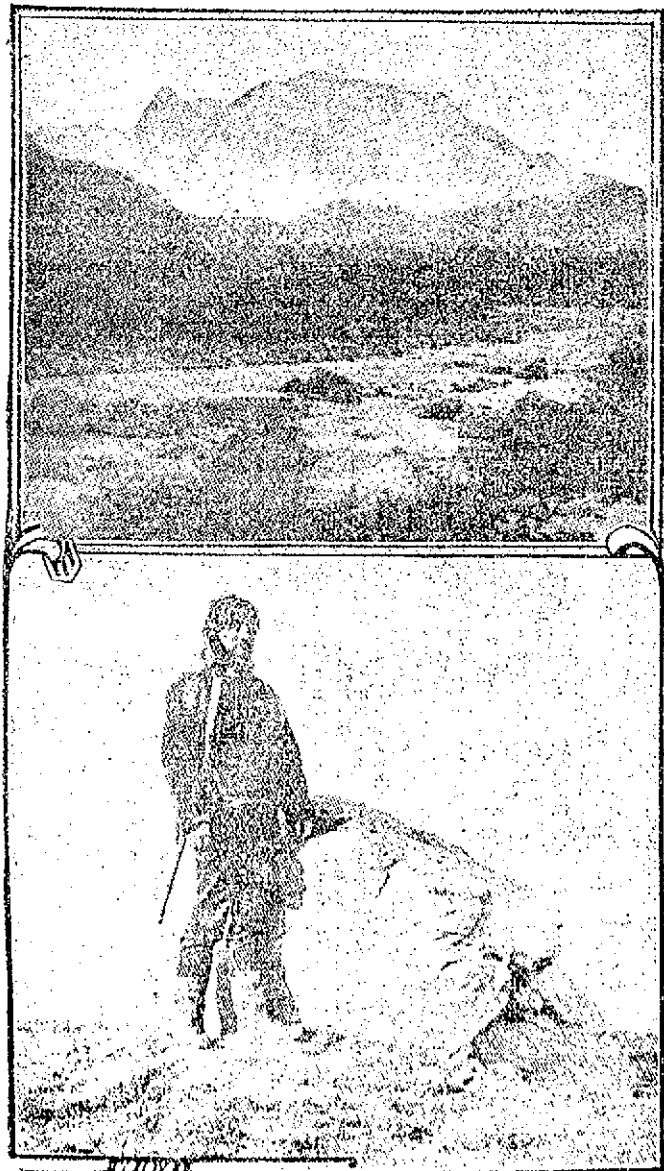
The highest mountain in the world so far as known is Mount Everest, of the Himalayas. It is 29,002 feet above the level of the sea. Aconcagua, in the Andes, is 22,900 feet. Humboldt and Whymper climbed Chimborazo, estimated to be from 19,000 to 20,000 feet above sea level. Sir Martin Conway reached an altitude of 22,000 feet in India.

Mount McKinley lies 200 miles from Cook Inlet, on the edge of America's greatest wilderness. The plateau on which it stands feeds four of Alaska's largest rivers, Sushitna and Copper being the principal ones. The nearest mountains to the Alaska range are the

Chugach. Between the two ranges is a valley 150 miles broad, and this wilderness is drained by the Sushitna river and its tributaries. Mount McKinley is situated in the heart of the Alaskan range. It is dome shaped and has two summits, two miles apart, differing about 1,000 feet in altitude, the southern being the highest. Its northwestern slope is drained by a large glacier, which discharges into a river tributary to the Toklat. About its base is an abundant growth of spruce, which flourishes to an altitude of 2,500 feet, and above that is willow to a limit of 4,000 feet. The route taken

by most of those who went to the vicinity is from Cook Inlet, up the Sushitna river. Cook Inlet is reached by ocean steamer from Seattle. Of course it can be reached by other routes, but the quickest and most comfortable journey is from Seattle as described. From Seattle to the foothills of Mount McKinley requires from six to eight weeks. If the atmosphere is clear the peak of Mount McKinley can be seen dazzling in the sunlight at a distance of 125 miles.

The lofty pinnacle was probably first seen by the Indians, but the first mention of its sight was made by a Rus-



MOUNT MCKINLEY AND DR. F. A. COOK AS A MOUNTAIN CLIMBER

Rescue of the American Bison

WHEN a recent congress passed a bill setting aside a great tract of land in Montana for a buffalo range for the purpose of aiding in the preservation of "our national animal" it did something that appealed mightily to the hearts of Americans. The experiment is bearing fruit. Acquisitions are coming in from many quarters. Recently thirty-four animals were turned in on the reservation. They were purchased from the Conrad herd by the American Bison society for \$275 per head, entered separately at the place where they were purchased, shipped down Flathead lake by boat to the place where they were disembarked, and then hauled on wagons to the range, a distance of twenty miles.

Less than fifty years ago a herd of thirty-four buffaloes would not have

million. In 1903 they had dwindled to 1,502 in the United States. The same year there were 470 in Canada and 150 in Europe.

The Montana national bison ranch is an accomplished fact. In addition to the herd on the range, more animals have been promised and will be delivered by next spring. The government's construction party finished the erection of the fence about the range several weeks ago. The range and work were inspected by the purchasing committee of the American Bison society, consisting of Dr. W. T. Hornaday, president of the society, and F. H. Kennard of Boston. They reported that the range is as nearly perfect as can be conceived for its purpose and will support 1,500 animals. With this start the American Bison society hopes to restore the nation's animal to some-

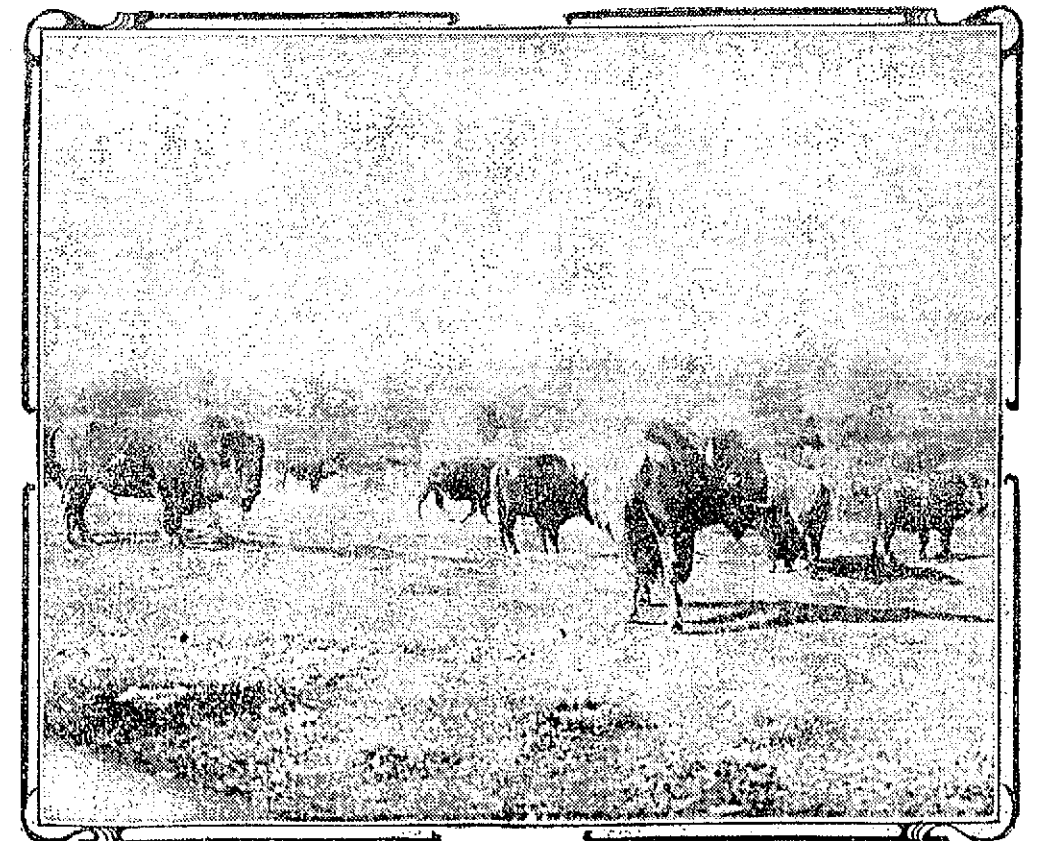
cost of the land was about \$20,000, and the fence was built for \$10,000. The organization which brought about the passage of the bill by congress was the result of a national movement begun in 1904 for the express purpose of devising ways and means for the preservation of the buffalo. The society was organized in New York city in December, 1905. Many distinguished and patriotic citizens responded to the movement, and when the society was formed President Roosevelt was elected honorary president, and Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, was elected honorary vice president.

That the plan to restore the bison is succeeding is attested by the fact that in 1906 there were only, by actual census, 913 in the country. In 1903 there were 1,502, all pure blooded.

The last great slaughter took place

in the Indian Territory in 1878. A band of Cheyennes and Arapahoes was permitted by the government to go out to this extermination. In the course of a few hours more than 1,000 buffaloes were killed mercilessly and their bodies torn to pieces after the fashion of the Indian after he had killed his game.

KENTSAW DAVIS.



J. J. HILL'S BUFFALO HERD AT NORTH OAKS FARM.

excited remark if seen at any point on the Great American desert. If any one had predicted then that a bison would ever be crated and shipped as freight such a statement would have been laughed down. That was when the huge beasts were numbered by hundreds of thousands. Half a century ago they were estimated by the

thing like its former glory, although conditions are such that no living man or any that is to come will ever see what has been seen.

The range is on the Flathead reservation. It is in the county of Missoula, Mont., eighty miles west of the town of the same name, six miles from Ravalli, a station on the Northern Pacific. The

Petroleum in Asia. Petroleum has been found in Kolantan and other parts of the Malay peninsula. In the north of Sumatra small quantities of the oil have come to the surface in Muntang and other places, but so far no attempt has been made to ascertain its commercial value.

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LOGAN DAMERON.

THE OPERA HOUSE

"Servant in the House"

Well Presented

"The Servant in the House," the most talked of play, locally at least, that has appeared in Lowell in many seasons, opened its three nights' engagement at the opera house, last evening before an audience representing a great variety of thought, each individual thoroughly wrought up in advance, and each practically spellbound from the rise of the curtain on the first act to its fall on the last.

Never did a Lowell audience give more complete attention to a play and never did a local audience witness a play that required or earned such complete attention as did this unconventional and almost weird religious-dramatic conception of Charles Ranck Kennedy, the eminent English actor-dramatist.

For a week or more before the coming of the play, its features had been exploited in the press, opinions had been given upon it, the press agent has impressed upon the public that the central figure in the drama is like unto a reincarnation of Christ, a most daring character to present before the footlights and upon its coming several quotations from the program served to intensify the anticipation of the audience before the rising of the curtain. Is it any wonder that all were enthralled at the outset?

The play was presented with the following cast:

James Ponsoby Makeshyffe, D. D., the most Reverend, the Lord Bishop of Lancashire. G. M. Carter, The Rev. William Smythe, Vicar.

George Irving, Auntie, the Vicar's Wife.

Lizzie Hudson Collier, Mary, their Niece. Frances Jordan, Mr. Robert Smith, a gentleman of necessary occupation. Charles Dalton Rogers, a poor boy. Henry Travers, a blunderer. Creston Clarke, "The Servant in the House."

The "Servant in the House" is described by its promoters as "a modern comedy in which sparkling humor serves as an antithesis to scenes of stirring pathos." Mr. Kennedy, the author, does not define it, he simply gives it to the world as an expression of his views on the relation of the church to mankind. It is a comedy compared with any other dramatic offering that we know of. Its dramatic construction has flaws in spots but the author doesn't claim otherwise. It is dramatic in parts, likewise melodramatic. It has deliciously humorous situations and keenly satirical moments and again it is a comedy of human interest. There is much in the order of a sermon, but barely any mention of the scriptures. It would be impossible to find a flaw in the manner in which it is presented. So much for "The Servant in the House" from a theatrical standpoint.

It is it is the reason or purpose of the play, that makes its individuality. Mr. Kennedy is a socialist, and there is a suspicion of unbelief in some of his views. Talking the English church and its ministry in name he attacks its Christianity and its dogmas. To lead his attack he employs a character like unto Christ himself, professing actual reverence for the Christian ideals of gentleness and brotherly love, and clothing his dangerous thoughts in beautiful forms of Christian speech. For this reason the "Living Son's" description of "The Servant in the House" is impressively beautiful, as follows:

"I am afraid you may not consider it an altogether substantial concern. It has to be seen in a certain way; under certain conditions some people never see it at all. You must understand, this is no dead pile of stone and meaningless timber. It is a living thing. When you enter it you hear a sound—a sound as of some mighty poem chanted. Listen long enough, and you will learn that it is made up of the beating of human hearts, of the nameless music of men's souls—that is, if you have ears. If you have eyes, you will presently see the church itself—a looming mystery of many shapes and shadows leaping sheer from floor to dome, the work of no ordinary builder! The pillars of it go up like the brawny trunks of heroes; the sweet, human flesh of it, the organs of its mind, are of the same stuff as the bulwarks, strong, invulnerable; the faces of little children laugh out from every corner-stone; the terrible spasms and arches of it are the joined hands of comrades, and up in the heights and spaces there are inscribed the numberless musings of all the dreamers of the world. It is a building—building and built upon. Sometimes the work goes forward in deep darkness, sometimes in blinding light; now beneath the burden of unutterable anguish, now to the tune of a great laughter and heroic shoutings like the cry of thunder. Sometimes, in the silence of the night, you may hear the humming of the bees, the comrades at work in the dome—the comrades that have climbed ahead."

And yet the drain-man says to Manson: "I ate parsons, damn them," and tells the dignified bishop to "Go to 'em, Aymen." In depicting the bishop, the representative head of the organ of the church, Mr. Kennedy has painted a picture decidedly painful to him of the faith, the character as painted serving to emphasize the earnestness of the author in his attack, for unmistakably Mr. Kennedy believes everything he has set forth in his play, whether he is right or wrong, and was not writing for money, dollars when he constructed his original offering.

But in the excitement over the religious aspect of the play a most beautiful feature, which to him who will not accept Mr. Kennedy's views on "Christian Socialism," so-called, is the great relief that redeems the piece, the tender human relationship between the rough, uncouth drain man and his daughter. It's the touch of human nature, that reaches the heart rather than the mind and while varying views are entertained by the audience as to the idea being promulgated, the story of the drain-man and Mary is true enough and simple enough to touch the heart of the world. With the hopefulness of youth Mary wishes, and prays for her wish, and with sublime confidence awaits the day when her wish will come true. She meets her erring father, each ignorant of the other's identity, and then is arrayed in the tender human relationship between the rough, uncouth drain man and his daughter. It's the touch of human nature, that reaches the heart rather than the mind and while varying views are entertained by the audience as to the idea being promulgated, the story of the drain-man and Mary is true enough and simple enough to touch the heart of the world.

With William Collier in "The Patriot."

concerned and the more serious the actor is when he is involved in a maze of complications the more spontaneous and the heavier the laugh of his audience. I endeavor to play my strongest comedy scenes with the saddest expression I can hold. The characters in farce must always be in trouble and entanglements. All trouble and entanglements are serious and so we play them with all the lights in the house full on. I want to look into the faces of the audience. If they laugh I want to catch them at it and the more they laugh the more serious I am in my efforts. I feel in being as natural as possible in delivery and gesture. I have observed that some of the jokes that delighted Hamilton and Aaron Burr had with a scream of joy today if they are sent over the footlights as if they were the saddest words of tongue or pen."

ANOTHER SUCCESS

Avery Hopwood, the young author who wrote "Clothes" in which Grace George made such a successful hit, is the author of "This Woman and This Man," a play dealing with life as it is and the many complex questions arising in relation to the sexes. "This Woman and This Man" is announced for presentation at the Opera House Friday, Nov. 12.

"THE CANDY SHOP"

"Fun in a Candy Shop" and "Fun at Coney Island" were the titles for the new "Charles Dillingham musical comedy, 'The Candy Shop,' according to report, as the production's name is divided about evenly within the confines of a candy store and a spot at Con-

York's famous summer playground. "The Candy Shop" is due here on Saturday, Nov. 13, at the Opera House for two performances only.

No native producers of musical comedy have given the country more successes than Charles Dillingham. His production of "Mlle. Modiste," with Fritz Scheff; "The Red Mill," with Montgomery and Stone, and "The Hoxton," with Elsie Janis, rank among the most pronounced musical hits of the past decade. "The Candy Shop," the newest musical production of this manager, is said to surpass all its predecessors. Seats go on sale on Wednesday at 9 a. m.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

There is amusement galore at Hathaway's theatre this week. We have seen, better bills at Hathaway's than we have seen elsewhere. The bill of this week, Vandeville was never intended for weeping. When one goes to a good vaudeville show, and if he is a good hearty laugher, he generally sees to it that his suspenders are none the worse for wear. He doesn't look up with extra handkerchiefs in anticipation of a downpour of sadness. The bill at Hathaway's this week is not a weeping bill. If you feel like giving offense to him of deeply religious nature. The strength of the part is not in the spoken word as in the personality, and suggestion, and in this the consummate art of the actor is evident throughout. As "Robert," the drain-man, Charles Dalton presents a most remarkable role, as to the minor born. The rough, uncouth, profane wanderer under whose repulsive exterior for the flames of real humanity smolder and at last break forth, is also an individual character in itself, even as "Manson," though its antithesis to "Robert," Dalton was seen here before with "The Thief" and also with "Nance O'Neil," and hence is no stranger. George Irving as the vicar, is most effective while C. Harrison Carter, to whom is assigned the character of James Ponsoby Makeshyffe, whom the author makes a most proud and mercenary representative of the church, a rather deplorable character in fact, certainly carried out the author's impression of the character if he did make some of the clergy who were the vicar's wife, Mrs. Lizzie Hudson Collier could not be improved upon. She is a finished actress and last but not least, Miss Frances Dalton, as "Mary," the demure and lovely daughter of the drain-man, gave an exquisite radiance to the scene as though she was the character she faultlessly presented.

The play will be repeated this evening and twice tomorrow and should draw crowded houses at each performance, although in view of the advertising last night's attendance was somewhat disappointing.

WITTY COLLIER IS SERIOUS

Many citizens may note with surprise that William Collier in "The Patriot," who will be seen at the Opera House on Thursday, Nov. 11, makes his appearance laugh without losing composure. He never hits a fellow player with a slapstick and at no time does he fall down a flight of stairs. He does not laugh at his own jokes, strange as it may seem. Of course such an attitude causes remark. Mr. Collier's views on the serious side of funmaking will clear the air a little. Here they are:

In my opinion there is no more serious undertaking for the actor than the attempt to make an audience laugh. If his funmaking does cause them to laugh it is due to his absolute seriousness. Farce should be played as seriously as tragedy. Every farcical situation is a serious situation to those

who take it seriously.

Others in the support are Master Charles Kennedy, as Tommie the messenger boy and Kathleen Paroe. The man who originated the "Chris and Lena" style of monolog, Peter P. Butler, made a big hit at both performances yesterday. His first was a German dialect story studied with wit and cleverness. He was a perfect impersonator. His impersonations were very good. Jim Doherty and Beatrice Harlowe presented travelled bits of the latest hits and they proved to be up-to-date entertainers. Their dancing was probably the strongest part of their act, and their travesty on the big scene in "The Thief" was original to say the least.

The flying Martins are among the very best in their particular branch of aerial work.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.		WESTERN DIV.	
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45
3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
4.45	4.45	4.45	4.45
5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45
6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45
7.45	7.45	7.45	7.45
8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45
9.45	9.45	9.45	9.45
10.45	10.45	10.45	10.45
11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45
12.45	12.45	12.45	12.45
1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45
3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
4.45	4.45	4.45	4.45
5.45	5.45	5.45	5.45
6.45	6.45	6.45	6.45
7.45	7.45	7.45	7.45
8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45
9.45	9.45	9.45	9.45
10.45	10.45	10.45	10.45
11.45	11.45	11.45	11.45
12.45	12.45	12.45	12.45

SHOT BY NEGRO

Police Officer Attacked by Insane Man

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 9.—While attempting to make an arrest on the street yesterday morning, Policeman John H. Ryan was shot through the thigh by John A. Thomas, an insane negro.

The negro had his right hand in his overcoat pocket and had his revolver, a .38-calibre, secreted there. When Ryan placed his hands on the negro's shoulders Thomas pulled the trigger and Ryan cried "I'm shot."

Policeman William Collins then held the negro while J. M. Casgrove, a fireman, secured the revolver.

Thomas has previously been an inmate of an asylum and has been frightening people on the streets for some time. Ryan's wound is not serious.

HOYT RESIDENCE

WITH ALL ITS ELEGANT FURNISHINGS UP FOR SALE

Romantically located on the bend of the Merrimack river near Indian Orchard and commanding a view of scenic grandeur situated on the far famed Hudson, is the Hoyt residence on outer Andover street, long the most noted in Lowell for its unique environment, its palatial appointments, its artistic and luxurious furnishings.

Nothing but death or bankruptcy could explain why such a residence is up for sale at public auction. The real estate is to be sold tomorrow at three o'clock in the afternoon, "regardless of any condition of the weather." The furniture on Thursday and Friday as advertised.

In this case it was death that brought the auctioneers for Eli W. Hoyt, who built the house and accumulated most of the rich treasures it contains, has been dead for a number of years, and his widow, Mrs. Felton, having passed away a few months ago, the estate is to be sold under the provisions of her will.

On a spacious lot with beautiful grounds and driveway, the residence sits well back from the street, high over the natural terrace that rises from East Merrimack street in the rear. The building is of the most substantial construction and shows no sign of wear either without or within. It has an imposing facade, wide piazzas, a circular bay window on the eastern corner of the second story, rising in the form of a tower and capped by a cupola over the third floor.

On each of the three floors are four square corner rooms, affording the most ample provision for the enjoyment of sunlight and fresh air, two of the natural essentials of a cheerful dwelling. The interior finish is chaste and artistic throughout, the walls and ceilings showing the work of some of the most noted German decorators.

The woodwork is done in black walnut; the floors are either parquetry or are inlaid in mosaic of rare wood richly polished. The basement has two floors with every conceivable arrangement for storage, laundry work, boiler, coal bins and a winter storage for summer plants.

In the pantry there is a large refrigerator with a great many separate compartments and into which the bay window is lowered from the outside. The barn is about the same size as the house. It has every possible convenience for the care of horses and carriages and in this the matter of sanitation is well provided for. The main pit has brick walls so that no fire can start except when the bay window is lowered from the outside. The barn is on East Merrimack street about fifty feet below the level of Andover street. On the third floor is the coach house on a level with the driveway leading to Andover street. The main floor is of polished hardwood and to the rear are ample carriage wash rooms with cement floors.

The residence with the apartment buildings is one on which money was expended most lavishly because the owner being wealthy and having no family, had nothing else to do with his money. Like his widow after him, he took pride in making his home the most beautiful in Lowell.

As to the furniture, it is of the most expensive kind, and made to harmonize perfectly with the design of the rooms in finish and material. There is a great variety of oil paintings in heavy gilt frames, the principal ones being by Landseer, Brenner, Williams, Weber, Lawson and Phelps. There are also some fine bronzes and marble statues with a great variety of objects by celebrated artists; vases of the rarest material and most artistic ornamentation.

There is a very beautiful bronze statue by Picault on an ornate pedestal, and one of the most attractive of all is a crystal table and vase on a rich gilt pedestal. There are many book cases filled with very valuable collections, and among the latter is every book bearing upon Lowell or by

Grand Opening

George Fairburn's New Belvidere Market, cor. East Merrimack and Howe Streets, will be open to the public

Wednesday

NOVEMBER 10

All are cordially invited to inspect this up-to-date Meat and Provision Market



THE GAMBLER IN COTTON, THE BLIGHT OF WHOSE PRACTICES IS FELT EVERYWHERE

KILLED BY AUTO

Lynn Boy Struck by Father's Machine

LYNN, Nov. 9.—Run over by his father's auto, Augustus Fogg, the seven-year-old son of Trueworthy Fogg of Lynn, died last night at his home from a fractured skull. He was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Fogg to be victim of a serious accident. On July 4, 1909, their oldest boy, Trueworthy

Fogg, Jr., a lad of 13, shot himself with a revolver and died soon after. In each case the accident occurred at the Fogg home, 74 Mudge street.

Augustus Fogg was run over at the entrance to the garage. The chauffeur, Louis Chanter was backing the large touring car out preparatory to a trip, and Augustus tried to jump on to the back of it. He fell and the wheels passed over him.

Mrs. Fogg came from the house just in time to see her son fall under the auto, but too late to even give a warning to the chauffeur.

He admitted that he had run away from home because of a whipping he had received for striking his sister. According to the boy, his father is an insurance agent in Gloucester. Young Fogg will be buried at the police mortuary where a word can be obtained from his parents.

CHELSEA HOTELS

Will Not be Given Liquor Licenses

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—No liquor licenses are to be granted to hotels in Chelsea during the coming year, although the city voted for license at the recent election. In past years from four to eight hotel licenses have been given out. The liquor dealers are all stirred up over the notice just issued by the licensing board.

Abbot W. Lawrence, chairman of the licensing board, last night stated that no hotel license would be granted, that no license would be issued to any firm in which a woman was interested directly or indirectly, and also that licenses only be issued to citizens and taxpayers of Chelsea.

This stand taken by the licensing board will prevent parties from Lynn, Swampscott and other places obtaining

STAR THEATRE

MERRIMACK STREET

AMATEURS TONIGHT

ADMISSION 50 SEATS FREE

THEATRE VOYONS

COMEDY AND TRAGEDY

Acted by Miss. Phila. Morla

TEN CENTS—THAT'S ALL

By J. E. CONANT & CO. Auctioneers
OFFICE, LOWELL, MASSACHUSETTS.

Tomorrow Afternoon

The Hoyt Residence, Andover Street
To Whomsoever Will Bid the Most

On Wednesday, the 10th day of November, 1909, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, upon the premises, regardless of any condition of the weather, as executor of the will of Mary A. Felton, we shall sell at absolute auction sale the residential property numbered 385 Andover street, adjoining the residence of Mr. Freeman B. Shedd and opposite the residential estate of Mr. Paul Butler.

FOR MANY YEARS IT HAS BEEN ONE OF THE SHOW PLACES OF LOWELL.

House and stable in the centre of 25,700 square feet of land. The land extends from Andover street to East Merrimack street. The view from the premises up and down the Merrimack river, over the manufacturing section of Lowell, and across the country to distances beyond, even at times to the White mountains, is one long to look at and one which never tires. The house, palatial in structure and character, has hand decorated walls and ceilings, black walnut finish, parquetry and polished floors. The decorations upon the walls and ceilings of the reception room, living-room, library, dining-room and halls are magnificent and represent years of persistent, patient, skillful and artistic work. There are four corner rooms on each of the three floors. The reception room, library, living-room, dining-room, lower hall, butler's pantry, kitchen and pantry are on the first floor. There are four large chambers, large hall, sewing room, linen room, and bath room on the second floor. The billiard room, smoking room, servants' quarters, cedar closet-trunk room, and storage room, as well as a second bath room and good sized square hall, are on the third floor. The house is built on a high and commanding position, dignified with the judgment and conservatism of culture and refinement. It is a luxurious home to the full definition of the word. There are shades in all the windows and with the exception of the kitchen and basement the windows are fitted with double shades. In the kitchen is a Stirling range with upper oven and gas stove attached. In the pantry is a large built-in ice chest and refrigerator, the ice going in from an outside platform. In the basement is a laundry, wine closet, provisions closet, hallway and entrance, vegetable cellar, flower cellar, large cold storage, and a Scamell & Wholey steam boiler which thoroughly heats the house in any weather from top to bottom. In the laundry are set soapstone tubs, bricked-in copper boiler, and an Arlington improved range. Outside the basement and under the rear piazza is a tool room. The land has been developed by landscape engineering and has its shade trees, hedges, shrubbery, flower beds, lawn, paths and driveway.

The stable building is in strict keeping with the residence. This is true both from the standpoint of architecture, interior finish and arrangement. The stable building is a very roomy wash stand room, a harness room with attached storage room and run from the coach house to the stable. Beneath the coach house is the stable with five stalls, one a box stall. From the immense and broad stable floor are a wash room, straw room, hay rack, and a balcony on river side. From the stable floor there is a run to the level of East Merrimack street of the same dimension as the two floors above and is as useful as any in the building. The enclosed manure pit is on the northeastern corner of the lower floor with opening into East Merrimack street. On the easterly side of the stable building is the coachman's residence and a fine home is, too. The entire building is thoroughly heated throughout by an Ingals & Kendrick steam plant. The finish of the buildings is Georgia pine throughout.

The land has a total area of 25,700 square feet, a frontage of 100 feet on Andover street, and a frontage slightly more than 100 feet on East Merrimack street. The purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers \$2500 just the moment the property is struck off. The house will be open for exhibition the two days next preceding the day of sale. Admission will be by card only, obtained from the office of the auctioneers.

F. B. SHEDD,
ALEXIS D. SARGENT,
Trustees under the will of Mary A. Felton.

Licensees in Chelsea and running objectionable places as in past years. The people of Chelsea offered strong objections to saloons in the Mill Hill district, near the Revere line, when license was in vogue.

Chas. Rogers, Runels hall, tonight.

JIMMY GARDNER

SAYS HE HAS DRAWN THE COLOR LINE

Jimmy Gardner has drawn the color line. "There are enough white men in the business to fight without meeting colored men," says Gardner, "and I really think all the other white pugilists should pass them up. In the case of the Jeffries-Johnson fight it is an exception."

FOR CATARRH

Medicine Free in Every Case Where It Fails to Relieve.

Neglect or pessimism, we believe, is the greatest enemy the public has to contend with when applied to the loss or recovery of health. Practically every case of consumption might have been cured if hope had been maintained and proper treatment had been resorted to at the first symptom of the disease. Until the advanced stage is reached, consumption is curable, and the responsibility we believe, for many cases of consumption, it is about catarrh we want to talk to you today, incidentally consumption, since the two are so closely allied.

We have a medicine made from a prescription of one of the most successful catarrh specialists known. We believe it is positively without an equal. We are so satisfied that we are right, that we will supply the medicine free in every instance where it is used according to directions for a reasonable length of time, should it fail to give satisfaction in every particular. We want everyone to try this medicine at our risk. There are no conditions attached to our offer. We put the user under no obligation to us whatever.

The medicine we want you to try is Resall Muen-Tone. It is a catarrh remedy that goes straight to the seat of trouble. It is carried by the blood to every part of the system. It purifies and enriches the blood, tones up the mucous cells, and brings about a condition of health and strength that tends to prevent the germs of consumption from getting a start. Besides, this Resall Muen-Tone is a wonderful appetizer, digestive aid and flesh builder. Its good effects are often felt from the very first dose. It is one of the largest and most satisfactory selling medicines that we have ever had anything to do with.

We know so much of the great good that it has done that we personally back it up with our reputation and money, which fact should be ample guarantee to satisfy anybody. Resall Muen-Tone comes in two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. We urge you to try it. Remember you can obtain Resall Remedies in Lowell only at our store, The Resall Store—Hall & Lyon Co., 67-69 Merrimack street.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

Every Afternoon Week Nov. 8th Evening

AVON COMEDY FOUR

THE FLYING MARTINS

PETE HAKER

LEE BRON, and ALLEN

DOUBLET and HAWLOW

LATEST MOVING PICTURES

JAS. KENNEDY and COMPANY

Presenting the Comedy "Jack Swell"

Admission 50c Matinee Every Day

Phonograph from M. Steinert & Sons

Lowell Opera House

Proprietor—JULIUS GARDNER—MGR.

TONIGHT AND WEDNESDAY

Malinee Wednesday.

Henry Miller's Associate Players in

THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE

BY CHARLES RANN KENNEDY

Seats on sale. Prices: Eve. \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c, 25c. Mat., \$1.00, 50c, 25c.

THURSDAY, NOV. 11

CHARLES FROHMAN Presents

WILLIAM COLLIER

In His Greatest Laughing Success

THE PATRIOT

As given all last season at the Garrick Theatre, New York. Directed by the Hollis Theatre, Boston. Prices: \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c, 25c. Seats on Sale

Frank Lalor

The Big Scream of "Coming Thro' the Rye"

IS WITH

THE

CANDY

SHOP

Charles Dillingham's Big Musical

Comedy Hit

100 People

SATURDAY, NOV. 13

Matinee Night

Prices: \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c, 25c

SEATS 8 A. M. WEDNESDAY

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Flynn, Rogers and Donnelly's Success

Illustrated Songs

KENNEDY and HOLLES

The Original College Boys

Afternoon and Evening

5 and 10 cents. Reserved seats, 15 cents.

Grand Bazaar

In Aid of St. Anthony's Parish

LINCOLN HALL

TWO WEEKS—Nov. 7th to 21st

PRIZE DRILL, WED., NOV. 10th

By St. Anthony's Military Co.

LECTURE ON THE AZORES

SUNDAY NIGHT, Nov. 14

By Rev. F. V. Sinho

DANCING EVERY NIGHT

EXTRA

FOR FLYING MACHINE

Congressman Ames Erects Building on Boulevard

For the Purpose of Experimenting With an Aerial Invention of His Own

Hon. Butler Ames has erected a shed-like building on land owned by the water department and from the appearance of it one would infer that the congressman is about to get his flying machine going again.

The Sun attempted to get into communication with the congressman but the latter is in Boston at the grand opera and could not be located.

The building was erected a few days ago under the direction of Richard

HE PLEADED GUILTY

"Prof." Hill Admitted Causing Death of Miss St. Jean

TAUNTON, Nov. 9.—"Prof." Frank L. Hill, the herb doctor, indicted for manslaughter in causing the death of Amelia St. Jean of Woonsocket, today pleaded guilty in the district court here and admitted that he caused the death of the girl.

The dismembered portions of the body of the St. Jean girl with the exception of the head which has not been recovered, were found scattered along the Bulger marsh road in the town of Taunton, R. I. The identity of the victim of the crime was established and suspicion was directed at Hill and he was arrested together with a chauffeur named Thibault, a friend of the St. Jean girl. Thibault was subsequently released but Hill was indicted for manslaughter. It was alleged by the police that the young woman had visited Hill for the purpose of submitting to an illegal operation which was supposed to have resulted in her death.

GIRL'S HEAD RECOVERED

PALL RIVER, Nov. 9.—The head of Amelia St. Jean was recovered this afternoon. It was found by a reporter of a local paper about 3.30 this afternoon at the spot off Robeson street in the bushes about ten or fifteen feet from the road as described by counsel for Hill in his statement to the court. It was wrapped in a black skirt supposedly the property of the murdered girl, which she was known to have worn away on the day she disappeared.

GIRL WAS MURDERED

Her Body Was Found in an Alley in Cairo, Ill.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 9.—Miss Annie Pelley, a clerk in a local dry goods store was murdered here last night. The crime was revealed today when children found her stripped and mutilated in an alley today. An examination showed that she had been gagged and choked to death and made the victim of a fiendish assault. There is no clue to the murderer.

BOSTON & MAINE

Annual Meeting Was Held Today

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Only routine business was transacted today at the meeting of the directors of the Boston & Maine railroad although it was expected that executive officers of the company would be chosen by the directors who were elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders last month. It was stated that the directors would meet again a week from today. At today's meeting it was reported unofficially that Lucius Tuttle would retire from the presidency of the road and accept an executive office which would relieve him of many burdens of management. Inquiry at President Tuttle's office failed to disclose either a confirmation or a denial of this report.

NO RESISTANCE OFFERED

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Nov. 9.—According to an official announcement the government forces have recovered the telegraph station at Chile which had fallen into the hands of the rebels. It is stated that no resistance was offered.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MANY NEW WELLS

Installed in Boulevard by Water Department

Department Looking for New Water Vein—Water Has Been Cloudy of Late—Recount in 19th Representative District Leaves Result Unchanged—Many Young Voters Register for City Election—Other City Hall News

The water department is looking for a new vein of water. Fifty new wells have been installed in the Boulevard within the last few months and the department is planning for 200 more. Engineers are now at work on the plans. These things are being done with an eye to the future and were suggested by two successive years of excessive drought. The rainfall for the last two years has been much less than for any two successive years since Lowell's water works were properly installed, and the effect of such unusual drought has shown itself in the water.

The table contained in the annual report of the board of health, giving the rainfall by inches for thirty years, shows the rainfall for 1908 was more than two inches less than any year during that period and 22.918 inches less than in 1901.

Water Is Cloudy

The water board has received several complaints of late relative to the cloudy appearance of the water. Asked about these complaints, Supt. Thomas said: "We have received quite a number of complaints and I think that the trouble is due in a great measure to connections that are being made at the present time. We are making connections on head ends, so-called. A pipe that stops in a street and does not have further connection is called a dead end. We are connecting all of those that we can and I think that will relieve the trouble some because it will give better circulation through the pipes. A fluctuation in pressure through the pipes stirs the rust and sediment that naturally form on the inside of the pipes and once stirred up it shows in the water."

"We can't lose sight of the fact, too, that we have had two years of unusual drought and that means a decrease in the amount of water. The average rainfall for the last two years has been extremely small and when the water is low we have to pump harder and that, I presume, adds to the discoloration of the water."

No Cause for Worry

"There is no occasion for any worry or excitement over the matter, however. We keep in close touch with the state board of health and the board makes an analysis monthly. Lowell has as good water as any city in the state or in the country for that matter. The state board of health finds nothing the matter with our water except that it contains a little more iron than it should. For drinking or cooking purposes the presence of iron in the water does not matter, in fact, I presume, it is more or less healthful, but it does effect it for washing. The iron is liable to show up on white clothes."

"Before any complaints relative to the condition of the water were received we decided upon installing new wells. We have installed 50 this summer and we have plans for 200 more. Our idea is to cover a bigger area and then, of course, we will not have to pump so hard."

"The department has gone further than to install and plan for new wells. We are also looking for a new vein of water and I think we have found it but it is not on city land."

The Cook Wells

The Cook wells are not being used at the present time and when they were used last summer the department received a great many complaints relative to the condition or appearance of the water. Asked how he accounted for this, Mr. Thomas said: "The Cook well water is all right, but the process that has to be gone through with in order to distribute it, rolls it and renders it unsatisfactory. You see the water from these wells is pumped into the mains and in the process of pumping it into the mains an opposite and formidable current, the reservoir current, is encountered. With the installation of the new wells, however, I think we will have little complaint as to the condition of the water. There is no reason for alarm at this or any other time as to the purity of the water."

MERRIMACK AND CENTRAL STS.

Were Full Last Saturday Night

With the characteristic crowd of Lowell people—neatly dressed, well-behaved, thrifty-looking—and nearly everyone in passing stopped for a few moments to look at the fine exhibit of C. L. Hood & Co.'s preparations in A. W. Dows & Co.'s window. Many favorable words were spoken—now for the Sun's Sanaparilla, then for Hood's Pills and Hood's Tooth Powder and Hood's Lotion and the other Hood's products. The products of the Hood company have a good name at home, as well as a big sale abroad.

Couple from Turkey

Included in the marriage intentions registered at the city hall today was that of a young man and young woman from Turkey. The young man's name is Selar N. Santerian and the woman's name is Victoria N. Khaterian. He is 23 and she is 24. The wedding will be the sequel to a courtship that was begun in far away Turkey.

BAY STATE FIRM

Has Purchased a Big Machine Plant

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—One of the largest and oldest machinery and manufacturing industrial of Providence will be removed from this city to Wittingville, Mass., the coming spring through the merger of the Providence Machine Co. with the Witing Machine Co. The combination was effected by the purchase of the stock of the Providence company by the Massachusetts firm. Although the price was not made public, it is understood to be large as the real property at present is said to be conservatively valued at \$500,000. The Providence Machine Co., manufacturers of cotton textile machinery, now employs about 2500 hands. It was founded in 1865 by the late Thomas J. Hill. The Witing Machine Co. has a large manufacturing plant in the village bearing its name. With the addition of the Providence business its employees will number more than 3000.

Crowley

CLUBS

OF WARDS 1, 3, AND 8 will meet at Crowley headquarters, 210 Central St., At 8 O'Clock Tonight

JOHN P. O'HARE, Advertisement, 167 Warren Court.

THOS. CONNOLLY

Will be Buried by Lowell Friends

Undertaker Thomas J. McDermott and Jeremiah McGlinchey of Gorham street, left for North Woodstock, N. H., this noon to take charge of the body of Thomas J. Connolly, who was found dead on the banks of the Pemigewasset river on Sunday under peculiar circumstances. If possible they will bring the body back to Lowell, if not, they will provide for a proper burial.

Connolly had been in Lowell up to a few weeks ago and was well and most favorably known in the vicinity of his home. He resided with an aunt in Union street. He was a dyer and a man of good family and good reputation. His Lowell friends cannot understand how his death should occur as it did. The aunt of the deceased was unable to meet the expense of bringing the body to Lowell and so informed the police, who telephoned the fact to the New Hampshire authorities. When this fact became known to the friends of the deceased, Messrs. McGlinchey and McDermott and ex-Councilman Finney, interested themselves in the case and in a short time had raised an amount sufficient to cover all funeral expenses. They attempted to explain the situation to the New Hampshire authorities over the telephone this morning and being unsuccessful took the first train for North Woodstock.

FUNERALS

HESSLIN—The funeral of James Henry Hesselin took place from the home of his parents, 25 Rogers street, at 2.30 this afternoon and was largely attended. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Thomas J. McDermott in charge.

JUDGE—The funeral of Catherine Agnes Judge took place this morning from the funeral parlors of Undertaker T. J. McDermott. The cortege moved to St. Peter's church, where at eight o'clock high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Dr. Keleher, pastor of the church. The Gregorian mass was chanted, and at the offertory Miss May Whiteley sang "O Meritum Passionis." After the elevation "Pie Jesu" was rendered by Mr. James E. Donnelly, and as the body was borne from the church the choir sang "In Paradisum." Mrs. J. W. McKennedy presided at the organ. A number of beautiful floral tributes were placed on the casket, and among them a spray from Mrs. Einfeld and several other pieces from friends of the deceased. The cortege proceeded to the Catholic cemetery, where the interment took place. Services at the grave being conducted by Rev. Dr. Keleher. Interment was under the direction of Undertaker Thos. J. McDermott. The pall bearers were Frank Roane, John Roane, Frank Corbett, William Conney, Thomas McKennedy and William McLaughlin, all altar boys at St. Peter's church. Deceased was sixteen years old and was taken in charge by the sisters who are in control of St. Peter's orphanage when she was a child of three years. She was a most movable little girl, devoted to the good nuns who took such great interest in her, and admired by her little friends in the orphanage.

Yesterday afternoon all the little ones from the orphanage visited the funeral parlors of Undertaker McDermott and offered up their prayers for their little companion. This morning the children accompanied by the sisters walked to the church and were present at the services. The late Fr. Roane was greatly interested in the little girl, and many of the women of the parish who knew of his interest in her were present at the requiem mass today.

A CLEAR HEAD FOR 10 CENTS

A tube of Dows' Menthol Cream costs you 10 or 25 cents. A little placed in the nostrils and you have a clear head.

At All Drugists. Insist on Dows'

Make a Searchlight

That will shine out every night until 12 o'clock looking for business. The customer can't escape the attractiveness.

Of Your Windows

lighted with electric light. They stand out every night and tell the public you conduct a modern, clean, healthful, up-to-the minute store.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central St.

OLD AGE PENSIONS

Bill to be Presented to Next Session of Congress

TORONTO, Nov. 9.—The executive council of the American Federation in its report to the convention today recommended that an appeal be taken to the U. S. supreme court from the sentences imposed on Messrs. Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison.

The council also recommends that an appeal be taken on the original injunction case, the alleged violation of which resulted in the contempt proceedings against the three labor leaders.

The report which was presented to the convention by first vice president James Duncan of the Granite Workers union of Quincy, Mass., says:

"We recommend that an appeal be taken from the decision rendered in both the original injunction as well as the contempt case growing out of it. We cannot permit these decisions to go unchallenged. They affect fundamental rights and either the courts or congress must safeguard them. We again enter our protest against the application of the writ of injunction in labor disputes (unless where an injunction would lie if there were no labor disputes). We hold that the ordinary use of the injunction writ in contentions between workers and employers is an unwarranted interference with the rights and liberties of the workers and is intended and its influence used to intimidate workers especially when they are engaged in a struggle for improved working conditions. It is a fact, however, that such injunctions are issued."

The executive council's report covered a wide range of labor topics including recommendations for legislation and dealt at length with jurisdictional disputes in a number of cases. In the matter of the controversy over the secession of a faction of the electrical workers the executive council gives an exhaustive report of its action thereon. Under section 1, article XII of the constitution, central and state bodies chartered by the Federation are prohibited from admitting to or retaining in membership seceding organizations. A number of state and city central bodies refused to obey the law or comply with the directions of the executive council in the matter involving the electrical workers controversy. The report says:

"After exhausting every means at our command to have state and central bodies comply with the federation constitution and suspend the seceding unions of electrical workers there was no alternative but to revoke the charters of the following state and federal bodies for failure to comply with the constitution:

"Iowa state federation of labor; Ohio state federation of labor and the central bodies of Cedar Rapids, Ia., Davenport, Ia., Detroit, Mich., Duluth, Minn., Albany, N. Y., Hornell, N. Y., Jamestown, N. Y., Cleveland, O., Newark, O., Toledo, O., Connelleyville, Pa., Dallas, Texas, Sherman, Texas, Ogden, Utah, Everett, Wash., St. Louis, Mo., Atlantic City, N. J. and Logansport, Ind."

"The following central bodies have since complied with the constitution and their charters have been restored: Loganport, St. Louis, Albany and Jamestown."

On the subject of old age pensions, Congressman William D. Wilson, who is one of the miners' delegates, has drawn a bill to be presented at the next session of congress. This bill is submitted by the executive council with approval to the convention.

Referring to the work of the special committee on industrial education the report says:

"Organized labor favors that plan of industrial training which will give our boys and girls such training as will help them to advance after they are in industry. We believe that as much attention should be given to the proper education of those who work at our industry as is now given to those who prepare to enter professional and managerial careers."

"The council reports extensions of the idea of co-operation between the labor unions and farmers organizations and concludes by saying:

"Our efforts should be continued to promote the growth of the harmony now existing between the farmers' unions of the country and the American Federation of Labor and all the affiliated bodies of both."

Reporting on the work of the federation in the crusade against tuberculosis the council urgently recommends the adoption of a resolution demanding from the duly constituted authorities, boards of health included, that laws or regulations shall be effected or formulated prohibiting the sale of second hand clothing or second hand bottles unless they have been cleaned and renovated under the direction and supervision under the auspices of the board of health."

In concluding the report says:

"We desire to lay the greatest emphasis upon the primary facts that the greatest central thought and intent of the American Federation of Labor is for an improved standard of life and devotion to the fundamental and original principle of the unity of thought, act and expression to all our people."

Following the submission of the report of the executive council the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow. This afternoon the delegates were given a trolley ride around the city and tonight will be entertained at one of the local theatres.

MADAME STEINHEIL

Pleads With Court to Have Pity on Her

FARMS, Nov. 9.—"Have pity on me; I am an unhappy woman who should not be tortured," cried Madame Steinheil on the resumption of her trial here today for the murder of her husband and stepmother during the testimony of the jewelers with reference to the changes of jewelry which she originally claimed had been stolen by the assassins. The prosecuting judge responded that the accused always repeated that cry when she was embarrassed for an answer.

Madame Steinheil admitted anew that she had had certain jewels, the gifts of her admirers, melted but she maintained that this was done to keep them from the knowledge of her daughter.

From this point Madame Steinheil assumed an aggressive attitude which continued through the examination of several witnesses and resulted in a series of lively tilts between her and Judge DeVries. When reproached for having concealed so long from the authorities the fact that she possessed imitation duplicates of her jewels, the woman defended her secrecy on the ground that she wished to hide from her friends the real financial conditions of the family. When the journalists testified that Madame Steinheil was in a state of great depression at the time when she confessed to them that she had placed the pearl in Couillard's pocketbook and then accused Wolf, the prisoner interrupted to declare that the newspapermen had tortured her into speaking, one having even twisted her wrists to make her talk.

The reporters continuing their testimony denied using force but admitted that they pressed the woman's confess. Their testimony was in sharp contrast with most of that introduced yesterday in that it was most damaging to the defendant. M. Barby, a photographer, being called testified that when Madame Steinheil was convinced that she would be arrested she

WE LIKE THE HARD JOBS

Bycycling, Golfing, Glasses furnished. Prescriptions filled. Glasses repaired. Best in Lowell.

Caswell Optical Co., 11 Bridge St.

NOVEMBER

15

QUARTER MONTH

AT THE

WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION

207 CENTRAL STREET

6 O'CLOCK EXPLOSION OF GAS Started Fire in a House in Moody Street

An alarm from box 52 at 11:20 o'clock this morning summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in the basement of the Dupont block in upper Moody street. The fire was caused by a gas explosion but had been extinguished before the department arrived on the scene.

Maurice Parley and another employee of the Lowell Gas Light company were in search of a leak in the gas pipe in the cellar of the building and were using the regulation closed lantern used by employees of the company. They came on the leak suddenly and the escaping gas communicating with the flame of the lantern caused an explosion.

Parley immediately grabbed his cap off his head and placed it over the flame and succeeded in extinguishing it, but not before his hand was badly burned.

In the meantime an alarm was sent in from box 52 but when the department arrived the fire was out.

Fred C. Church carried the insurance on the building.

An investigation into the cause of the fire which occurred in one of Robert D. Bartlett's houses in Lincoln St. early Sunday morning will be conducted by Fire Marshal's Aid Rice at the office of the chief engineer of the fire department in Middle street tomorrow morning.

ORAL BETTING ALLOWED

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Oral betting does not constitute book-making within the means of the recent race track gambling laws. This in effect is the decision of the court of appeals today affirming an order from the lower courts for the discharge from custody of Orlando Jones and Sol Lichtenstein who were indicted in Kings county on a charge of book-making.

ROBERT SIMPSON A Victim of Hypnotic Experiment is Dead

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Nov. 9.—Victim of hypnotic experiment, Robert Simpson is dead and Prof. Arthur Everett of Newark, the hypnotist, is under arrest and in a state of collapse today over the failure of his heroic efforts to revive his subject. Simpson was hypnotized at a performance in a theatre here last night. After placing the man in a catatonic state the hypnotist performed numerous tests in the presence of the audience to show the thoroughness of his work. When the time came to end the tests, however, Prof. Everett found that his work to his appearance had been too thorough. The subject could not be revived.

In a panic, the hypnotist called upon physicians, who after laboring a long time over Simpson pronounced him dead. Notwithstanding this decision, the man was taken to a hospital where Prof. Everett and County Physician W. H. Long made heroic efforts to revive him. No results having been obtained after several hours Everett was arrested. Everett collapsed after his last despairing attempt to revive his subject.

County Physician Long said that an autopsy would be performed today to determine the exact cause of Simpson's death.

Simpson's death was witnessed by a numerous audience. The crowd cheered as the hypnotist with a few passes put him in a rigid state, placed his head on one chair and his feet on another and then stood on the man's body. Then clamping his hands, Everett attempted to end the experiment in the usual way. But there was not the usual response. Simpson's eyes rolled, his jaw dropped and he collapsed and rolled heavily over on the floor. No sign of life was afterwards apparent. Everett said today he was informed that Simpson had been drinking before the experiment was performed.

INCREASE IN WAGES

BETHLEHEM, Nov. 9.—The wages of several thousand employees of the Bethlehem Steel Co. will be restored to the scale in vogue before the 1907 depression, according to an announcement made by C. M. Schwab. The increase will amount to ten per cent.

BANK CASHIER ARRESTED

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 9.—George H. Osborne, for 35 years cashier of the Huntington bank, was arrested today on the charge of being short in his accounts. Amount unknown.

5000 HOMELESS DUTY ON BRISTLES

Island of Panay Crossed by Typhoon

Is Seven and One Half Cents

MANILA, Nov. 9.—Panay, an island of the Visayas group, Philippines, was crossed by a typhoon last Sunday. The storm was especially severe in Capas province where many homes were destroyed. Five thousand persons are homeless and much property and crops destroyed.

The wind, which was of hurricane force, was accompanied by heavy rains and much of the country is flooded.

A Mother Writes:
"You Don't Know"

"How grateful I am for the bottle of Anti-son, baby's own medicine. I had been using syrup. I am sorry I did not know about Anti-son before. I will never be without it again. It has saved my baby a world of trouble. It has saved me many a dollar and has been a God-send to me." This mother is Mrs. M. J. Regan, 367 Union St., Manchester, N. H.

Anti-son is a safe and pleasant remedy for stomach, liver and bowels. 25c.

DEATHS

MAHONEY—Jannah Mahoney, a devout attendant at the Sacred Heart church, died this morning at her home, 67 South Willow street. The deceased was the widow of the late John and is survived by two sons, William and John J. Funeral notice later.

LUNNEY—Mr. Patrick Lunney, an old resident of Lowellville and an esteemed member of St. Michael's parish, died last night at his home, No. 14 Riverside avenue, after a short illness. Mr. Lunney was a charter member of St. Michael's Holy Name society, being one of the oldest members of the parish. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and four daughters, Mrs. Patrick Kane, Mrs. Joseph Preston, and Misses Anna and Nellie Lunney; two sons, John and James, all of this city.

STANTON—Rev. W. E. Stanton, D. D., seventh pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, died at Miami, Fla., Oct. 26.

Dr. Stanton was pastor of the Lowell church from Nov. 2, 1865, to June 30, 1870. This was his first pastorate, his graduation from a New York state theological seminary taking place shortly before he came here. He was ordained in the First Baptist church Nov. 2, 1865. Dr. Stanton entered upon his work in Lowell with enthusiasm and good judgment and by his genial, winning way won the hearty cooperation of the church. He resigned on account of ill health, preaching his farewell sermon June 26, 1870. During his pastorate in Lowell 232 persons united with the church. He then removed to San Mateo, Fla., and in 1876 went to Lemon City, Fla., where he purchased a tract of land, built a home and planted an orange grove, and purchased a plantation. In 1897 he went to Miami where he preached in a tent and gathered a number of faithful members. Two years later a society was formed with an actual membership of 300. A church and parsonage were built. The immediate cause of his death was pneumonia, although he had been in feeble health for some time. He would have been 71 years of age in December. He is survived by his wife, one son, Rev. Arthur Stanton, a missionary in India, one daughter, Mrs. Theodore House of Miami, and one brother, Mr. Avery Stanton. The burial was at Norwich, Conn.

HUNT—George Francis Hunt, for many years a resident of this city, died at his home on Elm street, Warren, Mass., Nov. 8th, at the age of 16 years, 8 months and 28 days.

The parents were George and Jerusha (Bennett) Hunt, of Groton. He attended the grammar schools of Groton and the high school at Manchester. A short time afterwards he entered the employ of the Harvard Fire Insurance company in Lowell. This was in 1876. He was appointed cashier of the First National bank here for three years, which position he resigned in 1879 to establish a general fire insurance agency, which he held for 17 years, when he removed with his family to Warren. There Mr. Hunt was known as an unusually good accountant and he carried on his insurance business with John M. Drake and within a year of his death he was made a master of Pentucket lodge June 8, 1898.

He is survived by five children: Mrs. Nellie Maud Wentworth of Lowell, Mrs. Jennie Maria Hutchinson of Nashua, N. H., both by his first wife, Olive Jane Wentworth, and George Clement Hunt of Worcester, Mass. Mary Hunt Brooks of Denver, Colo., and Gus F. D. Hunt of Colorado Springs, Colo., by his second wife, Linda Maria Drake, late deceased.

Burial will be in the Lowell cemetery upon the arrival of the 2:45 o'clock train Thursday afternoon, with musical services.

WILSON—The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Wilson took place this morning at 11 a. m. from the Edison cemetery chapel and was largely attended. Rev. Asa R. Dittis was the officiating clergyman. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. The following eulogies, "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere," "Saved by Grace," and "Christie's Good Night" were offered by Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Hanson.

Deceased died at Fairfield, Me., Nov. 6, and the body was accompanied to Lowell by her niece, Miss Alma Gibson, and a cousin, Mrs. Lydia Walker, both of Caribou, Me. Stephen A. Monars of Chicago, a brother of the deceased, was present at the funeral. Interment was in the Edison cemetery, under the direction of J. A. Weinbeck.

DUGGAN—The funeral of Thomas W. Duggan took place Monday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons. Funeral services were held at St. Peter's church at 2 o'clock. Rev. Daniel Heffernan officiating. The bearers were Terrence McNulty, Joseph Duggan, John McNulty, and Charles Glavis. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

CALLAHAN—The funeral of the late Arthur Callahan took place this morning from his home in North Chelmsford and was largely attended. The cortege proceeded to St. John's church, where a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Fr. McNamara. The choir under the direction of Miss Josephine McCabe sang the Gregorian mass and during the services appropriate hymns were sung by members of the organ. Among the beautiful floral tributes were: a spray from Mr. and Mrs. Weiss; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Kibler; spray, Mrs. M. Marini, Sr. and family; and spray, E. P. Anderson and family. The bearers were Philip and Stephen Callahan, brothers, and James Callahan, a cousin. The burial was in the Catholic cemetery in this city in charge of Undertakers J. E. O'Donnell & Sons.

MACAUSLIN—The funeral of Mrs. Linda Belle MacAuslin, the beloved wife of Mr. J. J. MacAuslin, took place from her late residence, 37 Tolman avenue, Monday afternoon, and was largely attended by many relatives and friends. There were many beautiful floral offerings, which showed the esteem in which the deceased was held. The services were conducted by Rev. Frank C. Allen, pastor of the Catholic church, and the body was sent on the 5:25 train to Bradford, Me., for burial by Undertakers J. B. Currier & Co.

BARKER—The funeral of Percy W. Barker took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 95 Midland street, Rev. George F. Knappott and Rev. J. C. Wilson officiating. The bearers were L. E. Durrell, John Pennington, Carl Peterson and Charles Peterson. Burial was in the Edison cemetery under direction of C. M. Young.

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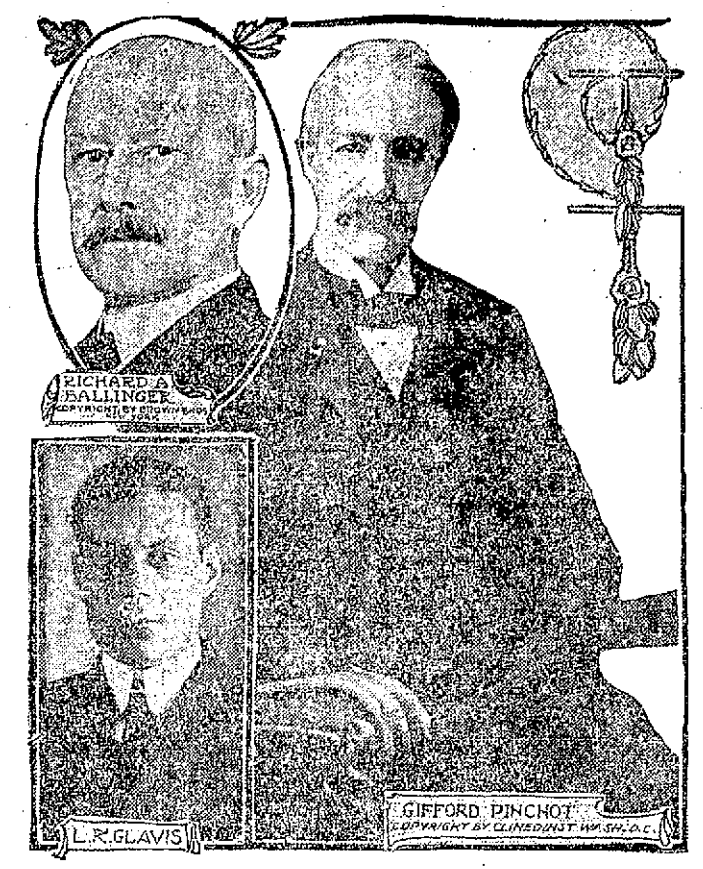
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THREE FIGURES IN SENSATIONAL ALASKAN LAND DISCLOSURES



WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—L. R. Glavis, former chief of the field division of the United States general land office, who was removed from office following a clash with Secretary Ballinger over the Alaskan coal land claims, has written an extensive article for Collier's Weekly, setting forth in detail many sensational points of the controversy. His statement bristles with serious charges against the secretary of the interior and hints that the Guggenheim interests are in charge of the department of the interior. The title of the article is "The Whitewashing of Ballinger." So serious are the accusations Mr. Glavis makes that it is not believed that President Taft will allow the matter to pass unnoticed. Mr. Ballinger's first clash in office was with Gifford Pinchot, chief of the forestry bureau.

ICE TRUST CASES

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Further testimony, showing the methods of the American Ice Co. in undermining independent dealers, was presented by witnesses called by the prosecution at the trial of the ice company on the charge of violating the anti-monopoly law today. Former canvassers of the company told how they had been sent out to get trade at almost any price.

Some of the books and records wanted by the state are missing and counsel for the company declared today that they could not be found.

GERMAN CONSUL

Had Pres. Taft as His Guest Today

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 9.—Only 361 miles from Washington and the end of the 10,000 mile journey, President Taft is spending today in Wilmington in fulfillment of a promise made at Charlotte last spring when he again to visit the old North Carolina town and renew acquaintanceship made several years ago.

Mr. Taft slept until nearly 8 o'clock. He arose then to be met by a local committee and was escorted to the palatial old southern home of James Sprunt for breakfast with 25 of the prominent men of the city. Mr. Sprunt is the German consul and the British vice consul and is said to be the greatest single exporter of cotton in the world. He is also one of the oldest residents of Wilmington, having lived here since childhood. On the way from the depot to Mr. Sprunt's place the president passed through a court of young pine trees. The pine tree decoration continued for the entire distance. After breakfast President Taft was taken for a short automobile ride about the city, during which he saw a living flag formed by the school children of the city. At 1:30 o'clock the president boarded the revenue cutter Seminole for a four hours' sail on the Cape Fear river to Fort Caswell and return. On the way the president passed Old Point Fisher, where one of the important engagements of the Civil war was fought. Luncheon was served on the Seminole and the president returned to the city at 4 p. m. for a parade through the principal streets and address at city hall.

GROWING WORSE

Labor Conditions in Great Britain

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Labor conditions in Great Britain are growing from bad to worse, judging from the report of Consul-General Griffiths to the department of commerce and labor. Wages are being lowered and the hours of work are decreasing, while an alarmingly large increase in the number of those who are registered as unemployed is giving grave concern. Last year during the entire twelve months the wages of 461,000 persons were reduced because of the bad times. In the six months of 1908 from January to June or just half the time 1,081,725 were compelled to submit to reductions. The gravity of the situation is vividly set forth by the statistics of the unemployment prepared and compiled by the British government. These show that in the first three days of registration in London last month 2500 more persons applied for work than in the corresponding three days of 1908. There is a further element drawn by the trade boards which would authorize the board of trade to establish a minimum rate of wages in all trades where there is satisfactory proof that the scale of wages paid is unusually low or unfair to the workers.

BIG OIL TANKS

Were Ignited During an Electrical Storm

BEAUMONT, Texas, Nov. 3.—During rain and electrical storms yesterday lightning played havoc with oil properties. Lightning set fire to the Gulf Refining Co.'s 55,000 barrel tank of naphtha at Port Arthur. Another light ignited nine of the oil tanks of the Texas company near Beaumont. They held about 300,000 barrels of crude oil. The total loss will reach half a million dollars. Six hundred employees worked throughout last night throwing up embankments to prevent the flaming oil from spreading over the fields.

AUTO SPEEDWAY OPENED

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—With some of the highest powered automobiles ever built, driven by America's most famous drivers, a thrilling exhibition track records, Atlanta's new \$350,000 automobile speedway was opened to the public today.

The program for the day called for an attempt at the mile track record of 43 seconds held by Barney Oldfield, a 200 mile stock car race and four other events.

FIGHT A FIZZLE

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 8.—The scheduled eight round fight between Johnny Dehan of Brooklyn and Paddy Sullivan of New York last night resulted in a fiasco. The "fight" was stopped after seven and a half rounds by referee Barry and declared no contest.

THE BIG FOUR

May Suffer a Loss Running Into the Millions

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—With rumors on the lips of many persons in close touch with railway affairs that the losses to the financial department of the Big Four railroad have developed through the defalcation of Charles Warriner, deposed local treasurer of the road, and may reach as high as two million dollars, interrogation of Warriner by his superiors and others, was resumed today. An official statement given out last night confirmed the rumors previously transmitted through the Associated Press report that the shortage would probably reach \$600,000.

That the total defalcation may go far above the latter figure is generally figured. The officials of the road admit that they are astounded at the revelations made by Warriner and today are pressing him for additional details of how he spent the money, the sums alleged to have been paid by him on account of blackmail and in unprofitable speculation still leaving a large amount unaccounted for. Warriner still insists that he has not a dollar left in the world to transfer to the railroad company.

REPORTS OF AN UPRISING

LONDON, Nov. 9.—Rumors concerning the condition of King Menelik of Abyssinia continue in circulation and there are reports of an uprising in the empire. Today a story was afloat to the effect that a battle had been fought between government troops and rebels during which 3000 men were killed.

These reports cannot be corroborated and are viewed with skepticism here. Recent advices to the Italian government from the capital of Abyssinia stated that King Menelik's health continued to improve and affairs of the capital were assuming a normal character.

LOWERED OLDFIELD'S RECORD

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 9.—Lewis Strang in a Fiat registering 200 horsepower, made a mile over the new automobile speedway today in the remarkably fast time of 37.7, lowering the record of 43 seconds made by Barney Oldfield at Indianapolis. The other drivers, hopelessly beaten, withdrew.

SEC'Y BALLINGER BLIND IN DAY

Says Glavis' Story is Tissue of Falsehoods But This Boy Can See at Night

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Secretary Ballinger of the department of the interior this afternoon issued the following statement:

"My attention has been directed to the text of an article purporting to have been written by Mr. Glavis which is to appear in Collier's Weekly and advance copies of which have been furnished by that weekly to the press.

"The Glavis story is a tissue of falsehoods and insinuations utterly unwarranted in view of the facts easily obtained by anybody who wants them. It is not surprising that a publication which could in pursuit of this same propaganda recklessly under date of Oct. 4 reproduce a view appearing on a familiar railroad folder of the Grand Canyon in Colorado as a picture of an available power site which was in danger of unlawful acquisition on the South Platte river 200 miles away and across the continental divide, should be willing without the slightest effort to ascertain the real facts to give wings to a story which had heretofore been submitted to so great and just a man as the president of the United States, who after a most careful consideration thereof while he had before him the entire files of the general land office and of the secretary of the interior relating to each and every matter the matters presented propaganda of the same disingenuous and without justification. The statement of Glavis has gained nothing either as to its veracity or justification in the interval since its presentation to the president."

COTTON SPINNERS

Favor a Curtailment in Germany

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The Association of German Cotton Spinners today issued a circular to the mills urging the curtailment of yarn production as an absolute necessity in order to prevent the further heavy rise in the price of raw cotton and the exhaustion of supplies of raw cotton towards the end of the cotton year. A certain curtailment will occur in January through the enforcement of the new law restricting the hours of labor for women in the factories, but the association regards this as inadequate to meet with the requirements. The spinners must agree to a systematic restriction of the production of yarn similar to the method employed in the United States, England and other countries.

NEW ART MUSEUM

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Celebrating the completion of the new Museum of Fine Arts on Huntington avenue at the edge of the Fenway, a conference of officers of various museums was held today in the trustees' room of the edifice. After the director, Arthur Fairbanks, had explained to the visitors the principles of arrangement of the new museum, emphasizing particularly the division of collections in each department into historical periods, brief addresses were given. Frederick A. Lucas, curator in chief of the Brooklyn Institute of arts and sciences, discussed the relation between an art museum and a scientific museum. Franklin W. Hopper, director of the Brooklyn Museum, advocated the principle that the city furnish buildings for collections bought by private individuals. The co-operation of an art museum with the schools was dwelt upon by H. W. Kent, assistant secretary of the Metropolitan museum of art. Mr. Kent who urged that the regular curriculum of the public schools, John W. Beattie, art director of the Carnegie Institute, spoke of the value of international exhibitions, and A. H. Griffith of the museum of art emphasized the importance of the work of the museum in educating the masses of the people.

MINOR LEAGUES

SESSION OF NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OPENED TODAY

MEMPHIS, Nov. 9.—The National Association of Minor Leagues opened its session today with the representatives of more than thirty circuits in attendance. The report of Secretary Farrell of the National association which was read at today's session shows that the minor league organization is making rapid gains. The report showed 37 leagues now members of the National association and 217 cities were represented. One of the most interesting sections of Mr. Farrell's report concerned the number of players drafted by major leagues this year. The American league led with a total of 86 players drafted from the clubs of the national association—more than ten to a club. The National league drafted 77 minor league stars into its fold.

BODY RECOVERED

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The body of a man, identified as Ernest Cunniff, the chauffeur of the taxicab which went over the bridge approach Sunday night, was recovered today from the bed of the Chicago river, two blocks below the Jackson street bridge. The search for other bodies was continued with energy.

LATEST POLICE PROBING

The Death of Miss Margaret Perry at Hospital

Fail to Find Proof That She Died
as Result of Criminal Operation
—Her Own Story That She was
Injured by Fall Down Stairs
Accepted as Probable

The report of the autopsy on the body of Margaret Perry, who died Friday night at the Lowell hospital, has been submitted by the medical examiner to the proper authorities, and while the report has not been made public as yet it is understood that the finding of the examiners is consistent with the story told by the young woman, that she injured herself by falling down stairs in the place where she was employed.

The police, after making a careful investigation into the case, find no proof of any criminal act in connection with the case. Supt. Welch, however, is determined to probe deeper into the matter in order that any doubt may be dispelled.

Miss Perry came to this city from Prince Edward Island about four years ago and since the early part of September had been living with a Mrs. James Whelan at 45 Marshall street. She had been employed at the Massachusetts Mohair Plush company in Western avenue up to the time that she was taken ill.

Mrs. Whelan, at whose house Miss Perry lived, in speaking with a reporter stated that she knew nothing of the condition of the girl other than that she complained of being ill.

She knew the young woman as a bright, light-hearted girl, who appeared to have but few cares. "I knew that she was not feeling in the best of health more than a week ago," said the woman, "but I didn't know what the real cause was until after she had left for the hospital."

She said that a young man employed in a store called at her house to see Miss Perry after the latter had gone to the hospital and he was informed of the whereabouts of the girl. The police, however, say that there is nothing to show that the young man who called at Mrs. Whelan's is in any way connected with the case.

A young man accompanied Sergt. Hugh Maguire to the police station yesterday afternoon and was questioned as to what he might know about the case, but after being in conference with the police officials for a short time was allowed to go free.

Dr. Simpson, of the Lowell hospital, said:

"The girl was sent here by direction of Dr. E. G. Livingston, and when we made an examination we found her to be in a critical condition. She offered no information, except to say that she had fallen down stairs. She mentioned the name of no doctor. She did not offer any information as to her personal friends. Everything that medical skill could suggest was done to save her life, but there was little hope from the time she came to the hospital. About the only definite information as to her friends was that she roomed with a family named Whelan, and the Whelan family lived in Marshall street.

A week ago Saturday Dr. E. G. Livingston was called to the house in Marshall street and it is alleged that he found the girl in a serious condition and advised her to receive surgical attention immediately as blood poisoning had set in. It is said that he told her that if she delayed being attended to the result would be fatal. The woman at the time remarked that she had no money to go to a hospital and feared the publicity of it. Dr. Livingston tried to impress her with the absolute necessity of immediate treatment, but it was not until Nov. 2, when the doctor again called at the house, that she decided to go to the Lowell hospital.

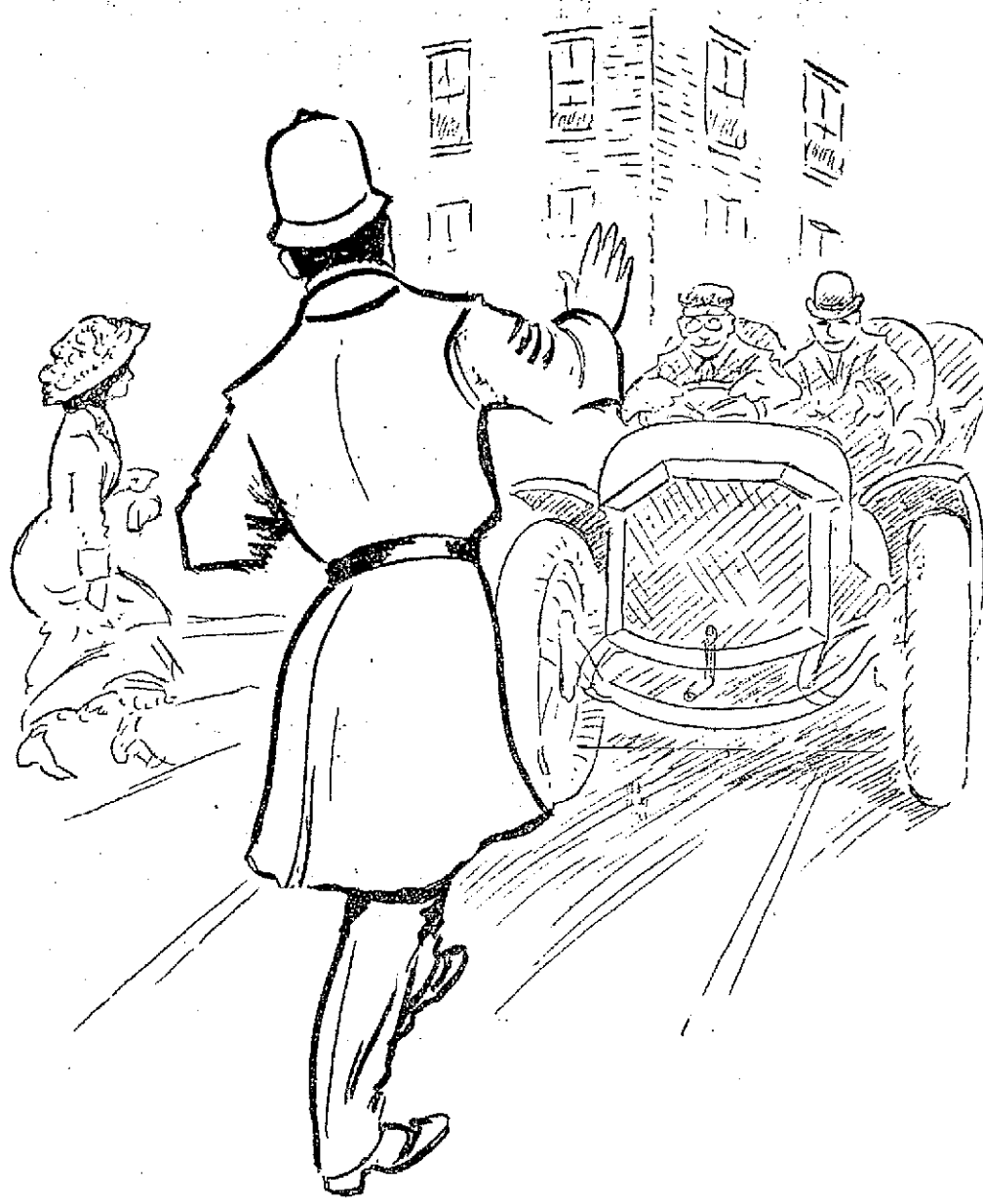
It was noted that her condition was critical by the hospital staff and everything was done to effect her recovery, but she failed to respond to the treatment and died Friday night. She told the people at the hospital that she had fallen down stairs and being in a delicate condition at the time, the shock brought on more serious consequences.

The death return was signed "septicæmia," and Saturday night the body was taken to the funeral parlors of Undertakers C. H. Molloy & Sons in Market street, where it was prepared for burial.

In the meantime the police were notified of the case, and the undertakers were notified not to bury the body until an autopsy was held.

Yesterday afternoon Medical Examiner J. V. Meigs, assisted by Dr. Boyden H. Pillsbury, performed an autopsy and the report of the finding will be submitted to Judge Hadley.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



THE INCLINATION TO SPEED ON THE SMOOTH PAVING OF MERRIMACK, CENTRAL AND MIDDLESEX STREETS IS MORE THAN AUTOISTS CAN RESIST AND HENCE THE FAST ONES REQUIRE FREQUENT ADMONITIONS FROM THE POLICE

IN POLICE COURT AN OLD RESIDENT

Mrs. Mary A. Morris
Died Last Evening

Man Fined for Taking Piece of Cloth From Mill

Manuel Pereira, charged with the larceny of a piece of cloth valued at 15 cents and the property of the Tremont & Suffolk mills, was brought before Judge Hadley in police court this morning, found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of \$5. William A. Hogan appeared for the defendant while the case for the prosecution was conducted by Major Edward J. Noyes.

The first witness called for the government was Manuel Peter with whom Pereira boarded. Peter testified that Pereira gave him a piece of cloth about three weeks ago which he said he took from the mill where he was working. He told Peter to make a dress out of it for his little girl. Later Pereira left Peter's house and Peter brought the cloth to the office of the Tremont & Suffolk. Then Major Noyes was notified and the latter arrested Pereira.

Patrolman Noyes, who was at work on the case, testified that Pereira said he took the cloth from a waste can in the mill and took it home to show the people at the house the kind of material he was working on.

Major Noyes testified that the piece in question was of the same pattern that is woven in the room where the defendant was employed. He also added that the pieces similar to the

one offered in evidence were afterwards sent to the finishing room and being napped were sold as remnants. Pereira admitted that he took the piece of cloth, but said that it had been thrown into a receptacle where odds and ends were thrown. He said that the contents of the receptacle was used for cleaning the machines, and in case the cloth was large enough it was made into aprons to be used about the mill. He said that he took the piece of cloth to his boarding house and asked Mrs. Peter to make an apron for him, but that instead of doing so she kept it.

On cross examination he said that when he took the cloth from the room he did so for the purpose of having an apron made which he could wear while at work.

The court, after considering the testimony in the case, found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$5.

Placed on Probation
Ovide Ouellette pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, Malvina. Mrs. Ouellette told a story of how her husband had left her on various occasions, but she admitted that before he went away on the last occasion he had given her \$15 and that yesterday he had given her \$25. The court placed the man in the custody of the probation officer.

Drunken Offenders
There were three first offenders, who were fined \$2 each.

LIVELY MEETINGS

Mayorality Candidates
Are Hustling

The candidates for mayor are getting busy and will keep on until the caucuses. The candidates for other offices are also getting in their work particularly those for councilmen and aldermen so that lively times may be expected. It is gratifying that as yet there has been no sign of any knocking among the candidates for mayor.

Mr. Daly Addressed Meeting
John W. Daly addressed a large gathering in the High street engine house last evening and during his remarks he took up the matters of a new charter for Lowell and the Interurban railroad between Boston and Lowell explaining the necessity of the former and the benefits to be derived from the latter. Mr. Daly spoke at length and was attentively listened to throughout.

Crowley Club Rally
At the Crowley headquarters last night a very enthusiastic meeting of the ward four supporters of Mayor Crowley was held. The hall was crowded

to the doors, nearly four hundred men being present. Michael McMullen presided and Major Crowley spoke at considerable length explaining his position on municipal questions and urged the men to keep up their interest in his behalf until the polls close. Other speakers were Mr. McMullen, John Gilbride and John J. Watson.

O'Donnell Meeting
The ward four friends of James E. O'Donnell assembled in large numbers at the O'Donnell headquarters last evening and an enthusiastic meeting was held. Mr. O'Donnell addressed the gathering on local issues and rallying committees to canvass the ward were appointed. Mr. O'Donnell expressed himself as highly pleased at the success of the ward four meeting, stating that it was the best evidence of party feeling toward him to find large meetings in his behalf by residents of the democratic wards. He urged all to rally their friends to his support as it would be impossible for him to meet each voter personally in the short time before the caucuses.

Mr. Maloney Talked
Mr. William E. Maloney, candidate for the democratic nomination for mayor, addressed a large gathering at the Merrimack mill gate this morning, pointing out the need of improving the dilapidated tenement property and thus checking tuberculosis. He also favored public baths and an extension of the public playgrounds to meet the requirement of the individual.

Mrs. Mary A. Morris, aged 81 years, the oldest resident of St. Patrick's parish and probably the oldest Catholic resident of Lowell, died last evening at her home, 203 Broadway. Mrs. Morris was born in Pawtucket, R. I., and when she was one year old her parents moved to Lowell and she has been a resident here ever since. She first lived in Marion street and later removed to the present family home in Broadway. She was a devout Catholic and a constant attendant at St. Patrick's church up to the time of her last illness. She was considered an authority on the early history of Lowell, especially on matters pertaining to the different Catholic parishes, and even up to the time of her illness she would relate most interesting incidents and stories of the early days in this city. She possessed a most charitable disposition and many who were benefited by her generosity will regret her departure from this life. She was a sister of the late Rev. John Bernard Smith, who was rector of the cathedral.

Scientific Examination of Your EYES



I use the latest improved scientific instruments for the proper and perfect examination of eyes and the determination of all eye trouble. There is no guess work with me.

As I make no charge for consultation, you should avail yourself of the benefits of my accurate methods.

It means the right kind of glasses for you—the only kind you can afford to wear.

J. W. Grady

Eyeglass Specialist
Rooms 415, 418, 419 and 420
Wynman's Exchange
Cor. Central and Merrimack Sts.
Take Elevator to Fourth Floor.
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Sundays and holidays closed.

"LA GIOCONDA"

Brilliant Opening of Boston's Grand Opera Season

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The Boston Opera House, that required \$1,500,000 to create—completed, embellished, the realizations of dreams of years' standing—opened its doors last night to the city it now represents throughout the world, and Bostonians entered in.

The glories of the building broke upon the eyes of the elect of the city as they gathered. The splendors of the beautiful house met the vision of men and women who represent untold wealth, holding positions in society that mark them as far favored among their fellows, and when the gleaming lights from the great centre chandelier high over their heads shone out resplendent ere they passed from its doors when it was all over, each one felt satisfied with what had transpired and what is yet to come.

"Norden," "Constantino," "Hamel"—names to conjure by in the halls of music, sang upon that stage, but "La Gioconda" and the parties to its production were not in themselves the centre of interest among the 3000 people that great audience numbered.

Women, embellished with diamonds, turned their glances here and there, that they might view every portion of the great edifice, seek out the boxes where those as favored as themselves found places of vantage, and after the sweep and the glances that gave them this information, perchance then turned to stage and characters presented thereon.

The artists participating in the achievement of the opening night found acoustic properties that marked the new opera house that Boston today contains as one of the finest in the world.

They were greeted enthusiastically at times. The curtain calls were fairly frequent, the solos liberally applauded. And while the stars set forth its beauties of costume, of face, of figure, of song too, the man who had made all this possible, the sponsor for building, opera, brilliancy of assemblage, sat in box 37, modest, but with a smile of great joy on his face.

The joy that came to Eben D. Jordan, sponsor for Boston's great opera house, last night was seemingly reflected in the mind and heart of each one gathered to witness the formal opening of the new institution.

One standing at the very highest point of that auditorium, perhaps 75, perhaps 90 feet above Sardinia and her swarms of the stage, and looking down upon the sea of faces, could but wonder where all the great gathering had come from; whence all the beautiful women; who made all the magnificent costumes; where were gathered the sparkling gems that sent up and up their rays of gold dust to meet the summer glow of the incandescents; who taught that great number of musicians to swing their notes in harmony; what rod of fancy, what fairy wand had taken up this spot that marked desolation but a year or so ago and transformed it as though by magic stroke into life and action and being—and reality.

TUBERCULOSIS CASES

Chairman McSweeney Wants Disease Treated in its Incipency

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—In a supplemental report, submitted to Mayor Hibbard and Gov. Draper today by Edward F. McSweeney, chairman of the trustees of the Boston consumptives' hospital, the chairman makes an appeal for greater provision for the treatment of tuberculosis in its incipency. The report states in part:

"If the state continues its present policy in regard to the treatment of consumptives in advanced stages, the result will be an immense expenditure of money in which Boston must share, while the beneficial results will be limited largely to the patients being treated, and to the cities and towns, which on payment of \$4 per week, are relieved of their duty under the law, to provide local hospitals for the care of their own consumptives. Even more important, this policy is not adequate, in my opinion, to solve the great problem of eliminating consumption and its incidental loss in money, misery, disease and death.

"The policy of the state in maintaining at Rutland a hospital for inebriate tuberculosis is not here being discussed; the point at issue is this: Shall the state confine itself solely to the construction of hospitals to treat patients not only in advanced stages, as originally planned, but in all stages of the disease?

"Science and economy seem to me to demand a much broader and more comprehensive plan for fighting this disease than this. We need a plan which will encourage local communities to do as Boston is doing, to provide hospitals for their own cases, a program in the end very much more satisfactory to all concerned, and more in line with the best thought of modern science in this matter.

"The position taken by your honor is, that Boston has already spent more than \$600,000 on tuberculosis, on a plan approved by the best authorities in the world, now finds it should not proceed to make the additional expenditure contemplated under this plan, without knowing exactly what the state proposes to do to enforce the laws which require other cities and towns

to take action similar to that of Boston. I assert that the policy of the state in this matter is not scientifically planned; it means an enormous expenditure in which Boston must share to the extent of 35 per cent. It is an enormous burden for the cities and towns not to obey the law.

"If the policy of the state as regards the three new hospitals at Reading, Middleboro and Westboro is continued, a demand from other portions of the commonwealth for more hospitals of like character is inevitable. But even assuming that the state will stop in this matter where it is, the cost soon becomes appalling.

"It is estimated that in Massachusetts there are 45,000 persons suffering from tuberculosis in one stage or other of the disease. Including Rutland, the state will have facilities for treating but 800 at any one time, and it becomes obvious that more accommodations must be provided.

"The financial magnitude of this burden is apparent, and beneficial as the treatment will be to the 4000 actually treated and to the cities and towns which are relieved of their legal duty to care for their own sick, it is not enough in the line of preventive measures to stop the spread of this disease, and, more important, offers no encouragement to cities and towns to provide hospitals, as required by the law—in fact, puts a premium on their not doing this.

"The fight against tuberculosis, which really is only the fight for hygiene and sanitation, is a strategic one, which should not know any difference between rich and poor; all cases of tuberculosis should be treated alike, with kindness but firmness, and until this is done real progress will never be made. The state, through its organized health agencies should direct the work of the local health authorities, who, in turn, will be assisted by charity, private enterprise and philanthropy; the responsibility for the work which is under the direction of the local public health officials, who are now careless and inattentive to their responsibility in this matter.

of the Holy Cross in Boston, and who was regarded as one of the leading preachers of the diocese. She is survived by two daughters, Miss Hannah Morris and Mrs. Michael J. Garvey, one sister, Sarah Smith, six grandchildren, James, who is employed as stenographer in a leading furniture house in Boston; Julia, who is clerk in the Lowell Water Works dept. office; John, a drug clerk; William, George and Mary.

The funeral will take place at 9 o'clock Thursday morning from the family residence, 203 Broadway, and solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock. Friends are requested not to send flowers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge.

Gilmore's orch., Ropes hall, tonight.

WM. J. GARGAN

NEW DEPUTY OF ST. JOHN'S T. A.

S. NO. CHELMSFORD

William J. Gargan, a prominent member of the Mathew Temperance Institute, has been appointed deputy of the St. John's T. A. society of North Chelmsford by Hon. John T. Shea, president of the C. T. A. U. of the archdiocese. Mr. Gargan is a capable young man and the selection by Pres. Shea is highly satisfactory to the St. John's society as well as to the members of the M. T. I. Deputy Gargan is a good debater and an excellent publicist and in the Mathews has been very successful for years. He was prominently mentioned at one time for

the position of corresponding secretary of the union but when the time came he declined to allow the use of his name for the position, though his friends were confident that he would carry off the place against Patrick D. Walsh, a Boston attorney, who won the position, unopposed.

Pres. Shea's new list of deputies shows that many changes have been made. In some cases men who have held the position since Edwin Mulready was president in 1901 have been dropped to give place to new men. Others declined re-appointment and hence the list, with few exceptions, comprises new men.

THREE KILLED

35 Others Were Injured
in Wreck

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Three trainmen were killed and 35 men injured in a wreck at Kincard's station, north of here, early today. The inbound Louisville & Nashville train to Cincinnati which leaves Knoxville at 11 a. m. collided with a south bound freight.

NOTICE

TO HALLET & DAVIS
CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

Owing to the numerous requests made we wish to state that all persons desirous of buying a PIANO and using their certificate at our store are not in a position, at present, to purchase, we, the

RING PIANO CO.

Will Extend the Time

On their certificate if presented at our store any time before

Saturday, Nov. 13



Upright Pianos

\$125

Upwards

We require no cash payment down, but accept your certificate as first payment and deliver the Piano to your home AT ONCE. The balance to be paid in small monthly payments to suit your convenience.

RING'S Pianos Are Best
110 Merrimack St

AT THE "BIG CLOCK"

SENORA CALDERON

Wife of Bolivian Minister Died in Washington

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Senora Arcadia Yarnall Calderon, wife of the Bolivian minister to this country, died at the legation here Sunday. She was 55 years old.

The wife of Senor don Ignacio Calderon was the daughter of the late John B. Yarnall of Philadelphia, and belonged to two well-known families of the south, the Yarnalls, who were territorial magnates in Maryland, and the Lees and Croppers, who were equally prominent in Virginia. She was before her marriage Miss Arcadia Yarnall. Her father was a prominent business and professional man of Philadelphia, where he went soon after the Civil war had crippled his resources in Maryland.

The senora was educated in Baltimore, and he loved for her alma mater led her to educate her three daughters in the same institution. She met Senor Calderon during the centennial. He was then attached to the Bolivian legation in Peru, and got leave of absence to attend the exhibition in Philadelphia.

April last Senora Calderon talked interestingly to a correspondent as follows:

"When I married unions between North and South Americans were not so frequent, nor was the journey to the lower hemisphere undertaken so easily. We remained in this country for eight years before we began the adventurous journey to La Paz, and all of my three daughters were born in the United States.

"Then another thing which strikes me with amazement is how little people nowadays prize their household treasures. When I went to La Paz I took all my furniture and wedding gifts with me, and when one thinks what it meant to take such articles muleback over the Andes, something of the pride I had in them will be understood.

"After leaving Philadelphia in 1883 my husband was first stationed in Lima, but getting my house goods to the Peruvian capital was nothing to getting my treasures in safety from Peru to La Paz. My plans I prized especially, and though I was represented that I could get as fine an instrument in La Paz I insisted on moving my own. The keys were all taken out, and, indeed, the entire fabric was unscrewed before it could be packed on mules, yet so skillfully was it done that not a scratch marred the surface, nor did the tone of the instrument suffer from the heroic experience.

"When I went to La Paz first, we made the journey in stage coaches. Now, of course, the train brings the

INCREASE IN DEER

Report of the Fisheries and Game Commission

The report of the commissioners of fisheries and game for the year ending Dec. 31, 1908, has just been issued at the state house as public document No. 23. It contains interesting data regarding mollusk fisheries, marine fisheries, inland fisheries, game birds, etc., etc.

Regarding the biological surveys of the coastal areas below high water mark, in order to ascertain the present and past conditions of the mollusks, which was ordered by the legislature of 1905, it says:

"Of upward of 60,000 acres of shellfish ground only about 3500 acres are

THROAT MISERY

Read How a Boston Man Got Rid of Chronic Throat Disease

"Hymel did me a world of good when I had chronic laryngitis; in fact effected a cure after all the best specialists had given me up as a bad job. I tried Hymel the same as I had tried hundreds of other things that people or doctors would recommend. They all failed except Hymel, and this effected a cure that has been lasting. All my troubles happened 12 years ago and I ought to be ashamed not to have written you before. At first I waited to see if the cure was permanent or not, and when you realize that for three winters before I used Hymel that I could not speak above a whisper and sometimes not at all, you can judge why I waited with a good deal of anxiety for time, to tell if I was really cured or not."—E. A. Lindsey, 145 South Street, Boston, Mass., April 1, 1909.

Breathe Hymel in through the inhaler that comes with a \$1.00 outfit, and this highly healing and antiseptic vaporized air will promptly relieve and permanently cure catarrh and all ordinary diseases of the nose and bronchial tubes. It gives great relief to the sufferer. Sold by leading druggists everywhere and in Lowell by Carter & Sherburne.

M-ONA Cures Indigestion

It relieves stomach misery, sour stomach, belching, and cures all stomach diseases or money back. Large box of tablets 50 cents. Druggists in all towns.

HOME CURE FOR ECZEMA.

Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and Glycerine Combined, Used as a Simple Wash

Does it not seem strange that so many people suffer year in and year out with eczema?

A 25c bottle of a simple wash stops the itch and will quickly convince any patient.

This wash is composed of mild and soothing oil of wintergreen mixed with thymol and glycerine, etc., and known as D. D. D. Prescription. It has now been used for so many years and has proved so highly successful, that we do not hesitate to express our confidence in the remedy. And we surely feel that every reader of this paper who suffers from any skin disease, or knows of any sufferer, will not hesitate to get a 25c bottle on the present special offer. We do not know how long the D. D. D. Laboratories will continue this special 25c offer, as the remedy is regularly sold only in \$1.00 bottles and has never before been on the market at any special offer.

If you get relief tonight for that on our recommendation.

Carter & Sherburne, Falls & Burkinshaw, and Hall & Lyon Co.

grouse, where the ground and air were uncontaminated by disease germs from domestic poultry and the birds safe from the abandoned cat.

Increase in Deer

A movement to establish "sanctuaries" where native birds may breed in safety is under way. The state reservations should be increased and utilized, particularly for breeding and feeding refuges for native birds.

With reference to deer, the commissioners say: "While it is certainly a well adapted for the state, the annual crop of wild deer, an undue increase will without doubt, entail hardship upon farmers and property owners. Every possible safeguard should be adopted to protect property and the rights of property owners."

"In the near future it may be necessary to control the increase of deer. A general open season, even for a very few days, would bring out an indiscriminate rush of inexperienced and irresponsible hunters. To prevent untoward results it may be necessary to issue a special license for deer hunting with a fee sufficient to limit it to persons of responsibility and to insure to the land owners for damage to crops by deer."

LILLIAN GROVER

Told Police That She Drank Poison

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—The police and hospital authorities would like to learn the identity of the young woman who was found at the corner of Cross and Fulton streets about 7.35 last evening by Patrolman Halloran.

She gave the name of Miss Lillian Grover, aged 26, and claimed to live at 26 Wesley street, East Boston. She said that she was discouraged and despondent, and when met by the officer, who saw her lying strangely, said that she had nothing to live for any more.

She was taken to the Relief hospital in Haymarket square. As she said that she had taken laudanum the doctor treated her accordingly. After an examination no trace of laudanum could be found. The young woman slept peacefully and this morning she was discharged from the hospital. The doctors are in a quandary as to what was the matter with her; in their opinion she was not shamming, as she was very nervous and extremely weak.

FORBIDDEN CITY

Body of Empress Taken From It

PEKING, Nov. 9.—The cortege accompanying the body of the late dowager empress of China on its eighty mile journey to the eastern tomb, left the forbidden city at an early hour this morning and passed outside of Peking.

The route along which the procession will travel is thronged with people. A holiday in memory of the dowager empress is being observed but the capital bears a sombre aspect on account of the furling umbrellas and flags as a result of the high wind prevailing.

The new imperial guards escorted the foreign diplomats who participated in the procession for a distance of 500 yards. The members of the diplomatic corps signalled the exit of the late ruler by a division in the vote taken with regard to the time that the corps should attend the final rites, some of the diplomats insisting to be present at 6 a. m., but agreeing on 7 o'clock.

This is the 'trade-mark' which is found on every bottle of the genuine

Scott's Emulsion

the standard Cod Liver Oil preparation of the world. Nothing equals it to build up the weak and wasted bodies of young and old. All Druggists

Send for sample of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Spring Book and Child's Sketch Book. Each book contains a Good Luck Penny. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

IT DESERVES IT

The Sun occupies the highest position in local journalism. It leads in everything. Every one admits it to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

INDIAN FIGHTER

Is In Serious Trouble Once More

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 9.—Old "Bill" Walker, a Quantrel guerilla, an Oregon pioneer with a long record as Indian fighter and desperado, who stole his wife from the Indians, killed his brother-in-law, fought and killed a bear single handed in a hand-to-hand encounter in the bear's den, and who is the hero of a hundred adventures on the frontier, is in trouble again. This time, he is charged with having burned the barn of his son-in-law. This is a tame escapade compared with other charges made against "Bill" Walker and the matter sits lightly on his shoulders.

"I am innocent, but if they can prove me guilty, I will take my medicine," is the defiance of this frontier character, now nearly 70 years old, but as full of fight as ever.

Walker was born in Kentucky. He went to Missouri before the war and it was there that he served as a Confederate guerilla under the celebrated Quantrel. At the close of the war it was not considered healthy for Quantrel's men in Missouri and Walker came to Oregon. He settled in Morrow county, where he became a stockman. Thirty years ago he moved to the Upper John Day river, in Southern Umatilla county. He is known throughout the state as one of the most unique frontiersmen the west has ever boasted.

Walker seized the half-breed daughter of John Barker, a squawman, during the Indian uprising of 1878, and carried her off to his home on horseback. John Barker was later killed in a saloon brawl in Hesperia, Ore. The mother of Walker's wife was a full blooded Pitt River Indian and his eight daughters are quarter breeds.

Besides capturing a wife in the Indian uprising, Walker rendered signal service as scout for the white settlers. Later he captured the first murderer to be legally executed in Umatilla county.

Walker's claims to fame are not all the result of his own exploits, stormy as his career has been. Two of his girls have been known for years as the best horsewomen in the John Day country. They are Marquette, better known as "Babe," and Susie. Acting as their father's cowboys, they rode the range for years, wearing the regulation costume of the buckaroo, trousers, flannel shirts, spurs, six-shooters and the trimmings. For a long time they had a standing bet of \$100 that there was no cowboy who could perform any feat of horsemanship they could not equal or surpass. There were no takers.

Although Walker captured his own wife and carried her off bodily, he objected when his daughter, "Babe," ran away and married William Anderson against the father's wishes. Walker and his Indian wife have never forgiven Anderson and the recent burning of the latter's barn has been laid to the door of the old confederate guerilla.

"Let them prove me guilty," is the gruff defiance he hurled at his accusers.

Dr. Hallock's ELVITA PILLS

60 YEARS OF CURES \$1 BOX FREE

A Great Nerve Remedy and Reconstructive Tonic for Man or Woman.

When you feel discouraged, confused, nervous, tired, worried, blue or despondent, you are in need of Elvita Pills. They will immediately brace you up, increase your energy, nerve force, brain power and mental activity; they will restore vitality, refresh you when tired, worried or confused. A single package proves their great invigorating qualities. Makes men powerful, gives strength, courage and restores nerve power. Sold at drug stores at \$1 per box. A regular \$1 box sent free for trial by mail only, on receipt of 10 cents to pay postage.

Free expert advice on all men's complaints.

DR. HALLOCK CO.

114 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Established 1845.

For sale by FALLS & BURKINSHAW, Cor. Middlesex and Thornhill streets, Lowell.

BULBS

If you wish to have your garden the envy of your neighbors, now is the time to plant bulbs that will give you such an effect. We are direct importers and our prices are the lowest for the best quality of bulbs as there is as much difference in quality of bulbs as in anything else. Call at McMANON'S, 6 Prescott st. and be convinced.

The Peoples' Safety LANTERN

Can be used about a barn with absolute safety. The oil reservoir is so constructed that oil cannot run out if lantern is upset.

Tubular Lanterns

Two sizes of burners.

Carriage Lanterns

With bullseye and reflector.

Bartlett & Dow

216 Central Street.

A.G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Greatest of the Fall Bargain Events Held in This Section

Our Annual Sale of Velvets

BEGINS THURSDAY MORNING NEXT

25,000 Yards of Fine Silk Velvet—Qualities Varying From \$1.50 to \$2.50 a Yard Are Offered at

ONLY **59c** A YARD

Including all the newest and most popular colors in plain, panne, paeon, chiffon and mirror finishes. Each piece separately ticketed, lengths up to ten yards. This is by far the finest offering we have ever made, on account of the unusually high quality of the fabrics, the longer lengths and the great variety of the shadings.

See Merrimack Street Window Display—On Sale Thursday, November 11, 1909

Palmer Street Right Aisle

50,000 Yards NEW REMNANTS

Cretonne, Sateens, Printed Burlaps, Fine Dimity Cretonnes, Heavy Printed Tickings, in lengths from 1 to 10 yard. Just the thing for draperies, pillows, box coverings, comforters, etc. Goods worth 15c to 29c yard, for sale

At **12½c** Yard

In the Rug and Drapery Department.

500 yards of Linen Taffeta, printed with all new designs, worth 50c a yard in regular goods.

Remnants **25c** Yard

East Section Second Floor

SEE PALMER ST. WINDOW—ON SALE IN THE UNDERPRICE BASEMENT, MEN'S WEAR SECTION

Palmer Street

The Sale of Thanksgiving Linens

Bargains of remarkable merit are found here in Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Crashes, Dollies, Tray Cloths, Etc., Etc. In fact, all household linens are cheaper by a full third or more, at this sale.

Palmer Street Left Aisle

SEARCH FOR HEAD

being concerned in the girl's death. All parts of the body were found with the exception of the head, although the vicinity was carefully searched for several weeks.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—The report that a human head had been seen floating in the Seekonk river led

the police today to begin a search of that stream with the idea that the head might belong to the dismembered body of a woman which was found last month in Tiverton some 20 miles down the bay.

The head is said to have been seen by two girls who were walking by on the river bank but the sight so startled them that they ran home and did not tell of the incident until nightfall. Then it was too dark to begin a search.

This morning, however, the police went out with grapplings and began to drag the river.

Various portions of a woman's body which was fairly well identified as that of Amelia St. Jean of Woonsocket were found in the woods in Tiverton four weeks ago and after some investigation the police arrested "Professor" Frank A. Hill, a herb doctor, on a charge of

TO STOP A COUGH

You must help the system throw off the cold. Petra-Hela Cough Syrup, containing White-Pine Compound and Tea with Wild Cherry, gives that help to the system and cures your cold. At all druggists. 25c a bottle.

Petra-Hela Co. LOWELL, MASS.

Hay's Hair Health

ACTUALLY, POSITIVELY, INVARIABLY RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO THE COLOR AND VIGOR OF YOUTH

You can't look young if your hair is gray, faded dull and lifeless. Hay's Hair Health will bring back the natural color, just as it was when you were young. Stops dandruff and falling out. Makes the hair bright, silky and full of life and beauty—not a dye—won't color or soil your skin.

51 and 50c. BOTTLES, AT DRUGGISTS. Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Hair." Philadelphia Spec. Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

A. W. DOWS & CO., F. P. MOODY, F. J. CAMPBELL, CARLETON & HOVEY, A. E. MOORE.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1908 was

15,956

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1909. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

PHYSICAL DEFECTS OF CHILDREN.

The Russell Sage Foundation has been conducting investigations in New York schools, bearing upon the progress of school children and the extent to which they are retarded by physical defects and by sickness. The report is of interest to parents as showing what physical evils are to be mainly guarded against. This report cites them, namely, measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, adenoids, difficulty in breathing and inflamed glands. Medical inspection will afford protection against most of these but can never prove thoroughly effective without the cooperation of the parents.

AS TO THE STAGE.

The theatre is now, as it ever was and ever will be, an instrument that may be made a power for good or a power for evil, according as it is used. Whether it is one or the other does not depend upon the effect of a particular play. Were it not for the criticism of the press there would be theatres engaged in dealing out moral poison daily to those who are willing to patronize such places, and the number of those who will attend bad shows is quite as great as the number that will read bad newspapers in search of the sensational and salacious.

It is plain, therefore, that there are good and bad theatres just as there are good and bad shows, and it is only by free criticism and strict supervision that they can be made to subserve the cause of public morals and thereby do good instead of harm.

STATE DEPARTMENT ON ALCOHOLISM.

The report of the American delegates to the International congress on alcoholism, held in London last July, is given out by the state department and is thus given the weight of government endorsement. The report points out the evil effects of alcoholism and intemperance and condemns even moderate drinking as not only injurious but dangerous. It advocates the instruction of the younger generation in the evils and the injury resulting from the use of alcoholic beverages. The report says that increased teaching as to evils of alcoholism should be provided to conserve industrial efficiency in the commercial competition of nations as well as to promote two of the chief objects of government, to wit, public health and morals. It was proposed to have normal schools and universities include such education in their curricula and to urge upon public officials the necessity of restricting the liquor traffic in order to prevent as far as possible its evil effect upon the human race. There is nothing new in the report. It simply states in a mild way what temperance orators have been giving to the public for the past generation.

THE FOOTBALL FATALITIES.

The recent accidents, fatal and otherwise, that have attended the football games at Annapolis, Philadelphia, Utica and elsewhere indicate that the game as at present played between rival teams who are willing to kill each other in their struggle for victory, should be discouraged. It is dangerous in the extreme as appears where the man who happens to be underneath in the pile is liable to have his bones broken or to get a fatal blow on the head.

The death of young Byrne in the Annapolis game, young Burke at Philadelphia and the injury to Earl D. Wilson in which his spine was fractured, together with a similar accident at Utica in which a seventeen-year-old member had his spine fractured, furnish the strongest arguments against the continuance of the game as at present played. The rules of the game should be modified so as to lessen the danger of accidents and prevent the wilful injury of one team by another.

There is a great deal of talk about automobile accidents and the consequences, but these football matches in which the players go in for blood are more dangerous than most of the auto accidents. It is high time that educational institutions should prevent the students from engaging in a game that has developed so many traits of barbarism.

KING EDWARD'S PREDICAMENT.

King Edward of England is alarmed at the prospect of having the House of Lords as at present constituted overthrown. He has endeavored to reach Chancellor Lloyd George, but that official purposely left the country for a time in order not to confer with the king on the matter of a compromise. He also declined to comply with the king's wishes that he should not deliver his Newcastle speech which had the effect of making the situation more acute. The king at the present time has lost hope of effecting a compromise that would save the lords.

While he is not particularly in favor of the House of Lords he does dread any revolutionary change that might wind up by curtailing his own privileges. He frankly states that should the House of Lords be abolished he himself would be about the only hereditary institution remaining.

The lords have determined to reject the budget and let it go to the country for decision. If the people vote to return the liberals to power that fact will be regarded as an endorsement of the liberal policy on financial and other questions, and it will be a mandate to the House of Lords not to meddle with any financial question put forward for the good of the people. It is a rule of the lords that they are not to change or modify a money bill. To do so would be against what is known as the constitution, although there is no written constitution in England. The coming general election in England will probably result in a sweeping victory for the liberals and a severe rebuke for the lords to be followed by a disfranchisement of their political power, and in all probability a provision for the election of peers instead of having them as at present inherit their titles and their privilege of membership in the upper house.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Doesn't the Square look big" is a remark heard frequently since the paving of that locality.

Out door rallies are becoming popular despite the fact that the poor spectator has to put up with the cold while the speakers find it warm enough.

A woman who attended the performance of "The Servant in the House" at the Opera House last evening informed a friend that she hoped that every employment bureau proprietor would witness the performance. Evidently she had been having her troubles with the cook.

Even at this late date the camps in the neighboring country are not yet totally deserted and many people spent Sunday in camp. With a few place going a camp is not such a bad place just at this season of the year.

There's great sparring for tickets to the Harvard-Dartmouth game at Cambridge next Saturday and a large Lowell crowd will be in attendance.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Charles Follen Adams ("Yacobi Straus") has received an invitation to become an "overseas" member of the noted author's club of London. Among the general council of this club appear the names of Alfred Tennyson (poet laureate), Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Anthony Hope Hawkins, H. Rider Haggard, Hall Caine, Pauline Bayton and others. The clubhouse is situated at White Hall court, overlooking the river Thames and in the immediate vicinity of the houses of parliament.

After fifty years' service, Albert L. Tompkins, cashier at the First National bank of Lewiston, Me., has resigned. Mr. Tompkins has held the position of cashier thirty-five years. He will continue his work until Dec. 1, after which he will take a long rest, perhaps traveling, in part.

William Allen Knight of Boston, author of "The Song of Our Syrian Guest," "The Shepherd of Jebel Nur," and other widely known stories, has just completed plans for an extended cruise to the Mediterranean and Orient, leaving in January by the steamship "Arabia" of the White Star line. Dr. Knight's books show such an intimate knowledge of Palestine that his readers will be surprised to learn that this is his first trip to the Orient. He will prepare for publication a series of articles giving his impressions of the Holy Land when he returns. Dr. Knight preached in Fall River before going to Brighton.

Miss Amy P. Ching of China has entered Wellesley college to equip herself to be a teacher in her native land. She is pointed out by her friends as a self-made girl. She reported here while taking a course in the normal school at Honolulu, and from two years work as a teacher she saved enough to take her through Oahu college, from which she was graduated last summer.

Dorando Pieteri, better known as "Dorando," has just been married in Capri to his old sweetheart, Teresa Dendi. The young couple will live in a villa which Dorando has built with the money earned in America, which is said to be a small fortune.

Coincident with the announcement of the coming to this country, of Eupasia Palladino, the famous Neapolitan medium, whose seances have puzzled the wisest scholars of Europe, T. W. Dodge & Company announce the early publication of a complete biography.

Quick Relief

for an upset stomach, hiccoughs, a sick headache, constipated bowels, or a bilious attack is secured by using

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers

Only Direct Service between Boston and Scotland.

Only Direct Service between Boston and North of Ireland.

Only Direct Service from Glasgow.

Spacious accommodations and food.

Latest improvements for comfort and safety.

Second cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway \$40; first class, \$25.00; to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool.

Prepaid steerage \$10 to \$20.25. Entire

Children 12 to 15 years, half fare.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 APPLETON ST.

H. & A. Allan, 110 State St., Boston

FURNITURE MOVING

You may be thinking about moving. If so, just call or telephone to the honest and reliable WILLIAM RIGG, at 10 Prescott St. All orders promptly attended to and handled with the greatest care. The best is the cheapest and there is none better than Rigg's packers. Our specialty is piano moving.

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats from the Lowell Inn, busiest place in Central street.

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ELECTRIC

PICTURES AND TABLE LAMPS

Elegant new line just received.

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CLEAR THE COMPLEXION OVERNIGHT

Pimples, Rash, Eruptions, Etc., Quickly Eradicated by New Skin Remedy

Ever since its discovery, poslam, the new skin remedy, has, in its extraordinary accomplishments, exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the eminent specialists who gave it to the world. It has cured thousands of cases of eczema and eradicated facial and other disfigurements of years' standing. The terrible itching attending eczema is stopped with the first application, giving proof of its curative properties at the very outset.

In less serious skin affections, such as pimples, rash, herpes, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, etc., results show after an overnight application, only a small quantity being required to effect a cure. Those who use poslam for these minor skin troubles should immediately secure one of the special 50-cent packages recently adopted to meet such needs. Both the 50-cent package and the regular \$2 jar may be obtained in Lowell at Falls & Burkinshaw's, Carter & Sherburne's and other leading drug stores.

Samples for experimental purposes may be had free of charge by writing direct to the Emergency Laboratories, 32 West Twenty-fifth street, New York City.

raphy of her by Hereward Carrington, a prominent member of the American Society for Physical Research and the author of a number of important books on psychical phenomena. In "Eupasia Palladino and her Phenomena," Mr. Carrington has dealt exhaustively with her life, a complete summary being given of all the available historic evidence.

COMMUNICATIONS

Lowell Nov. 8, 1909.

Editor Sun, Lowell:

Kindly answer in your paper the following question:

If the first of December should come on Tuesday, what date would the city election be held—the 5th or the 15th? It is argued that the city election is always held the second Tuesday of said month, but it is also claimed that is the second Tuesday after the first Monday of the month.

Interested.

The city election is held on the second Tuesday in December. There is no "second Tuesday after the first Monday" about it. If that were the case why not say the first Tuesday after the second Monday? There is no room for confusion as to the date of the city election. If the first of December should fall on Tuesday the election would be the next Tuesday, which would be Dec. 8. That would be the second Tuesday, December comes in on Wednesday this year and the election will be held Dec. 14, which is the second Tuesday.

MRS. ROOSEVELT CALVARY CHURCH

Informed that Husband is Not Ill

ROME, Nov. 9.—As yet no dispatches have been received by Mrs. Roosevelt from her husband or her son Kermit regarding the report of the ex-President's illness. But following the receipt on Saturday and Sunday of reassuring telegrams from Nairobi, another came to her yesterday from Mr. Newland, of the firm of Newland & Tarlton, saying:

"The report of Col. Roosevelt's sickness is an absolute lie. I am unable to communicate with Mr. Roosevelt immediately, as he is away from civilization, but have sent runners, both of whom are absolutely fit."

Mrs. Roosevelt and her daughter, Miss Ethel, will leave here Wednesday for Naples, and according to their present intentions they will take the steamer sailing on Friday for the United States.

STOPS DIARRHOEA

Pains, Aches and Stomach Distress Vanish when Neuralgic Anodyne is Taken

Only twenty-five cents a bottle, and for sale everywhere. And still there are people who are attacked in the night with diarrhoea and suffer all the torments imaginable, through long painful hours, just because they were careless enough not to have a bottle of Neuralgic Anodyne on hand.

Keep this fact everlastingly before you. There is nothing better on earth for dysentery, cramps, colic or painful stomach distress than a few drops of Neuralgic Anodyne taken internally.

And for rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sore chest, headache, bruises, sprains and aches, thousands swear by it. It's a liniment par excellence, good for man or beast. Made by The Twitlock Champlin Co., Portland, Me. 25 cents.

EVERYBODY

Borrows

Money

THE NATIONAL

LOAN CO.

Enables all honest men and women to borrow for their needs at lowest rates and on the easiest terms of payment.

IF SHORT OF MONEY, CALL

WRITE OR PHONE

National Loan

Company

40 CENTRAL ST

Mark's Bldg. Phone 1031

NEW MAIL FLYER

Proved To Be a Great Success

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—For thirty-five days the fastest long distance train in the world, from St. Paul to Seattle in forty-eight hours, has made good. James J. Hill's new departure is a success and the Great Northern railway reports that the new mail flyer has not only maintained its exceptionally fast schedule but has shown an actual performance averaging a half-hour less than the schedule since it was placed in operation.

The distance is 1828 miles and to maintain the schedule the train must make for the entire distance an average speed of a fraction less than 40 miles an hour without allowing for loss of time through coal and water stops. This means that over long stretches of track it must take sixty miles an hour to compensate for less speed on mountain grades, and for loss of time through unavoidable stops at tanks and coaling stations. Without the most careful and precise handling the train could not maintain its time, which is fixed and unalterable.

It is a five car train for mail only. Over the prairies of western Minnesota it has already won the name of the fastest thing on wheels and North Dakotans say that in their state it runs like a scared cat. Before completing its long journey it must mount the long climb to the summit of the Rockies at Belton, Mont., and after dropping down into the valleys it must make a second climb to the great tunnel which pierces the Cascades before gaining the slope to tide-water.

The schedule maintained by the new train is three hours shorter than that of the Harriman lines between Omaha and San Francisco although the distance is about the same.

The government will weight the mails in this district for three months, beginning in February, to determine the compensation for the new service, and the figure thus determined upon will govern during the coming four years. It was to get this contract with the postal department that the new Great Northern service was established.

The establishment of the new service makes St. Paul the gateway to all the western states, to Alaska and the ports of the Orient for all mail originating in eastern territory north of the Ohio river and east of the Mississippi. The new mail train leaves St. Paul in the early morning after the arrival of incoming mail trains from Chicago, which make heavy deliveries at this station of matter for the far west and the Orient.

HORSE RAN AWAY

Leo Molloy Thrown Out and Hurt

A horse attached to the ambulance of Undertakers Charles H. Molloy & Sons became frightened at an automobile in Thorndike street near the Lowell jail this morning and ran away. Richard Welch, one of the occupants, jumped from the wagon and escaped injury, but Leo Molloy, one of the members of the firm, stayed in the vehicle until he was thrown out at the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets.

Mr. Molloy was badly cut and scratched and may have suffered internal injuries.

Messrs. Molloy and Welch were passing through Thorndike street when the explosions from a passing auto frightened the horse, causing the animal to dash forward at a furious rate of speed.

The driver attempted to bring the horse to a stop by tugging on the reins and had nearly succeeded in getting the animal under control when one of the reins snapped. When the horse felt its head free it increased its speed. Mr. Welch jumped from the seat, while Mr. Molloy made a vain attempt to stop the speed of the horse.

The animal went down the hill leading towards Middlesex street with the heavy wagon, to which it was attached, swinging from side to side. Fortunately there were no vehicles in the path of the runaway.

When the horse approached the corner of Dutton and Fletcher streets, instead of turning the corner, it crashed through a fence near the railroad crossing and threw Mr. Molloy from his seat to the ground.

Mr. Molloy was picked up and taken to his place in Market street and later to his home in Bridge street. At the time of going to press it was stated that he had escaped injury with the exception of a few scratches and bruises.

Dr. John H. Donovan

Has moved to Wyman's Exchange.

Rooms 109-110, 4th Cor. Take

elevator.

A Good Mixer

Is the man who corrals the votes. One who won't mix had better stay indoors out of the wet. Perhaps he's best off at that. But speaking of MIXERS, a prominent Lowell man has been telling us of splendid results he gets by burning a mixture of COKE and Coal. His practice is to burn coal alone only during the severest weather, in fact only when he forces his fire. At all other times he uses a mixture of OUR COKE and Coal. He says he gets a fire easier to control, one that wastes less fuel, and he never loses his fire during spells of mild weather. He says it's part of the problem of how to heat the house. The logic of all this is not difficult to understand. We shall be glad to mix with any individual who wishes to mix such a mixture. The COKE end of this mixture.

COSTS \$4.75

PER CHALDRON

Experimental Bags Sold for Ten Cents

Lowell Gas Light Co.

FEDERATION OF LABOR

Will Stand by Gompers and the Other Labor Leaders

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 9.—That the American Federation of Labor intends to stand by President Samuel Gompers and his fellow officers, Vice President

John Mitchell and Secretary Frank Morrison, in their fight to evade the jail sentence imposed for contempt of court, in the Buck Slave & Range Co. case, was indicated yesterday by the attitude of the delegates at the 29th annual convention. It is apparent that the committee on the president's report will recommend that the case be carried to the United States supreme court, at least this is the expressed opinion of many of the delegates.

The delegates vigorously applauded salient points in Mr. Gompers' report, summarizing the case. His statement that he and his colleagues should have been tried by a jury "rather than subjected to caprice of a judge, who solely determines the sufficiency of the charge, the guilt of the defendant, and who imposes punishment as his whim may prompt," struck a quickly responsive chord.

Mr. Gompers in his report, which took three hours to deliver, discussed a wide range of labor issues, including a report of his recent investigation of labor conditions abroad. This report and those of Secretary Morrison and Treasurer John Lennon, which followed, showed that organized labor has made substantial gains in the past year and that the funds of the federation are at a high tide with a balance of \$165,300 in the treasury.

The convention's attitude toward the factional strife among the members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers was shown yesterday, when the credential committee reported in favor of the faction headed by E. J. McNulty, and declined to seat James J. Reid of the Erie (Pa.) Central Labor union, president of the "insurgents," and other delegates from

organizations in Ohio, California, Alabama and Michigan, whose charters had been revoked by the federation.

Thomas J. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, objected to the adoption of the committee's report as a whole, and it was at his suggestion that the delegates against whom there was no protest were seated.

The convention took up the other disputes for separate action. President Gompers ruled that only organizations in good standing were entitled to representation in the convention and it did not take the delegates long to vote against seating representatives from organizations whose charters were taken away for admitting members of the electrical workers.

James P. Egan of Toledo representing the Ohio Federation of Labor, one of the rejected delegates, tried to address the convention, but President Gompers' gavel came down with a bang, as he declared that "Mr. Egan has no seat in this convention."

It is predicted that the dissatisfied electrical workers will eventually air their grievances on the floor of the convention. The greater part of today's session probably will be devoted to the report of the executive council and the various committee appointments will be read.

DEATHS

FERNALD—Mrs. Viola H. Fernald of Mountain View, N. H., died suddenly last night at the home of her sister, Mrs. Harry P. Cady of Tyngsboro, whom she was visiting. She leaves her husband, John W. Fernald.

HESLIN—James Henry Heslin died yesterday at the home of his parents, John and Mary, 25 Rogers street, aged eight months.



That uneasy feeling—

that dull depression, that dragged out, spiritless condition—it's biliousness. Take Schenck's Maudsley Pills and see how different you'll feel. Recognized 13 years as a specific for all stomach and liver ailments, biliousness, constipation, sick headache, giddiness, heartburn, flatulence, jaundice. Wholly vegetable—absolutely harmless—plain or sugar coated—25c. Sold everywhere. Send a postal for our free book, and learn to prescribe for yourself.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

HORNE COAL CO.

Moved to

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

The Uptown Hardware Store

M. F. Gookin Company,
33 Market St., Lowell.

talk on the subject of next season's plans the necessary papers were signed

Seattle, less than two years

also, of their diseases.

THE OPTOMA PATENTED 1904

TEST OF NEW RULE

Was Made in the Princeton-Dartmouth Game

The Princeton-Dartmouth game did more than anything else this season to show that the readjustment of the relative value of a goal from the field and a touchdown is a more equitable measure of their worth than was the case last year. Had a goal from the field been worth as much as last season the victory would have been Princeton's; but here is one case in which two goals from the field were exactly offset by a touchdown and its goal, which doubtless was the idea of the rules committee in reducing the value of a field goal to three points. Dartmouth's ability to block a kick and follow up the play with a touchdown was a fair counterbalance to the amount of work done by Princeton in getting near enough to Dartmouth's goal a couple of times to lift the ball over.

From the time the Hanoverians made their touchdown in the close of the game, and that period was all but a few moments of the second half, the Tigers outplayed Dartmouth, but their superiority in that time was not up to earning any points for them and could not be considered as having any bearing on what the two teams were entitled to from the play that had gone before. True, the blocked kick did not represent any rushing strength by Dartmouth sufficient to keep going for any length of time, but to balance this expensive Princeton error was the fumbled punt by Brady of Dartmouth that put Princeton in position for the first drop kick.

The Princeton undergraduate body was a very much discouraged community after the game. Cheer up! Cunningham's trained toe is an asset not to be despised. There may be more field goals left in it to clear the crossbar at New Haven. Besides, Princeton didn't do as well against Dartmouth last year, and yet put up a most valiant battle against Yale after a discouraging season. Again, Dartmouth is no soft picking for any team. Again, again, the Princeton team, except that it hasn't as clever a man in the backfield as Tibbitts, is as good as last year and looks like one which could come faster in the final week. It will have to come faster and further, since Yale is stronger than in 1908 and certainly going along more smoothly than it was a week before the Princeton game last year, although there was here and there dissenting opinion, more or less expert, to the effect that Yale's line against Brown was "rotten." It was sufficiently sound for the immediate occasion, anyway.

There was a good change in the Princeton game last Saturday, and one which often spread its wings when it was on their own plays. The charge was even along the line too. The line played a better game on the defense than on offense, and it is in the latter regard that Princeton needs most tuning up. Another good point in Princeton's game was the hard and sure tackling.

What the Tigers need and need a lot is better handling of the ball, and that, by the way, was a glaring fault in Harvard's play against Cornell. The Tigers weren't any too sure on punts or on kicking, and when they did kick, they were tossing around loose. They followed it, but did not squeeze it. There was loose handling in taking the ball in scrimmages, but the back was less to blame for that than the passer, for several times the back was handicapped by a pass in which the ball took a lofty, curving course like a modified punt. The pass to McCormick when the kick was blocked took a slow tumbling sort of a course, as if there were contrary force at work like a drav shot in billiards.

Maybe it is significant that Princeton didn't show much at the outside kick. That is a pet Princeton play and every year has been sprung on Yale in a way to bother the Blue. Its non-use last Saturday may mean that it is being kept up the sleeve for Yale. The play was a pass, of course, using the forward pass was different when it was with which Nassau has been most successful. The plan of having the passer run five yards to the side before throwing is one which has been worked well by other colleges, but Princeton's best forward pass has been the short oblique throw from directly behind the line and out toward the ends. Whether the timing of the throw was bad last Saturday or what, for the reason, Dartmouth repeatedly got near enough to the catcher to bump him out of the way and allow the ball to reach the ground.

A straight plunge was one of Princeton's best plays for some time. Hart taking the ball in most of these and when he didn't, backing up the runner and helping him along. The runner was hard to get at, the interference was hard to get at and there posing forces when the attack and defense met. As Dartmouth's goal line drew close the play was not as free and strong as farther up the field, seemed to tangle up and congest. Maybe the sameness of the rushing enabled Dartmouth to stave it off. The plays weren't the same to run anybody. The straight plunge, the oblique throw toward the end and the forward pass came in too regular order. Either Princeton didn't have an attack for the final yards or it was kept effectively concealed from the scouts.

If Read had played through the game it is probable Princeton would have made more ground, he being the best at the landing runs that take a quick turn in after shooting toward the end. He has more of the speed needed for a play of that sort than any of the backs showed after he left the game. The tendency to the back to run parallel with the line on this play instead of edging in and having less of a turn to make didn't improve it any. In the matter of speed the Princeton backs didn't get started or go into the line with anything like the speed of the Harvard backs at West Point, the Harvard men getting into their stride in the rushing here this season except Philbin. Apropos of Read being out of the game it should not be overlooked that Dartmouth lost two of her best men, too, Shierwin and Ingersoll.

In the game against Brown Yale pro-

duced some more of the good interference for running back punts that was seen in her earlier games. Yale has done that better than any of them so far. Yet the Brown players are by no means unanimous in declaring that Yale has anything on Harvard in general strength. They are about evenly divided in their estimates of the two elevens.

Yale opened out with some real and sustained rushing tactics last Saturday and, although not carrying the ball as far at a stretch as Harvard did against Cornell, always had the steam to carry it the needed distance to the goal line. In spite of a lot of ragged play Harvard's attack against Cornell was very powerful. Given two teams of equal or almost equal strength in that line the side that has been so drilled that it can grab off from twenty to forty yards at one fell swoop by some sort of open play will have the advantage of expending less energy to get past the other fellows. Ergo, it will have more strength to work on when it does desire to buckle down to rushing.

The Quakers' decisive victory over the Indians led to the belief that the former would trounce Lafayette handsomely, a process of reasoning which evidently was based on a weak foundation. The Indians weren't so hard to beat, but one always is carried away by immediate happenings. Underestimating of Lafayette, however, was the main law in the reasoning. In the light of the Pennsylvania game the Eastonians are entitled to more credit for the Princeton victory than they generally received. If they don't get a setback they'll have to be considered carefully in placing the leading teams at the finish.

West Point is through with football for the year and no captain will be elected by the Army players until next fall. There's a new rule in effect at West Point in regard to the captain. Instead of being chosen at the end of the season he is not to be elected until the next season is fairly under way. Under this system there won't be danger of electing a captain who can't make good as a player and it will be a question of merit strictly, without friendship having any influence.

A JOLLY CROWD

At the Opening of St. Anthony's Bazaar

The bazaar in aid of St. Anthony's church was opened most auspiciously last evening in Lincoln hall with a large and merry attendance. The five gaily decorated and well laden booths were liberally patronized during the evening. The hall was decorated in the National and Portuguese colors. The Colonial orchestra furnished a most pleasing musical program. Rev. Fr. Rosa and his assistant, Rev. Fr. Perot were present during the evening. On Wednesday evening the exhibition and prize drills of the Portuguese companies will be held. Officers of the high school regiment have consented to act as ushers on that occasion.

Those in charge of the various tables are as follows: St. Anthony's table, Mrs. Maria Vieira, Mrs. Isabel Aquilar, Mrs. Violante S. Netto, Miss Adelaide Simas; Blessed Virgin's table, Miss Ignor R. Soares, Miss Maria A. Picanço, Mrs. Marianna Mogalhas; sales table, Mrs. Emilio Boti, Mrs. Wilkins, Mrs. Hattie Sheehan, Mrs. Mabel Dimodana Perry; refreshment table, Mrs. Maria Vice, Mrs. Isabel Soares, Miss Angellina Custodia, Miss Hermengarda Santos, Miss Ignor C. Dias, Mr. Francisco Silva; fishing pond, M. P. Mello, J. E. Aquilar; variety store, John L. Vieira, Jacinto B. Ponte.

PRESIDENT TAFT

Congratulates King on His Birthday

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—This being the 68th anniversary of the birth of King Edward VII, President Taft today sent him the following congratulatory telegram:

His majesty, King Edward VII, Sandringham.

"I warmly congratulate your majesty on your happy completion of another year and wish for you all health and happiness in years to come."

"(Signed) W. H. Taft."

Miss Edith M. Heane of 24 Columbus avenue has completed the full course at the Lowell General hospital training school for nurses.

THE SUN

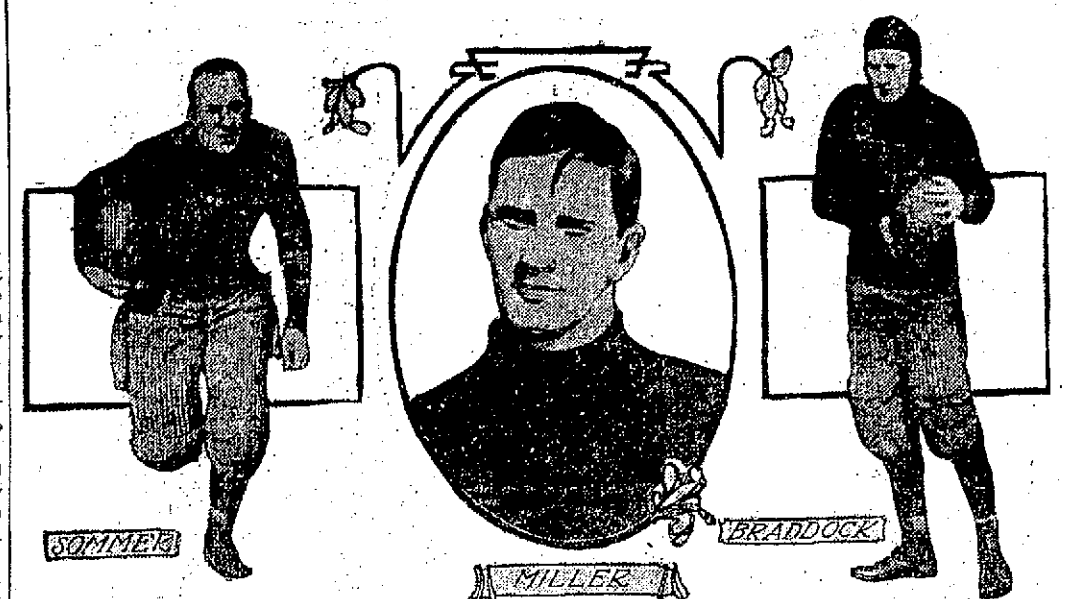
Is On Sale

At Both News Stands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

STARS OF THE MICHIGAN AND PENNSYLVANIA FOOTBALL TEAMS



PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 9.—Despite the fact that Michigan met defeat at the hands of Notre Dame recently, the followers of the Wolverines are confident that their favorites will defeat Pennsylvania when the two teams clash on Franklin field, Philadelphia, Nov. 13. The only apparent effect the defeat at the hands of Notre Dame has had on the Michigan eleven is to rid the Wolverines of whatever tendency they may have had toward over-confidence caused by the case with which Syracuse was mauled. The team, with the exception of Burlesque, who is out for the season with a broken collarbone, came out of the contest in good shape, and the Wolverines will present practically their full strength against Pennsylvania. Either Edmunds or Bertrand will replace Burlesque at end,

Casey, having announced that he would play the remainder of the season, thereby settling the uncertainty as to the occupant of left tackle. The overwhelming defeat inflicted by Michigan upon Syracuse recently has given the football critics much food for reflection. The question arises whether the east will uphold its ancient prestige when the teams meet in the annual combat. The west will be well represented by one of the best balanced teams that have ever been turned out by the famous Ann Arbor institution. In the Syracuse game the western aggregation showed a varied attack, combining the best elements of the new and old games. Pennsylvania after a severe slump suddenly came to life against the Indians under the leadership of Captain Miller, who was reinstated as

quarterback. His generalship was the best that has been displayed on the Penn field this year. The Pennsylvania line is one of the best balanced in the country and should take care of the western eleven's forwards. The probable lineup of the two elevens is as follows: Penn—Braddock, left end; Metz, left tackle; Dietrich, left guard; Cozans, center; Lamberton, right guard; Ferrier, right tackle; Lunge, right end; Miller (captain), quarterback; Young, left halfback; Hellman, right halfback; Scott, fullback. Michigan—Ranney, left end; Casey, left tackle; Deubrook, left guard; Watkins, center; Conklin, right guard; Wells, right tackle; Miller, right end; Wasmond, quarterback; Magdison, left halfback; Alldice (captain), right halfback; Lawton, fullback.

THE BELVIDERES

Defeated the Knights of Equity

The Belvideres of the Catholic league gave the Knights of Equity an account of the game last night, winning by over 100 points and taking all four points. J. Martin of the winning team was high man with a triple of 306. The score:

Belvideres	1	2	3	T
Marren	93	87	91	282
Doyle	113	87	84	284
L. Martin	105	101	95	301
Clark	91	89	105	285
Vice	80	83	81	244
Totals	492	463	470	1425

K. of E.	1	2	3	T
Boyle	89	91	97	277
Shughnessy	87	87	85	259
Evans	82	105	88	275
Carney	71	82	86	239
Jennings	88	96	79	263
Totals	406	461	435	1302

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Court Mid-diesex, Foresters of America, was held last night. Chief Ranger James J. Dunn in the chair. Two applications for membership were received and referred to a committee. The court voted to celebrate its 26th anniversary by holding a banquet at Forester's hall on January 11. The card team challenges any court to a card game at any time. They have yet to be defeated. The court is in a prosperous condition financially and in point of membership.

Interesting remarks on court affairs were made by Chief Ranger J. J. Dunn and Bros. J. J. Magee, P. F. Kennedy, J. Kenefick, F. Bulek, J. W. Downing and others.

The annual inspection of Ludd and Whitney circles, Ladies of the G. A. R., was held last night in G. A. R. hall in Central street with a large attendance. There were many visitors from other circles, and Mrs. Emma Pierce of Springfield was the inspecting officer. Supper was served previous to the meeting, under the direction of Miss Blanche Morris.

THE BIG GAME

Lowell and Lawrence to Meet Saturday

The greatest football game of the season in this city and one which the local enthusiasts have looked forward to with considerable interest will be that between the Lowell and Lawrence high school teams at Spalding park, Saturday afternoon. That the game will be exciting goes without saying for the Lawrence aggregation has a crackjack team and will come to this city with hundreds of rosters to cheer it on with the hope of being victorious.

But on the other hand the local team has shown up well during the present season, in fact the high school team of today is as fast if not the fastest team that ever represented the school. A celebration in honor of the team is being planned for Friday night previous to the game, the supporters of the team and the high school students planning to turn out in a torchlight procession headed by the high school drum corps, which will be on duty Saturday afternoon to help the cheering.

Nearly a thousand tickets have been disposed of, and in Lawrence a large number have been sold. Special cars will be run from Sackettville, and it looks like the biggest football game ever held in the city.

TEXTILE SCHOOL GAME
The inter-class football game, between the freshmen and sophomores, which will be held Wednesday afternoon on the Textile school campus promises to be a good one. This will be the first game of its kind in the history of the school and there is considerable enthusiasm being displayed. The game will be called at three o'clock.

Bright, Sears & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS

Wyman's Exchange

SECOND FLOOR

BIG FOUR CASE

Police Officers Continue Their Investigation

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The police of New York, Chicago and Cincinnati are vigorously investigating the alleged connection of Edward S. Cooke, a former Big Four railroad clerk, with the defalcations charged to Charles L. Warriner, a Cincinnati official of that company. The name of a Mrs. Stewart



or Mrs. Ford is prominently connected with the case. It has been alleged that Cooke and Mrs. Ford were associated while Cooke was in the company's service under Warriner and that the latter discharged Cooke when he heard that Mrs. Cooke and Mrs. Ford had engaged in a fight in a Cincinnati hotel. Charges of extortion and blackmail have been made in the case, and the police are looking for Cooke and Mrs. Ford.

OUTLAW CIRCUIT McFARLAND WON

Admitted to the Baseball Association.

Got the Decision Over Johnny Thompson

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Plans for the admission of the California State league, an outlaw circuit, to the National Association of Minor leagues, was the result of the first day's session of the National board of arbitration yesterday. The board spent the entire day discussing the terms under which the Californians would be admitted into the fold of organized baseball.

J. H. Farrell, secretary of the National Association, and Frank Herrmann, president of the California State league, were appointed to draw up the agreement under which the new league is to be admitted. This agreement will be submitted to the National board, and, if approved by that body, it will then go before the entire National Association for final action, probably today.

J. Cule Wing, president of the Pacific Coast league, and Mr. Herrmann held a conference before the question went before the National board. It was decided that the new league would share three cities with the Pacific Coast organization. Non-conflicting schedules will be arranged and San Francisco, Oakland and Sacramento will have two teams each as a concession to get the Californians in the fold. This agreement was approved by the board.

Stockton, Fresno and probably San Jose will be the other cities to make up the six-club circuit of the California state league.

The title to 61 players who are under contract to, or on the reserve lists of some national agreement club, and went with the California State league while it was an outlaw organization, will be decided in. Of these players, now in the new admitted league, Brooklyn has a hold on Pitcher Stricklet of San Jose and Third Baseman Sheehan of Oakland; Pittsburgh has a reserve claim on First Baseman Nealon of Oakland, and the New York Nationals want First Baseman Pryl of Stockton.

It was decided that contract jumpers must remain in the California State league for four years, while those who have taken their reserve clauses must remain for two years. Should any of these players be sold or drafted during the four year period, one-half the money will go to the California State league and the other half to the National Association. The minimum purchase price in these cases must equal the drafting price.

The new league will be admitted to Class B.

EXPLORER COOK

Makes Reply to Rear Admiral Chester

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Although he announced early in the evening that he had retired to a quiet place "away from New York," Dr. Frederick A. Cook caused to be issued through a friend last night, a statement in answer to Rear Admiral Chester of the National Geographic Society, who discredited the Brooklyn explorer's claims in an interview at Washington. In answer Dr. Cook says:

"This is the unbiased gentleman who displayed such anxiety to pass upon my records and who now desires to go to Copenhagen as an unprejudiced witness. Do the American people wonder that I have kept my promise to the scientists of Denmark?"

"The only point raised by Admiral Chester is the suggestion of erroneous location by the midnight sun. We did not see the sun at night for nautical observations. Nor did we stay awake all night to watch effects.

"The original date which I will send to Copenhagen on November 25 by a special messenger who will take passage on the steamer United States will be accompanied by an analysis which I am now preparing and which, I hope, make it unnecessary for me to attend before the University of Copenhagen to explain such questions which may arise upon the original record of my observations.

"I have secured original field notes and my instruments when I recover them, will, of course, be available for examination by the National Geographic society upon the condition that Commander Peary agrees to submit his original data and instruments for examination at the University of Copenhagen."

COL. DONOVAN

HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE RETIRED LIST

Col. William H. Donovan, of Lawrence, who has commanded the Ninth Infantry, M. V. M., since 1899, has been placed on the retired list. On the order Gov. Draper, commander-in-chief, takes opportunity of expressing his appreciation of the long and honorable service of Col. Donovan for the period of 38 years, during which he has served the commonwealth in peace and in war, the highest evidence of his patriotic devotion to the state and nation.

Col. Donovan joined the militia in Co. I, 6th Infantry, in 1871. He went to Cuba with the 9th regiment in 1898, commanding one of the battalions of the regiment as major and was later—following the death of Col. Logan and the promotion of Lieut.-Col. Logan to the command of the regiment—appointed lieutenant-colonel.

BADLY INJURED

FRANCIS McDONALD RUN OVER BY MILK WAGON

Francis McDonald, aged six years, child of John McDonald, of Crawford street, was run over by a milk wagon at the corner of Moody and Riverside streets, Saturday night about six o'clock, and injured so badly that yesterday afternoon it was necessary to take him to the hospital and have an operation performed.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 9.—Packer McFarland, the idol of the Chicago stock yards district, was given the decision over "Cyclone Johnny" Thompson of Sycamore, Ill., in a fast 10 round fight here last night.

The bout was one between a scintillating boxer who was able to hit and get away, and a man whose main asset is slugging and who could not get near enough to his shifty opponent to land. In but one round, the second, was Thompson able to send home enough telling blows to make it appear that his strength would carry the fight home to him. But with Packer hanging on and making the most of his wonderful foot work, the "Cyclone" could not chittle him. After that round there was no doubt as to the outcome, although Thompson rallied in the last three rounds and did some good work.

A shout of approval went up when at the end of the 10th round the referee raised Packer's right hand, signifying that he had won.

A few of Thompson's friends clamored for a draw, but the decision was popular in the main.

BART CONNOLLY DEFEATED

NEWCASTLE, Eng., Nov. 9.—Bart Connolly, an American fighter, was defeated in a 20 round contest here last night by Tom Lancaster of Spennymore.

DIAMOND NOTES

President Johnson of the American league apparently has put the quietus on any deal that may involve the release of Catcher Kling by the Chicago Cubs. Johnson has just announced that Kling cannot play ball again for three years because of his refusal to sign contract last spring and for the additional reason that he has since played against an outlaw team. Johnson is a member of the national commission, which by only a unanimous vote can reinstate Kling. From this it is clear that Charles Webb Murphy cannot trade or sell Kling at the same time as delivering the goods, unless he first secures permission from the national commission. As Johnson is opposed to Murphyism in baseball affairs it is generally believed that Kling cannot play again unless a powerful game of politics is played in his behalf.

The scheme to beat John A. Heydier out of the presidency of the National league is receiving hot criticism in all the major league cities. Heydier's honesty and sportsmanship are so well known that the attempt to sidetrack him is widely condemned. Heydier had the nerve to enforce the rules against rowdy ball last summer and also voted with the other members of the national commission to fine a certain magnate for tampering with minor league players. Because of this firm policy Heydier finds that several club owners in the National league are working against his re-election. If New York, Pittsburgh, Boston, Philadelphia and St. Louis stand together, however, the attempt to down Heydier cannot succeed.

INTERCOLLEGIATE HOCKEY

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the Intercollegiate Hockey league, held last night at the St. Nicholas rink, Cornell was admitted to membership.

The following schedule of games to be played this winter was agreed on:

- Jan. 6, Princeton vs. Columbia at New York.
- Jan. 8, Cornell vs. Harvard at New York.
- Jan. 12, Columbia vs. Harvard at Cambridge.
- Jan. 12, Dartmouth vs. Princeton at Boston.
- Jan. 15, Princeton vs. Harvard at New York.
- Jan. 20, Dartmouth vs. Columbia at Boston.
- Jan. 22, Princeton vs. Cornell at New York.
- Jan. 22, Dartmouth vs. Yale at Boston.
- Jan. 25, Yale vs. Princeton at New York.
- Feb. 5, Yale vs. Cornell at New York.
- Feb. 9, Dartmouth vs. Cornell at Boston.
- Feb. 10, Yale vs. Columbia at New York.
- Feb. 12, Dartmouth vs. Harvard at Boston.
- Feb. 19, Columbia vs. Cornell at New York.
- Feb. 19, Yale vs. Harvard at Boston.

HARVARD-YALE OFFICIALS

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—The Yale football management announced last night that three of the four officials for the game with Harvard at Cambridge on the 20th had been decided upon, but that after four conferences the umpire had not been selected.

The officials selected are: Referee, Will L. Langford, Trinity. Field judge, J. Pendleton, Bowdoin. Headlinesman, E. K. Hall, Dartmouth.

NEW AUTO RECORDS

LONDON, Nov. 9.—At the Brooklands track yesterday, August E. Hanry, the French automobilist, made new records for half mile, with flying start, driving at the rate of 127 miles an hour, and for the kilometre with flying start, running at the rate of 126 miles an hour.

WON 12 MILE RACE

PITTSBURG, Nov. 9.—Percy Smallwood won a 12-mile running race at Duquesne Gardens last night from Hugh Bruce of Pittsburg, for the middle distance championship of the world. The time was 1:07.45, Smallwood winning by 1 1/2 laps on a track that measured 8 5/8 laps to the mile.

GOV. HASKELL

TALKS OF THE JEFFRIES-JOHNSON BOUT

GUTHRIE, Okla., Nov. 9.—Asked yesterday whether he would permit the contest between James J. Jeffries and Jack Johnson, to be held in Oklahoma, Governor Haskell said that he did "not know just what the enactments of Oklahoma covered in this regard, but one thing is certain, the laws will be enforced as long as I am governor."

FORTUNES MADE IN WHEAT

\$10 buys options on 10,000 bu. of wheat. No further risk. Each movement from option price makes you \$100. No fee. No risk. Write for free circulars. COLONIAL STOCK & GRAIN CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.			WESTERN DIV.		
To Boston	From Boston	Arr.	To Boston	From Boston	Arr.
6:46	6:50	7:18	6:46	6:50	7:18
6:57	7:01	7:29	6:57	7:01	7:29
7:08	7:12	7:40	7:08	7:12	7:40
7:19	7:23	7:51	7:19	7:23	7:51
7:30	7:34	8:02	7:30	7:34	8:02
7:41	7:45	8:13	7:41	7:45	8:13
7:52	7:56	8:24	7:52	7:56	8:24
8:03	8:07	8:35	8:03	8:07	8:35
8:14	8:18	8:46	8:14	8:18	8:46
8:25	8:29	8:57	8:25	8:29	8:57
8:36	8:40	9:08	8:36	8:40	9:08
8:47	8:51	9:19	8:47	8:51	9:19
8:58	9:02	9:30	8:58	9:02	9:30
9:09	9:13	9:41	9:09	9:13	9:41
9:20	9:24	9:52	9:20	9:24	9:52
9:31	9:35	10:03	9:31	9:35	10:03
9:42	9:46	10:14	9:42	9:46	10:14
9:53	9:57	10:25	9:53	9:57	10:25
10:04	10:08	10:36	10:04	10:08	10:36
10:15	10:19	10:47	10:15	10:19	10:47
10:26	10:30	10:58	10:26	10:30	10:58
10:37	10:41	11:09	10:37	10:41	11:09
10:48	10:52	11:20	10:48	10:52	11:20
10:59	11:03	11:31	10:59	11:03	11:31
11:10	11:14	11:42	11:10	11:14	11:42
11:21	11:25	11:53	11:21	11:25	11:53
11:32	11:36	12:04	11:32	11:36	12:04
11:43	11:47	12:15	11:43	11:47	12:15
11:54	11:58	12:26	11:54	11:58	12:26
12:05	12:09	12:37	12:05	12:09	12:37
12:16	12:20	12:48	12:16	12:20	12:48
12:27	12:31	12:59	12:27	12:31	12:59
12:38	12:42	13:10	12:38	12:42	13:10
12:49	12:53	13:21	12:49	12:53	13:21
12:50	12:54	13:32	12:50	12:54	13:32
13:01	13:05	13:43	13:01	13:05	13:43
13:12	13:16	13:54	13:12	13:16	13:54
13:23	13:27	14:05	13:23	13:27	14:05
13:34	13:38	14:16	13:34	13:38	14:16
13:45	13:49	14:27	13:45	13:49	14:27
13:56	14:00	14:38	13:56	14:00	14:38
14:07	14:11	14:49	14:07	14:11	14:49
14:18	14:22	15:00	14:18	14:22	15:00
14:29	14:33	15:11	14:29	14:33	15:11
14:40	14:44	15:22	14:40	14:44	15:22
14:51	14:55	15:33	14:51	14:55	15:33
15:02	15:06	15:44	15:02	15:06	15:44
15:13	15:17	15:55	15:13	15:17	15:55
15:24	15:28	16:06	15:24	15:28	16:06
15:35	15:39	16:17	15:35	15:39	16:17
15:46	15:50	16:28	15:46	15:50	16:28
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17:03	17:07	17:45	17:03	17:07	17:45
17:14	17:18	17:56	17:14	17:18	17:56
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18:20	18:24	19:02	18:20	18:24	19:02
18:31	18:35	19:13	18:31	18:35	19:13
18:42	18:46	19:24	18:42	18:46	19:24
18:53	18:57	19:35	18:53	18:57	19:35
19:04	19:08	19:46	19:04	19:08	19:46
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39:58	40:02	39:56	39:58	40:02	39:56
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40:20	40:24	40:18	40:20	40:	